## PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT REPORT **North Main Street Las Cruces** CERCLIS ID # NMN000606911 DOÑA ANA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

September 2008



**New Mexico Environment Department Ground Water Quality Bureau Superfund Oversight Section** 



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#### 1.0 Introduction

Under the authority of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), as amended, 42 United States Code (U.S.C.) §§ 9601 to 9675 (CERCLA), the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) Superfund Oversight Section (SOS) conducted a Preliminary Site Assessment (PA) of the North Main Street Las Cruces Site (the Site) in Doña Ana County, Las Cruces, New Mexico. CERCLIS ID # NMN000606911.

The objective of the PA is to evaluate the Site using the Hazard Ranking System (HRS) (Ref. 1) and the Superfund Chemical Data Matrix (SCDM) (Ref. 2) to determine if a threat to human health and the environment exists such that further action under CERCLA is warranted.

### 2.0 Site Information

## 2.1 Location and Description

The Site is characterized as a contaminated ground water plume with no identified source(s) in central Las Cruces, three miles west of Interstate 25. The area of ground water contamination is located between 1800-1900 North Main Street, Las Cruces, New Mexico. The Site is located at approximate latitude 32°19'31.86" and approximate longitude 106°46'56.98" (Figure 1).

The Site is located in a light industrial area with residential homes approximately 0.1 miles to the west northwest and southwest (Figure 1). Interstate 25 is approximately 1.25 miles east of the Site.

The climate of the area is arid. Average total annual precipitation between 1959 and 2005 was 9.23 inches. Temperatures for this period ranged from a lows of 28.1°F to a highs of 94.9° F. Precipitation is highest between July and September while temperature highs are from June to August (Ref. 3).

## 2.2 Operational History and Ownership

The Site is characterized as a ground water plume of chlorinated and aromatic hydrocarbon compounds with no identified source(s). Operational history and ownership investigations focused on Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) sites and dry cleaners in the area.

#### **Leaking Underground Storage Tank Sites**

There are 29 Underground Storage Tanks (UST) sites within a one mile radius and 85 UST sites within a four mile radius of the Site (Ref. 4). Three of these UST sites are located between 1800 and 1900 North Main Street. Tetrachloethene (PCE), and styrene detected in ground water samples at these sites are the basis for this investigation.

PCE was detected commingling with a gasoline plume in monitoring wells installed to investigate the Midtown Chevron leaking underground storage tank (LUST) site (Release ID #3515). The address, 750 South Main Street, lies at 32° 18' 12.1" north latitude, 106° 46' 40.7" west longitude. Based on relative contaminant concentrations in various wells, the two plumes appear to have separate sources. The gasoline plume is bounded by a monitoring well network designed for the purpose of monitoring the gasoline plume, whereas the PCE plume is not. A sample collected from a temporary well installed in 2004 for a Phase I and limited Phase II Environmental Site Assessment at the Loretto Towne Centre, 505 S. Main Street, also contained PCE (Ref. 11).

#### **LUST Sites**

There are three LUST sites located between 1800-1900 North Main Street, Las Cruces, New Mexico. The three sites are Scotts Auto Sales located at 1835 North Main Street, Las Cruces NM, facility ID 30518. This site was reported to PSTB on July 27, 1995. The second LUST site is North Main Self Serve located at 1875 North Main Street, Las Cruces, New Mexico, facility ID 30717. This site was reported to PSTB on February 3, 1999. The third LUST site is Bar-F #22 located at 1900 North Main Street, Las Cruces, New Mexico, facility ID 27612. This site was reported to PSTB on December 15, 1989. The first two sites are currently undergoing clean up, cleanup at the third site has been completed as of April 15, 2005 (Ref. 12).

On April 3, 1998 ground water samples from three monitoring wells at Scott's Auto Sales located at 1835 North Main Street, Las Cruces, New Mexico were sampled and analyzed using EPA method 8260 for volatile organic compounds (VOC) (Ref.13, p. 2). Styrene was detected at concentrations of 200 µg/L and 140 µg/L in MW-1 and MW-2, respectively (Ref. 13, p. 14 & 16).

On April 6-7, 1999 ground water samples were collected from six monitoring wells at Bar-F # 22 located across the street from Scott's Auto Sales at 1900 North Main Street Las Cruces, New Mexico. The ground water samples were analyzed using EPA method 8260. PCE was detected at concentrations of 1.6  $\mu$ g/L and 1.8  $\mu$ g/L in the samples from BF-22-1 and BF-22-5, respectively (Ref. 14).

NMED SOS staff reviewed ground water sampling analysis reports for samples collected on Site March 31, 2003 and June 29, 2006. The ground water was collected from monitoring wells located throughout Scotts Auto Sales, Bar-F # 22, and North Main Self Serve that is adjacent to Scotts Auto Sales at 1875 North Main Street, Las Cruces, New Mexico. Only benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes were detected along with other gasoline constituents. No PCE, TCE or Styrene was detected. (Ref. 15 and 16).

A complete list of contaminants and concentrations for each of the above sampling events can be found in Tables 2-7.

clean sand that are interbedded with silty clay. The middle unit is less permeable than the upper unit because of a greater degree of cementation and the widespread presence of the fine grained interbeds. HSU-MSF-2, however, probably forms the major aquifer zone in the basin because it is almost entirely below the water table (Ref. 18, p. 92).

From a geohydrologic perspective, the Mesilla and southern Jornada Basins occupy broad topographic depressions that are separated as well as linked by the entrenched Mesilla and Rincon Valleys of the Rio Grande. Both topographic basins, in turn, overlie a geohydrologically linked group of deep structural sub-basins and intervening buried bedrock highs. Both intrabasin and basin boundary structures play a major role in terms of ground water flow and geochemistry (Ref. 17 p. 49).

## 3.2.2 Site Hydrogeology

Depth to ground water in the area of the Site ranges from 40.59 to 43.28 feet below ground surface (bgs) (Ref. 19, p. 3-8). Ground water flow direction is southeast with a gradient of 0.002 feet/foot (Ref., p. 2 and Figure 4).

## 3.2.3 Local Ground Water Quality

Complex interactions occur between ground water and surface water in the Rio Grande flood plain. A system of canals distributes surface water for agricultural irrigation and a system of drains intercepted shallow ground water and returns it to the Rio Grande. Surface water leaks from the Rio Grande and canals to recharge the shallow ground-water system. In places, deeper ground water flows upward to recharge the shallow ground-water system. Evapotranspiration losses from vegetation, land, and water surfaces can have a major effect on the quality of ground water (Ref. 20, p. 8)

The City of Las Cruces has a distributed water supply system of 30 wells at depths of 300 to 1000 feet bgs (Ref. 21, p.1). Water in MSF2 is generally of better quality than in overlying valley-fill and basin-fill units, particularly in the northern part of the basin. The middle unit is the most heavily developed aquifer in terms of public and private drinking water production (Ref. 18). Total dissolved solids (TDS) in the CLC wells ranges from 300 mg/L – 1250 mg/L. EPA Secondary Drinking Water Regulations have a TDS MCL 500 mg/L. CLC Municipal Wells 20, 21, 23, 24, 39, 44, 60, 61 and 67 exceed the 500 mg/L. The highest TDS concentration is in CLC Municipal Well 21 with a TDS of approximately 1250 mg/L (Ref. 22 p. 69).

Research was done on local ground water quality during the investigation of the Griggs & Walnut plume. Uranium above EPA MCL levels of 30 µg/L is commonly detected in CLC Wells 10, 20, 21, 24, 38 and 44 (Ref. 23). Research conclusions were that naturally occurring elevated uranium concentrations are localized in an area of the Mesilla Basin trending along the west side of I-25 from localized oxygen poor stratigraphic intervals. Other geologic controls such as areas of geochemical mixing along fault zones are another possibility. Elevated uranium concentrations do not appear to be increasing over time; although there does seem to be some seasonal variation potentially related to pumping cycles (Ref. 24 p. 3).

- Teresa Moreno Water System Well # 1 and Well # 2 serve 25 people (Ref. 25, p. 6).
- El Patio MHP Well # 1 serving 86 people (Ref. 25, p. 7).
- Coachlight Inn Well # 1 serving 100 people (Ref. 25, p. 23)

Therefore the 28 public supply wells serve: 848 + 72 + 741 + 24,302 + 222 + 152 + 285 + 174 + 476 + 100 + 120 + 311 + 163 + 25 + 86 + 100 + 1,786 + 946 = 29,123 people (Ref. 25).

The average household size in Dona Ana County is 2.81 (Ref. 26). Therefore the 141 private wells serve approximately 141\*2.81 = 397 people.

Therefore, approximately 63,960 + 29,123 + 397 = 93,480 people are served by the public and private wells within a four mile radius of the Site.

Table 8 shows the number of active drinking water wells within target distance limits (TDL).

## 3.3 Surface Water Pathway

#### 3.3.1 Hydrology

The Rio Grande is the sole perennial surface water source and primary source of surface water in the region. The Rio Grande flows through a valley that is part of a narrow structural depression. CLC maintains Burn Lake (recreational), which is fed via irrigation and irrigation drain water. Storm water runoff from west central sections of Las Cruces also drain into Burn Lake. The approximate capacity of this recreational facility is 390 acre-feet. Agriculture provides the major source of ground water recharge; in return the aquifer provides water to the river under certain conditions. Issues which affect the relations between the surface water sources and the underlying shallow aquifer include irrigation practices, weather and precipitation patterns, releases of water from the Caballo Reservoir upstream, and well pumping rates (Ref. 27, p. 2).

There is a storm water channel approximately 100 yards northwest of the Site that is typically dry (Ref. 13, p. 3). Review of Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey (WSS) flood map for the area shows that the Site is in a no flood zone (Ref. 28)

### 3.3.2 Surface Water Use

Consumptive use of the surface water supply available from Elephant Butte Reservoir is exclusively irrigated agriculture. All surface water demands for irrigation under the Elephant Butte Irrigation District (EBID) are met by water delivered by EBID (Ref. 27)

## 3.3.3 Surface Water Investigation

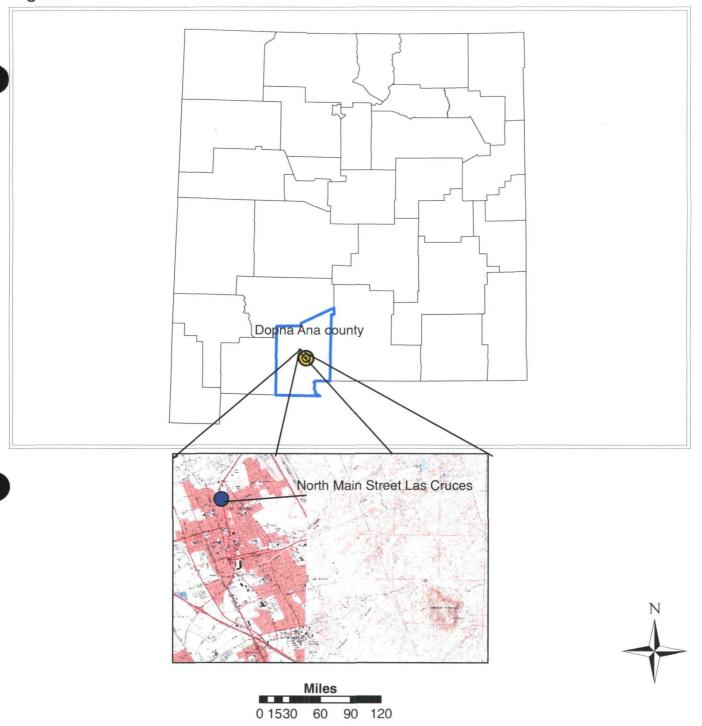
The surface water pathway assesses the threat to human health and the environment by determining whether hazardous substances are likely to have been released to surface water; and

#### 5.0 References

- 1 Environmental Protection Agency, 1990. Revised Hazard Ranking System. November 1990. 11 pages.
- 2 Environmental Protection Agency, 2004. Superfund Chemical Data Matrix. January 2004. 36 pages.
- 3 New Mexico State University, 2008. Climate Summary. January 7, 2008. 1 page. <a href="http://www.wrcc.dri.edu/cgi-bin/cliMAIN.pl?nmstat">http://www.wrcc.dri.edu/cgi-bin/cliMAIN.pl?nmstat</a>
- 4 New Mexico Environment Department 2006. Past and Current Leak Sites by City February 24, 2006. 9 pages. <a href="http://www.nmenv.state.nm.us/ust/leakcity.html">http://www.nmenv.state.nm.us/ust/leakcity.html</a>
- 5 Las Cruces Business Directories 1960,1965, 1968, 1973, 1978, 1980, 1985, 1990. 8 pages
- 6 Environmental Protection Agency, 2008. Superfund Site Progress Profile Griggs & Walnut Groundwater Plume. January 8, 2008. 1 page. <a href="http://cfpub.epa.gov/supercpad/cursites/csitinfo.cfm?id=0605116">http://cfpub.epa.gov/supercpad/cursites/csitinfo.cfm?id=0605116</a>
- 7. New Mexico Environment Department, 2001. NPL Site Narrative for Griggs & Walnut Ground Water Plume. January 11, 2001. 3 pages.
- 8 Environmental Protection Agency, 2007. Drinking Water Contaminants. September 10, 2007. 12 pages. <a href="http://www.epa.gov/safewater/contaminants/index.html">http://www.epa.gov/safewater/contaminants/index.html</a>
- 9 New Mexico Environment Department, 2006. 20.6.2 NMAC New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission Regulations. July 16 2006. 3 pages
- 10 Environmental Protection Agency, 2006. Remedial Action Contract. November 2006. 2 pages.
- 11 New Mexico Environment Department, 2007. Preliminary Assessment Report Main and Alameda Solvents Site. December 2007. 3 pages
- 12 Record of Communication. 2008. Ruth Horowitz and Chris Holmes. February 15, 2008. 1 page.
- 13 Raba-Kistner Consultants (SW) Inc. 1998. On Site Investigation Report Scotts Auto Sales. May 4, 1998. 18 pages.

28 Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2008. Flooding Frequency Class-Dona Ana County Area New Mexico. April 10, 2008. 4 pages.

Figure 1: Site Location Within New Mexico



## **LEGEND**

Location of the North Main Street Las Cruces Site

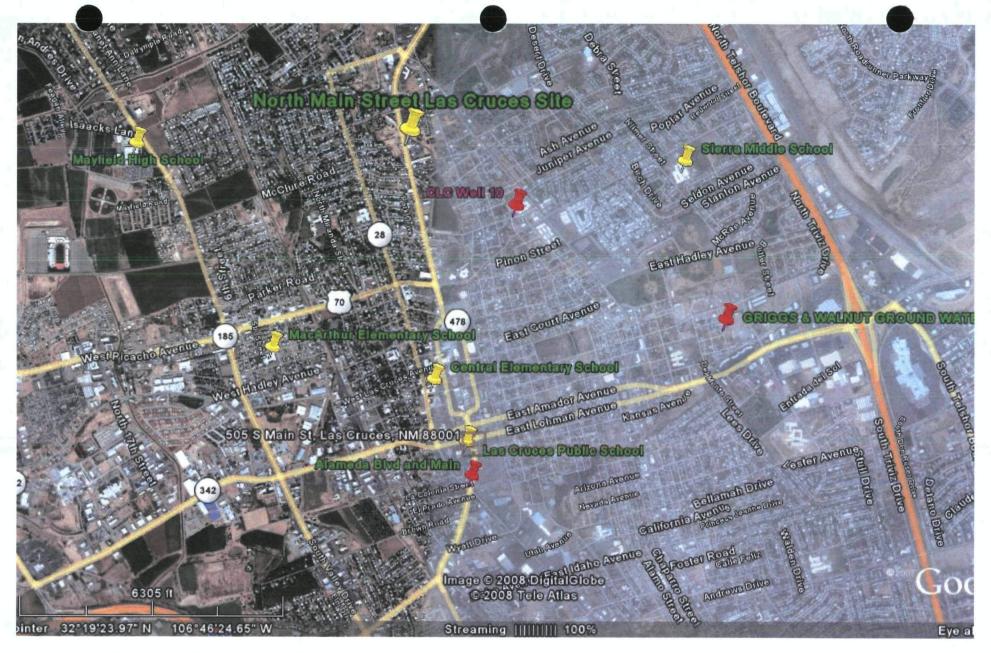


 Figure 2. Overview of Site. Location of nearby schools and CERCLA sites to the North Main Street Las Cruces Site.

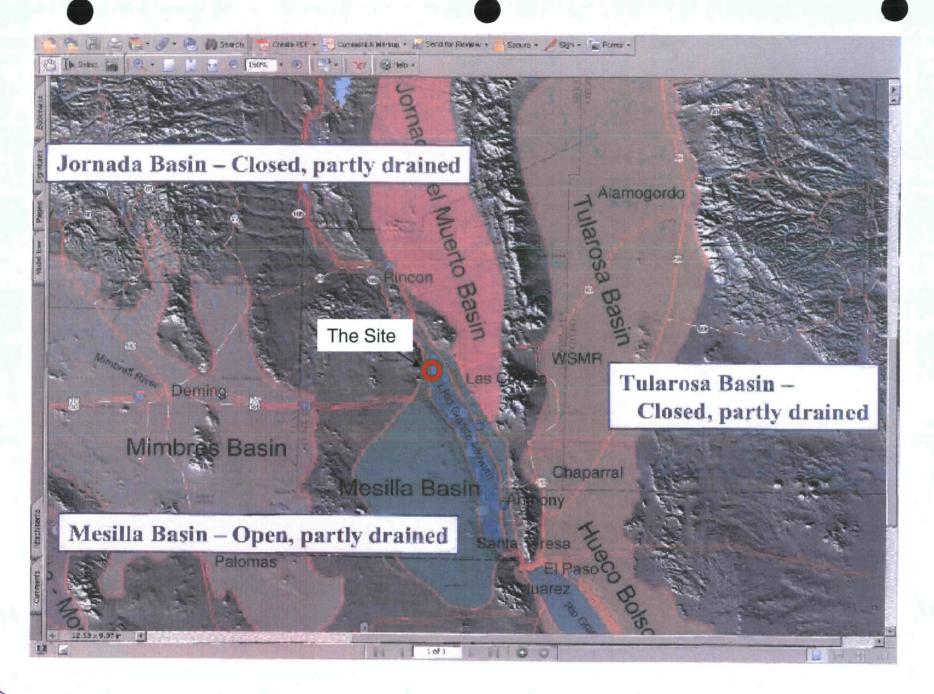
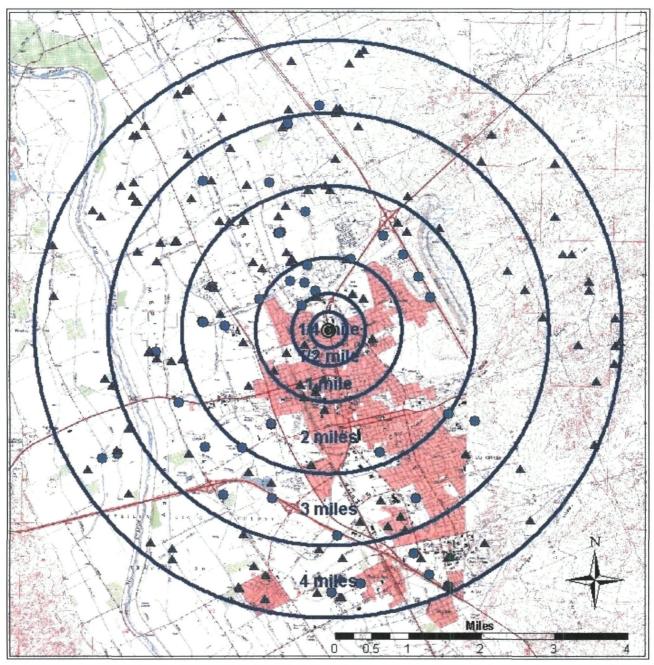


Figure 3. Site Regional Hydrogeology



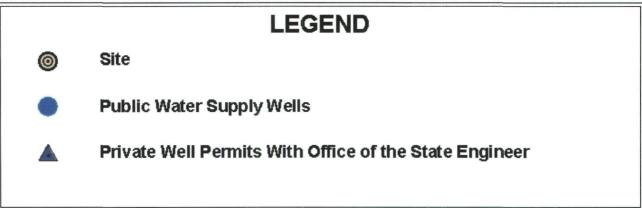


Figure 4. Four Mile Map

Table 1. Dry Cleaners Within a Four Mile Radius of the Site (Ref. 5)

		Approximate Distance
Address	Business Directory Year	From Site
500 N Main St	1960, 1965	1 mile south
833 N Church	1965	1 mile south
203 E Las Cruces Ave	1965, 1968	1.1 miles south
1355 E Idaho	1965, 1968, 1973	2.5 miles south by south east
120 W Picacho Ave	1965, 1968	0.6 miles south
1494 E Missouri Ave	1965, 1968, 1973, 1980, 1985	2.8 miles south by south east
	1965, 1968, 1973, 1978, 1980,	
2137 N Main	1985, 1990	0.2 miles north
1335 South Solano Drive	1968, 1973	2.5 miles south by south east
114 West Madrid	1968, 1973, 1978, 1980, 1985	0.3 miles north
705 N Main St	1973, 1978, 1980, 1985	0.7 miles south
1424 South Solano Drive	1973, 1978, 1980, 1985,1990	2.7 miles south by south east
2615 E Missouri Ave	1968, 1973, 1980, 1985, 1990	1.5 miles south
1047 North Main St	1980	0.5 miles south
2497 North Main St	1990	0.5 miles north
2001 East Lohman Ave	1990	2 miles south east
801 South Solano Dr	1990	3 miles south by south east

Distance from Site was determined by Google Earth

Table 2. VOC Results for Ground Water Samples Collected April 16, 1998 at Scott's Auto Sales 1835 North Main Street, Las Cruces (units in micrograms per liter (ug/L) (Ref. 13)

Contaminant	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	WQCC	<b>EPA MCL</b>
1,2 dichloroethane (EDC)	390	ND	ND 1	10	5
Benzene	19,000	180	64	10	5
Toluene	17,000	1,700	ND	750	1000
Ethylbenzene	4,000	5,100	1700	750	700
m & p - Xylene	11,000	3,400	310	,	
			1	620 (Total	Total
o-Xylene	6,100 ·	5,4001	660	Xylenes)	Xylenes
Styrene	200	140	ND .	NA	100
Isopropylbenzene	190	250	240	NA	NA
2-Chlorotoluene	ND ·	92	100	NA	NA
n-Propylbenzene	510	640	700 (	NA	NA
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3200	2900 ,	3500	NA	NA
1,3,5-Trimethylbenezene	820	820	900	NA	NA
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	460	NA	NA
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	58	NA	NA
4-Isopropyltoluene	ND	390	ND	NA	NA
Napthalene	1,100	1,200 .	1000	30 (Total)	NA

**Bold**-exceeds WQCC or EPA maximum contaminant level MCL-maximum contaminat level WQCC-New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission human health standard ND-Non Detect

Table 3. VOC Results for Ground Water Samples Collected April 6-7, 1999 at BF-22 1900 North Main St. Las Cruces (Ref. 14)

Contaminant	BF-22-1	BF-22-2	BF-22-3	BF-22-4	BF-22-5	BF-22-7	WQCC	EPA MCL
Bromoform	ND	ND	ND	1	. 1	<100	NA	NA
n-Butylbenzene	ND	2.2	ND	2.2	ND	<100	NA	NA
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	6.6	8.6	4.5	ND	<100	NA	NA
Benzene	ND	ND	19	ND	ND	230	10	5
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	ND	1.1	ND	1.1	<100	0.1	0.05
Ethylbenzene	ND	ND	38	14	ND	3,100	750	700
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	ND	1.8	2.1	<100	NA	NA
Isoprpylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	2.1	ND	140	NA	NA
Naphtalene	5.1	ND	4.3	6.7	4	470	30 (Total)	NA
n-propylbenzene	ND	ND	4	4	ND	380	NA	NA
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	2.2	1.5	1.6	<100	10	NA
Tertachloroethene	1.8	ND	ND	ND	1.6	<100	20	5
Toluene	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	290	750	1,000
1,2,3 Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	3.3	2	<100	NA	NA
1,2,4 Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.4	<100	NA	NA
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	3	ND	ND	550	NA	NA
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	3.9	ND	ND	210	NA	NA
Xylenes (Total)	ND	ND	2	ND	ND	4300	620	10,000
MTBE	ND	ND	1	1.2	1.5	<100	NA	NA

**Bold** - exceeds WQCC or EPA maximum contaminant level

MCL- Environmental Protection Agency maximum contaminant level

WQCC New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission human health standard

ND- Non Detect

Table 4. VOC Contamination Found in Ground Water Samples Taken March 13, 2003 from Scott's Auto Sales (Ref. 15)

Contaminant	MW-1	MW-3	MW-5	MW-6	MW-7	MW-9	MW-11	WQCC	EPA MCL
Methyl-t-butyl Ether	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1.1	NA	NA
Benzene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	4.4	10	5
Ethylbenzene	12	98	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	750	700
Toluene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	750	1,000
m&p Xylenes	<1.0	1.1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	620	NA
0-Xylene	8.8	4.2	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	(total)	NA
Styrene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	NA	100
Isopropyl Benzene	1.1	21	4.2	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1	NA	NA
n-Propylbenzene	3.1	46	10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	NA	NA
1,3,5 Trimethylbenzene	3.4	29	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	NA	NA
1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene	1.9	32	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	NA	NA
sec butylbenzene	<1.0	5.4	8.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	NA	NA
p-Isopropyltoluene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	NA	NA
n-Butylbenzene	<1.0	2.5	<1.0	<3.0	<3.0	<1.0	<1.0	NA	NA
Naphtalene	6.1	61	3	<3.0	<3.0	<3.0	<3.0		NA
2-Methylnaphtalene	5.6	52	23	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	30 (total)	NA
1-Methylnaphtalene	<1.0	50	24	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	10		NA

all units are microgram per liter ( $\mu g/L$ )

**Bold** - exceeds WQCC or EPA maximum contaminant level

MCL- Environmental Protection Agency maximum contaminant level

WQCC New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission human health standard

ND- Non Detect

Table 5. VOC Contamination Found in Ground Water Samples Taken March 13, 2003 at Bar-F-22 (Ref. 15)

			(,			
Contaminant	BF-22-2	BF-22-3	BF-22-4	BF-22-7	WQCC	EPA MCL
Methyl-t-butyl Ether	5	41	1.2	19	NA	NA
Benzene	88	3100	18	72	10	5
Ethylbenzene	51	1800	5.1	980	750	700
Toluene	<1.0	340	9.5	110	750	1,000
m&p Xylenes	<1.0	4900	23 -	340	620	NA
0-Xylene	<1.0	1300	11.	72	(total)	NA
Isopropyl Benzene	8.3	120	1.9	41	NA	100
n-Propylbenzene	16	290	1.3	100	NA	NA
1,3,5 Trimethylbenzene	6.3	790	6	66	NA	NA
1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene	1.6	3000	17	240	NA	NA
sec-Butylbenzene	13	27	5.3	6.9	NA	NA
n-Butylbenzene	2.5	57	1.1	9.4	NA .	NA
Naphtalene	3.5	970	8.1	290		NA
2-Methylnaphtalene	<5.0	510	6.7	56	30 (total)	NA
1-Methylnaphtalene \	87	310	80	90		NA

Table 6. VOC Contamination Found in Ground Water Samples Taken March 13, 2003 at North Main Self Serve (Ref. 15)

Contaminant	MW-1	MW-6	WQCC MCI	EPA MCL
Methyl-t-butyl Ether	4.1	<1.0	NA	NA
Benzene	150	<1.0	10	5
Ethylbenzene	310	<1.0	750	700
Toluene	300	<1.0	750	1,000
m&p Xylenes	510	<1.0	620	NA
0-Xylene	410	<1.0	(total)	NA
Isopropyl Benzene	22	<1.0	NA	100
n-Propylbenzene	67	<1.0	NA	NA
1,3,5 Trimethylbenzene	110	<1.0	NA	NA
1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene	380	<1.0	NA	NA
p-Isopropyltoluene	3.8	<1.0	NA	NA
n-Butylbenzene	21	<1.0	NA /	NA
Naphtalene	120	<3.0		NA
2-Methylnaphtalene	110	<5.0	30 (total)	NA
1-Methylnaphtalene	57	<5.0		NA

all units are micrograms per liter ( $\mu$ g/L)

**Bold** - exceeds WQCC or EPA maximum contaminant level

MCL- maximum contaminant level

WQCC New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission human health standard

ND- Non Detect

Table 7. VOC Contamination Found in Ground Water Samples Taken June 6, 2006 at the North Main Street Site (Ref. 16)

Contaminant	ScottsMW-9	ScottsMW-13	Sharp MW-8	Sharp MW-9	Sharp MW-10	Sharp MW-11	WQCC	EPA MCL
Benzene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	6.5	45	12	10	5
Ethylbenzene	<1.0	1.5	<1.0	22	180	74	750	700
Toluene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1.2	9.6	1.2	750	1,000
m&p Xylenes	<2.0	8.1	<2.0	53	240	62	Total Xylenes	Total Xylenes
0-Xylene	<1.0	14	<1.0	16	88	3.3	620	10000
Isopropyl Benzene	<1.0	1	<1.0	1.7	14	8.6	NA	NA
n-Propylbenzene	<1.0	3.1	<1.0	3.3	33	6.6	NA	NA
1,3,5 Trimethylbenzene	<1.0	12	<1.0	10	57	12	NA	NA
1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene	<1.0	18	<1.0	18	180	25	NA	NA
sec butylbenzene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	2.3	1.9	NA	NA
n-Butylbenzene	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	3.9	<1.0	NA	NA
Naphtalene	<3.0	3.3	<3.0	<3.0	43	3.4	Total	NA
2-Methylnaphtalene	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	11	<5.0	Naphtalenes	NA
1-Methylnaphtalene	<5.0	7.4	<5.0	<5.0	11	<5.0	30	NA

all units are micrograms per liter  $(\mu g/L)$ 

**Bold** - exceeds WQCC or EPA maximum contaminant level

MCL- Environmental Protection Agency maximum contaminant level

WQCC New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission human health standard

ND- Non Detect

# REFERENCE 1

United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response

Publication 9320.7-03FS November 1990



## The Revised Hazard Ranking System: Background Information

Office of Emergency and Remedial Response Hazardous Site Evaluation Division (OS-230) Quick Reference Fact Sheet

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has revised the Hazard Ranking System (HRS) in response to the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). The HRS is the scoring system EPA uses to assess the relative threat associated with the release or potential release of hazardous substances from a waste site. The HRS score is the primary criterion EPA uses to determine whether a site should be placed on the National Priorities List (NPL). The NPL identifies sites that warrant further investigation to determine if they pose risks to public health or the environment. Sites on the NPL are eligible for long-term "remedial action" financed under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), as amended by SARA. SARA authorizes a "Hazardous Substances Superfund" totalling \$8.5 billion over 5 years to pay costs not assumed by those responsible for problems at a site. The HRS uses data that can be collected relatively quickly and inexpensively, thus allowing most Superfund resources to be directed to remedial actions at sites on the NPL.

### **Summary of Revisions**

The revised HRS retains the same cutoff score and basic approach as the original HIRS, while incorporating SARA requirements as well as improvements identified as necessary by EPA and the public. The revised HRS retains the ground water, surface water, and air pathways, drops the direct contact and fire/explosion pathways, and adds a fourth pathway, soil exposure.

Several key provisions of the revised HRS make it more comprehensive. They:

- ! Evaluate new exposure pathways or threats that assess direct contact of people with contaminated soils, and contamination of the aquatic food chain.
- ! Expand how toxicity is evaluated, considering not only acute health effects, but also carcinogenic and chronic noncarcinogenic effects.
- ! Increase the sensitive environments considered from just wetlands and endangered species to environments designated by various Federal and State agencies.

! Evaluate the potential for air to be contaminated and for contaminated ground water to enter surface water.

Other provisions make the revised HRS more accurate. They:

- ! Allow use of concentration data to determine the quantity of waste at a site.
- ! Assign higher scores when people are actually exposed to contamination than when they are potentially exposed.
- ! Assign higher scores to potentially exposed people and sensitive environments closest to a site, with scores decreasing as distance from a site increases.

The complexity and scope of the issues involved in revising the HRS required EPA to got widespread input. EPA sought information from a number of sources such as its Science Advisory Board and, on three occasions, requested public comment: before drafting the revisions, after proposing the revisions in the Federal Register, and after publishing a Field Test report describing how the revisions scored actual hazardous waste sites. These procedures generated over 2,500 comments (from approximately

145 commenters). The majority of the commenters believed that the revised HRS represented an improvement over the original HRS. Other commenters, however, believed that the data required were too extensive for a screening tool and raised numerous technical issues. EPA made significant changes based on these comments, as well as on the Field Test. The result is a revised HRS that is a practical and effective tool in identifying the nation's worst hazardous waste sites.

#### Sara Requirements

SARA required that EPA modify the HRS so that, "to the maximum extent feasible, [it] accurately assesses the relative degree of risk to human health and the environment posed by sites." Several specific requirements were spelled out.

#### Section 105 required EPA to:

- ! Assess human health risks associated with contamination or potential contamination of surface waters, either directly or as a result of run-off. This assessment should take into account the use of these waters for recreation and the potential migration of any contaminant through surface water to downstream sources of drinking water.
- ! Evaluate damage to natural resources that may affect the human food chain.
- ! Assess contamination or potential contamination of ambient air.

#### Section 118 required EPA to:

! Give a high priority to sites where contamination has resulted in the closing of drinking water wells, or has contaminated a principal drinking water supply.

#### Section 125 required EPA to:

! Revise the HRS to assure appropriate consideration of sites that contain substantial volumes of wastes described in Section 3001(b)(3)(A)(i) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, also known as the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). These wastes

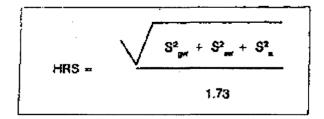
include fly ash, bottom ash, slag, and waste from control of flue gas emissions, all generated primarily by combustion of coal or other fossil fuels. The assessment must consider:

- ! Quantity, toxicity, and concentrations of hazardous constituents present in such wastes.
- ! Extent of, and potential for, release of such constituents into the environment.
- ! Degree of risk to human health and the environment posed by such constituents.

#### **Original HRS**

The original HRS used a structured value analysis approach to scoring site. This approach assigned numerical values to factors that relate to or indicate risk based on conditions at the site. The factors were grouped into three categories -- observed release/route characteristics, waste characteristics, and targets -- and were combined to obtain category scores. Each category had a maximum value, as did each component factor.

The category scores in the original HIRS were then multiplied together within each of the migration pathways (ground water, surface water, and air) and normalized to obtain a pathway score. Finally, the scores for the three pathways (gw, sw, a) were combined using a root-mean-square approach. The final HRS score was the square root of the sum of the squares of the pathway scores divided by a factor, 1.73, which put all final scores on a scale of 0-100.



If all migration pathway scores were low, the HRS score was low. However, the HRS score could be relatively high even if only one pathway score was high. This was an important requirement for HRS scoring because some extremely dangerous sites pose threats through only one migration pathway. For example, buried leaking drums of hazardous

substances could contaminate drinking water wells but -if the drums were deep enough and the substances not
very volatile -- not surface water or air.

#### **Revised HRS**

A number of major changes from the original HRS involve more than one of the four pathways. They are summarized before the individual pathways are discussed.

Structure. The revised HRS retains the three migration pathways. An EPA analysis of remedial actions at NPL sites indicates that some significant risks from direct contact may not have been completely addressed by removal actions, and these risks should be of concern in determining priorities for remedial action. Therefore, a fourth pathway, soil exposure (named onsite exposure in the proposed revisions), is now included in the total site score. The pathway assesses direct human exposure to hazardous substances or contaminated soil. The direct contact and fire/explosion pathways have been deleted.

The essential structural features of the revised HRS generally remain the same as those of the original HRS - that is, relative risks continue to be evaluated using pathways, three factor categories (likelihood of release, waste characteristics, and targets), and factors -- and the score is calculated similarly.

HRS = 
$$\sqrt{\frac{S^{2}_{pw} + S^{2}_{aw} + S^{2}_{a} + S^{2}_{a}}{4}}$$

Every factor has been revised or is new in the revised HRS. A few factors have been eliminated, either because they did not discriminate among sites or because they were replaced by more accurate measures.

Key changes were made in the waste characteristics factor category; the hazardous waste quantity factor is now multiplied by toxicity and other factors, instead of being added as they were in the original HRS. This is one of several changes that make the revised HRS more

consistent with risk assessment principles.

Observed Release. The original HRS scored an observed release if the measured concentration of the hazardous substance was significantly above the background level and if that concentration could reasonably be attributed to the site. EPA is retaining this approach to scoring observed releases in all four pathways but has incorporated criteria for determining when a release is significantly above background.

Hazardous Waste Quantity. Hazardous wastes, in addition to including hazardous substances, almost always include nontoxic substances. When the original HRS was developed, EPA judged that the cost during initial investigations (preliminary assessments and site inspections) of reliably determining the amount of hazardous constituents within the hazardous waste was prohibitive and, in some cases, not feasible. Therefore, the original HRS used the total quantity of waste containing hazardous substances (as defined in CERCLA Section 101), excluding any wastes that were contained so that they could not migrate.

The revised HRS uses a tiered approach to determine the hazardous waste quantity factor. Hazardous constituent concentration data, mass of Waste as deposited, volume, or surface area of the source can be used. This approach provides the flexibility to use the best data available.

Toxicity. Toxicity, a factor in the waste characteristics category for all four pathways, is intended to represent the relative potential of a substance to cause adverse health effects.

The original HRS assigned a toxicity factor value from 0 to 3 based on the toxicity ratings developed by N.I. Sax or the National Fire Protection Association rating scheme. Both ratings primarily emphasized acute toxicity of a substance. However, EPA's experience has been that adverse health effects at hazardous waste sites may result from carcinogenic and chronic noncarcinogenic. exposures as well as acute exposures.

The revised HRS evaluates three measures of toxicity in a tiered approach that uses acute data only when the other data are not available. The three measures are:

Cancer risks based on two factors that

EPA's Carcinogen Assessment Group has developed for a variety of substances:

- ! Cancer potency factors (also referred to as slope factors) derived from experimental animals or human epidemiologic data, if available.
- ! Qualitative weight-of-evidence that is, the overall strength of the data indicating potential carcinogenicity.
- ! Noncancer effects of chronic exposure, based on verified Reference Doses (RfDs), the estimated amount of a substance to which the human population (including sensitive subgroups) can be exposed on a daily basis over a lifetime without an appreciable risk of harmful noncancer effects. RfDs undergo a formal EPA-wide review and verification.
- ! Acute toxicity, based on the LD<sub>50</sub> or LC<sub>50</sub> (lethal dose or lethal concentration at which 50 percent of experimental animals exposed die).

Targets (People and Sensitive Environments). In the original HRS, the people actually exposed to contamination did not count more than those potentially exposed, nor was the level of exposure considered. To assess risks more accurately, the revised HRS gives greater weight to actual exposures by.

- ! Adding factors to the ground water, surface water, and air pathways reflecting risks to the nearest exposed individual -- that is, the person who is closest to the site and so is expected to be exposed to the highest concentration of contaminants.
- ! Giving greater weight to people whose drinking water is contaminated (or, for the soil exposure pathway, people living, working, or going to school on contaminated soil). The evaluation of exposed target populations in both the ground water and surface water pathways includes a weighting factor based on the Federal primary drinking water standards, or some other health-based benchmark if no standard exists.
- ! Giving greater weight in the surface water pathway to actual contamination of the aquatic human food chain.

Where no actual exposure has been documented, the people potentially exposed are distance weighted in the ground water and air pathways and dilution weighted in the surface water pathway.

The revised HRS also replaces the use factor of the original HRS with a more comprehensive resources factor that considers recreational and other uses in the ground water, surface water, and air pathways.

Environmental Threats. In developing the original HRS, EPA decided, given the need to set priorities for the spending of limited monies, to place greater weight on sites that posed threats to public health rather than to the environment. EPA's experience since then, however, suggested that a number of sites posing a serious threat to the environment were not scoring high enough to be on the NPL, and that some of the most serious threats dearly warrant remedial action. Therefore, the revised HRS gives greater weight than the original HRS to impacts on sensitive environments (wetlands, for example) in the surface water and air pathways. Sensitive environments are also considered in the soil exposure pathway. Relative risks to human health, however, are still weighted more heavily than sensitive environments. In addition, the revised HRS expands significantly the types of sensitive environments evaluated at a site.

**Radionuclides.** The revised HRS includes a special section (Section 7) on scoring radionuclides that allows for a parallel evaluation of radionuclides.

#### **Ground Water Migration Pathway**

The ground water migration pathway in both the original and revised HRS (Figure 1) evaluates the Likelihood that hazardous substances at a site or facility will migrate through the ground below and contaminate aquifers (underground formations holding usable amounts of water) and any drinking water wells that draw on those aquifers.

The revised HRS ground water pathway has the same general structure as in the original HRS. However, every factor has been revised. The most significant revision assigns weights to the target population based on distance from the site to account for dilution in the aquifer. In addition, the area (target distance limit) in which drinking water wells are considered has been expanded. A new factor, travel time, has been added to the potential-to-release calculations. In the waste characteristics category, the mobility of each hazardous substance

is considered, rather than persistence as in the original HRS.

The original HRS did not consider the direction of ground water flow in determining which populations or environments could be affected by the migration of hazardous substances at the site. The targets category gave equal weight to the entire population drawing water within 3 miles of the site.

After evaluating several options for considering ground water or contaminant flow direction, EPA decided to retain the original system, based on cost and technical considerations. Accurately determining local flow within the target distance would require considerable expenditure of time and public funds, which EPA believes is justified only at the nation's highest priority sites -- that is, those already on the NPL

However, where there is known contamination, the populations are weighted higher than those only potentially exposed. Thus, the revised FIRS indirectly considers direction of substance migration by assigning weights to people drinking water contaminated either above or below health-based benchmarks and by using the nearest exposed individual factor.

Likelihood of Release. The potential-to-release to ground water is comparable to the route characteristics/containment portion of the original HRS. EPA has made a number of changes in how potential releases are scored. In the original HRS, values for depth to aquifer, net precipitation, permeability, and physical state were added, then multiplied by the value of a fifth factor, containment. The revised HRS uses four factors:

! Containment, which measures the means

#### Figure 1

## **Groundwater Migration Pathway**

#### **Original HRS**

#### Likelihood of Release

#### Waste Characteristics

#### **Targets**

Observed Release

or

**Route Characteristics** 

Depth to Aquifer of Concern

**Net Precipitation** 

Permeability of Unsaturated

Zone

**Physical State** 

Containment

Toxicity/Persistence
Hazardous Waste Quantity

Groundwater Use
Distance to Nearest Well/
Population Served

#### **Revised HRS**

### Likelihood of Release x Waste Characteristics x Targets

Observed Release

or

Potential to Release:

Containment

Net Precipitation Depth to Aquifer

Travel Time

Toxicity/Mobility
Hazardous Waste Quantity

Nearest Well Population Resources

Wellhead Protection Area

- taken at a site to minimize or prevent releases of contaminants into ground water.
- ! Net precipitation, which indicates the amount of water available to infiltrate into ground water.
- ! Depth to aquifer, which provides a measure of the time required for a contaminant to reach the underlying aquifer.
- ! Travel time, which measures the potential of geologic materials to slow the migration of contaminants to aquifers.

The potential to release is the sum of the values of the first three factors multiplied by the value for containment.

Waste Characteristics. The waste characteristics category of the original HRS included toxicity/persistence and hazardous waste quantity factors. The method used to evaluate persistence, however, was based on biodegradability and was generally not applicable to ground water. In addition to the changes in waste quantity and toxicity, the revised HRS replaces persistence with a mobility factor reflecting the rate at which a substance migrates. Combining mobility with the revised toxicity factor allows for discrimination among highly toxic substances that migrate at very different rates.

Targets. The targets category reflects the population potentially at risk from an actual or potential release of hazardous substances from the site to an aquifer. The revised HRS expands the target distance limit from 3 to 4 miles. Within that limit, four factors (instead of two) are considered: nearest well, population, resources, and Wellhead Protection Area.

The nearest well is a new factor in the targets category and is evaluated by measuring the distance to the nearest drinking water well. In the original HRS, the person using the nearest well was considered in a matrix with population. The two are now separate factors.

The second factor, population, indicates the number of people actually or potentially at risk from exposure to hazardous substances in drinking water wells. In the original HRS, all the people who drank water from wells within 3 miles of the site were counted equally. The total population was then combined in a matrix with distance to the nearest well to assign a single value. The revised HRS separates these factors to more clearly reflect individual risks and resource value/population

risk. Population served is the sum of three groups:

- ! People exposed to contamination above health-based benchmarks -- for example, Federal drinking water standards.
- ! People exposed to contamination not above health-based benchmarks but significantly above background.
- ! People potentially exposed, weighted for distance.

The resources factor, a more comprehensive measure, has replaced the ground water use factor in the original HRS.

The presence of a Wellhead Protection Area, as designated under Section 1428 of the Safe Drinking Water Act, is a new factor in the targets category score. This revision addresses SARA Section 118, which requires a high priority for sites affecting principal drinking water supplies. Wellhead Protection Areas are defined as areas around a welt or well field supplying a public water system through which potentially harmful contaminants are likely to move toward and reach the welt or well field.

## **Surface Water Migration Pathway**

The surface water migration pathway in both the original and revised HRS (Figure 2) evaluates the likelihood that runoff containing hazardous substances from a site can move through surface water and affect people or the environment. The revised HRS differs from the original HRS in several ways. The revised HRS:

- ! Replaces route characteristics with two potential-to-release components -- overland flow/flood and ground water to surface water. If both components are scored, the pathway score is the higher of the two scores.
- Divides the surface water pathway into three subpathways representing threats to drinking water, the human food chain, and the environment. The surface water migration pathway score is the sum of the scores of the three subpathways. This change in structure provides a relatively simple way to account for the different substances and targets that may be important for the different types of potential exposure in the subpathways.

## Figure 2

## **Surface Water Migration Pathway**

## Original HRS

## Likelihood of Release x Waste Characteristics x Targets

Observed Release

or

Route Characteristics Facility Slope/Intervening

Terrain 1-Year, 24-Hour Rainfall Distance to Nearest Surface

Water Physical State Containment Toxicity/Persistence
Hazardous Waste Quantity

Surface Water Use
Distance to Sensitive
Environment
Population Served/Distance
to Nearest Intake
Downstream

## Revised HRS

#### Likelihood of Release:

### Overland/Flood Component

Observed Release or Potential to Release

> By Overland Flow: Containment Runoff Distance to Surface Water

By Flood: Containment Flood Frequency

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Ground Water to Surface Water Component

Observed Release or Potential to Release

> Containment Net Precipitation Depth to Aquifer Travel Time

## **Drinking Water Threat**

## Waste Characteristics x Targets

Toxicity/Persistence/Mobility\* Hazardous Waste Quantity

Nearest Intake Population Resources

## Human Food Chain Threat

## Waste Characteristics x Targets

Toxicity/Persistence/ Bioaccumulation/Mobility\* Hazardous Waste Quantity Food Chain Individual Population

## Environmental Threat

## Waste Characteristics x Targets

Ecosystem Toxicity/Mobility\*/ Persistence/Bioaccumulation Hazardous Waste Quantity Sensitive Environments

\*Mobility applicable only to Ground Water to Surface Water Component. ! Extends the distance to the targets at risk from the probable point where hazardous substances enter the surface water to a point 15 miles from the source (versus 3 miles downstream of the farthest observed contamination, or 1 mile in static water, in the original HRS). The target values are modified by dilution weighting — that is a lower value is assigned to a larger body of water because the substance is more diluted.

Drinking Water Threat. The drinking water threat in the revised HRS retains the waste quantity and toxicity/persistence factors of the original HRS but evaluates them differently. Persistence is no longer based solely on biodegradation but on four additional decay processes (hydrolysis, photolysis, volatilization, and free-radical oxidation). For each hazardous substance in (or likely to be in) surface water, a persistence value is assigned that reflects the time the substance remains in the surface water. The substance with the highest toxicity/persistence value is used, along with the hazardous waste quantity, in calculating the waste characteristics score.

The drinking water targets category in the revised HRS retains the use and population factors of the original HRS but substantially modifies them. Instead of the four uses in the original HRS use factor, with only the highest assigned a value, two uses (drinking water and other uses) are assigned values, providing a better evaluation of the risk to the resource. The distance to a surface water intake in the original HRS has been replaced with a nearest intake factor that is evaluated separately and is based on dilution at the nearest intake. As in the revised ground water pathway, the population served is evaluated in three groups based on actual and potential exposure. The population potentially exposed is weighted based on dilution.

Human Food Chain Threat. SARA Section 105(a)(8)(A) requires EPA, in revising the HRS, to consider the effects of hazardous waste sites on the human food chain. In developing the revisions, EPA determined that the most significant, measurable food chain risks involved contamination of the aquatic food chain. Therefore, the revised surface water migration pathway includes evaluation of the human food chain based on potential or observed contamination of aquatic food chain organisms.

In evaluating waste characteristics (and targets as well), a single hazardous substance is selected, on the basis of bioaccumulation potential, toxicity, and persistence, from among those known to be present at

the site and available to the surface water migration pathway. Persistence is determined based on the same five decay processes as in the drinking water threat.

The targets category reflects the threat to people from consumption of fish and shellfish taken from the surface water migration pathway. Fishery use -- for example, commercial, subsistence, or sport fishing--is evaluated to give an estimate of resource value. Population is calculated by estimating food chain products harvested from the contaminated surface water. Population is the sum of actual and potential contamination, and is determined based on bioaccumulation and annual production of each fishery in the surface water migration pathway.

Environmental Threat. In the surface water pathway of the original HRS, sensitive environments were assigned a value in the targets category on the basis of distance to a particular type of sensitive environment --wetlands, for example. The revised HRS places more emphasis on environmental damage and expands the types of environments considered. Ecosystem toxicity is determined using EPA chronic water quality criteria for the protection of aquatic life (or other measures if the criteria are not available). Ecosystem persistence is evaluated as it is for the drinking water subpathway. The sensitive environments targets are weighted into groups based on ecologically-based benchmarks where sensitive environments are contaminated; otherwise, dilution factors are applied.

#### **Soil Exposure Pathway**

The soil exposure pathway (Figure 3) evaluates the potential threats posed by direct, physical contact with hazardous wastes or contaminated soil. It is similar to the direct contact pathway, which was scored in the original HRS but was not used to determine if a site should be on the NPL. The revised HRS evaluates the threat by looking at two groups potentially at risk -those living on property with hazardous wastes or contaminated soils and those living nearby with access to the property. The resident population is evaluated based only on presence of contamination within the site boundary and within 200 feet of the boundary. The resident population is not evaluated on release potential, as in the other pathways, because contaminants do not have to migrate offsite for exposure to occur. Five targets are evaluated in the resident population:

Resident individual -- a person living on, or

## Figure 3

# Soil Exposure Pathway (Revised HRS Only)

## Resident Population Threat

Likelihood of Exposure x Waste Characteristics x Targets

Observed Contamination

Toxicity
Hazardous Waste Quantity

Resident Individual
Resident Population
Workers
Resources
Terrestrial Sensitive
Environments

## Nearby Population Threat

Likelihood of Exposure x Waste Characteristics x Targets

Attractiveness/Accessibility Area of Contamination Toxicity Hazardous Waste Quantity Population Within 1 Mile Nearby Individual

going to school or day care on, contaminated property.

- ! Resident population people living on or going to school or day care on contaminated property.
- ! Workers people working on contaminated property.
- ! Resources contaminated property used for commerce, agriculture, silviculture, livestock production, or livestock grazing.
- ! Terrestrial sensitive environments on contaminated property aquatic environments are considered in the surface water migration pathway.

The nearby population is evaluated on the basis of:

- ! Attractiveness/accessibility and area of contamination, which evaluate the likelihood of exposure.
- ! Population within a 1-mile travel distance

- ! of the site.
- ! Nearby Individual.

## **Air Migration Pathway**

The air migration pathway of the revised HRS (Figure 4) has the same three categories as the original HRS, but each is revised. The original air pathway was evaluated only if an observed release of hazardous substances could be documented. As required by SARA Section 105(a)(8)(A), the revised HRS considers characteristics of the site to assess the potential for release if none has been documented. The likelihood of release is determined, as well as how many people and sensitive environments could be exposed to hazardous substances carried in the air and the inherent hazard associated with potential exposures. The potential to release by gases and particulates is evaluated separately based on:

! Containment, which assesses the ability of natural or constructed barriers to inhibit the escape of hazardous substances from a source.

- ! Source type -- for example, containers (including tanks), contaminated soil (including land treatment), fire sites, landfills, surface impoundments, and waste piles.
- ! Migration potential, which reflects the relative tendency of hazardous substances contained in a source to migrate.

In addition to the changes to waste quantity and toxicity in the waste characteristics category discussed earlier, the reactivity and compatibility factors in the original HRS have been deleted because they have proved not to be applicable to the vast majority of NPL sites; mobility has been added. All hazardous

substances at a site are evaluated for gas mobility. Particulate mobility is evaluated based on the local climate. The two values are combined in a matrix to determine the mobility factor.

In the revised HRS, the three target factors in the original HRS -- land use, population within a 4-mile radius, and distance to a sensitive environment -- have been modified, and a factor has been added to reflect the risk to the nearest individual. The 4-mile limit for population in the original HRS has been retained, the limit for sensitive environments evaluated has been extended from 2 to 4 miles. In both cases, distance weighting factors are used to represent the reduced concentrations farther away from the site.

## Figure 4

## Air Migration Pathway

## Original HRS

Likelihood of Release x Waste Characteristics x Targets

Observed Release

Toxicity
Reactivity and incompatibility
Hazardous Waste Quartity

Land Use Population Within 4-Mile Radkus Distance to Sensitive Environment

#### Revised HRS

Likelihood of Release x Waste Characteristics x Targets

Observed Release or Potential to Release

Toxicity/Mobility
Hazardous Waste Quantity

Resources
Population Within 4-Mile
Radius
Nearest Individual
Sensitive Environments

Gas

Gas Containment Gas Source Type Gas Migration Potential

**Particulate** 

Particulate Containment Particulate Source Type Particulate Migration Potential

#### **Additional Considerations**

In the preamble to the proposed revisions to the HRS, EPA requested comment on two issues:

- ! The cutoff score for proposing sites for the NPL.
- ! The policy of scoring sites based on current conditions.

Cutoff Score. EPA chose an HRS score of 28.50 as a cutoff for placing sites on the NPL because it yielded an initial NPL of at least 400 sites as suggested by CERCLA, not because EPA had determined that 28.50 represented a threshold of unacceptable risks. Believing that the current cutoff score has been a useful management tool, EPA proposed that the cutoff score for the revised HRS be functionally equivalent to the original cutoff. However, EPA wanted to evaluate the practical effects of keeping the cutoff score at 28.50 -that is, will that score continue to provide an appropriate set of priorities for management purposes. EPA examined several approaches for defining "equivalent to 28.50". These approaches included:

- ! A statistical analysis to determine what revised HRS score best corresponds to 28.50 on the original HRS.
- ! A determination of the percentage of potential sites in CERCLIS (EPA's inventory of potential hazardous waste sites) that score above 28-50 on the original NPL and the setting of a cutoff that yields the same percentage.
- ! An identification of risk levels that on the average correspond to an original HRS score of 28.50 and a determination of what revised HRS score best corresponds to that risk level.

Based on an analysis of 110 test sites, scored with both the original and revised HRS, EPA has decided not to change the cutoff score at this time because the analysis did not point to a single number as the appropriate cutoff. The field test data show that few sites score in the range of 25 to 30 with the revised HRS. EPA believes that this range may represent a true breakpoint in the distribution of site scores and that the sites scoring above the range of 25-30 are clearly the types of sites that should be captured with a screening tool.

Because the HRS is intended to be a screening tool, EPA has never attached significance to the cutoff score as an indicator of a specific level of risk from site, nor has EPA intended to imply that "risky" and "nonrisky" sites can be precisely distinguished. Nevertheless, the cutoff score has been a successful screening tool that has allowed EPA to set priorities and to move forward with studying and, where appropriate, to clean up hazardous waste sites. The vast majority of sites scoring above 28.50 in the past have been shown to present risks.

Scoring on the Basis of Current Conditions. Under the original HRS, EPA generally scored the three migration pathways based on the conditions at the site before, any response action had been taken, rather than based on current conditions at the site. In revising the HRS, EPA decided that it may be appropriate to evaluate sites based on current conditions and to consider prior responses in calculating an HRS score.

The policy of evaluating sites based on current conditions raised concerns that it might:

- Encourage private parties to only take action sufficient to lower the score so the site would not be placed on the NPL
- ! Discourage public agencies from taking early actions that could lower the score, thus preventing the site from being on the NPL and therefore eligible for Superfund monies.

EPA examined two approaches to incorporate current site conditions in the HRS score. Under either approach, EPA would only consider actions prior to a site inspection, which provides most of the data used to score a site. Because response action at sites may be an ongoing process, it would be burden-some to recalculate scores continually to reflect such actions. The two approaches were:

- ! Consideration of current conditions for certain pathways or factors where appropriate.
- ! Consideration of current conditions routinely, but identification of situations where initial conditions more accurately reflect risks.

EPA decided to consider response actions prior to a site inspection because it will provide increased incentives for rapid response.

# REFERENCE 2

# SUPERFUND CHEMICAL DATA MATRIX METHODOLOGY

Prepared For EPA January 2004

## **Superfund Chemical Data Matrix**

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## HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

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			Ground Water/Surface Water Pathway Drinking Water			Surface Water Pathway Food Chain			Surface Water Pathway Environmental			
			Reference Dose		FDAAI	Ref. Dose	Cancer Risk	l .	ute	Chro		
Substance Name	CAS Number	MCL/MCLG (mg/L)	Screen Conc (mg/L)	Screen Conc (mg/L)	FDAAL (ppm)	(mg/kg)	Screen Conc (mg/kg)	) 01110			CCC (μg/L) *	
								Fresh	Salt	Fresh	Salt	
Acenaphthene	000083-32-9		2.2E+0	•••	***	8.1E+1	•••	•••	***			
Acenaphthylene	000208-96-8				•••					•••	•••	
Acetone	000067-64-1		3.3E+1*			1.2E+3*		***		•		
Acrolein	000107-02-8		1.8E-2*			6.8E-1*		***				
Acrylamide	000079-06-1		7.3E-3	1.9E-5		2.7E-1	7.0E-4					
Alachlor**	015972-60-8	2.0E-3	3.6E-1	1.1E-3		1.4E+1	3.9E-2					
Aldrin	000309-00-2		1.1E-3	5.0E-6	3.0E-1	4.1E-2	1.9E-4	3.0E+0 <sup>G</sup>	1.3E+0 <sup>G</sup>			
Aluminum	007429-90-5						•••	7.5E+2 <sup>G2, I2</sup>		8.7E+1 <sup>G2, I2, L2</sup>		
Americium**	007440-35-9											
Aniline	000062-53-3	***		1.5E-2			5.5E-1			•••		
Anthracene	000120-12-7		1.1E+1		•••	4.1E+2					<del></del>	
Antimony	007440-36-0	6.0E-3	1.5E-2			5.4E-1			, <del></del>			
Arsenic	007440-38-2	1.0E-2*	1.1E-2	5.7E-5		4.1E-1	2.1E-3	3.4E+2 <sup>A, D, K</sup>	6.9E+1 <sup>A, D, b</sup>	b 1.5E+2 <sup>A, D, K</sup>	3.6E+1 <sup>A, D, bb</sup>	
Asbestos	001332-21-4	7.0E+0 million fibers/L		•••	•				•••	•••		

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			iter/Surface Water Pa Drinking Water	athway	Sur	face Water Path Food Chain				iter Pathway nmental	
			Reference Dose				Cancer Risk		te	Chre	onic
Substance Name	CAS Number	MCL/MCLG (mg/L)	Screen Conc (mg/L)	Screen Conc (mg/L)	FDAAL (ppm)	Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Screen Cond (mg/kg)	CMC (µ	g/L) *	CCC (	ɪg/L) *
		(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(IIIg/L)	(рріп)		(IIIg/Kg)	Fresh	Salt	Fresh	Salt
Barium	007440-39-3	2.0E+0	2.6E+0		•••	9.5E+1				•••	•••
Benz(a)anthracene	000056-55-3			1.2E-4	***		4.3E-3		•••		
Benzene	000071-43-2	5.0E-3	1.5E-1*	1.5E-3		5.4E+0*	5.7E-2*				
Benzidine	000092-87-5		1.1E-1	3.7E-7		4.1E+0	1.4E-5				
Benzo(a)pyrene	000050-32-8	2.0E-4		1.2E-5			4.3E-4			····	•••
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	000191-24-2		•••	•••	·						
D. (Chilliana (Thornathana)	000206-44-0		1.5E+0			5.4E+1					
Benzo(j,k)fluorene (Fluoranthene)			1,3570		•••	J.4ET1		***			•••
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	000207-08-9	•••	•••	1.2E-3	•••	•••	4.3E-2			***	
Beryllium	007440-41-7	4.0E-3	7.3E-2*	*		2.7E+0*	*	•••			
Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	000117-81-7	6.0E-3	7.3E-1	6.1E-3		2.7E+1	2.3E-1				
Boron	007440-42-8		3.3E+0	•••		1.2E+2	***				
		•			•••			***	•••	***	•••
Bromodichloromethane	000075-27-4	*	7.3E-1	1.4E-3		2.7E+1	5.1E-2	•			•••
Butylbenzyl phthalate	000085-68-7		7.3E+0	<del></del>		2.7E+2		•••			
Cadmium	007440-43-9	5.0E-3	1.8E-2			6.8E-1		2.0E+0 <sup>D, E, K, bb</sup>	4.0E+1 <sup>D, bb</sup>	2.5E-1 <sup>D, E, K,</sup>	8.8E+0 <sup>D, bb</sup>

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

		Ground Water/Surface Water Pathway Drinking Water		Surface Water Pathway Food Chain		Surface Water Pathway Environmental					
	÷	MCL/MCLG	Reference Dose Screen Conc	Cancer Risk Screen Conc	FDAAL	Ref. Dose	Cancer Risk Screen Conc	Acu			onic
Substance Name	CAS Number	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(ppm)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	CMC (µ Fresh	Salt	CCC (	ug/L) * Salt
	·				·			TICSH	Sait	riesii	San
Carbazole	000086-74-8			4.3E-3			1.6E-1				
Carbon disulfide	000075-15-0		3.7E+0		•••	1.4E+2		••• •	•••		
Carbon tetrachloride	000056-23-5	5.0E-3	2.6E-2	6.6E-4		9.5E-1	2.4E-2		***	***	•••
Cesium	007440-46-2	,					•••		<u>:</u>	····	
Chlordane	000057-74-9	2.0E-3	1. <b>8E-2</b>	2.4E-4	3.0E-1	6.8E-1*	9.0E-3	2.4E+0 <sup>G</sup>	9.0E-2 <sup>G</sup>	4.3E-3 <sup>G</sup> , aa	4.0E-3 <sup>G</sup> , aa
Chlordane, alpha-	005103-71-9		1.8E-2*	2.4E-4*		6.8E-1*	9.0E-3*		•••		•••
Chlordane, gama-	005566-34-7		1.8E-2*	2.4E-4*	•••	6.8E-1*	9.0E-3*				•••
Chlorobenzene	000108-90-7	1.0E-1	7.3E-1			2.7E+1		•••			•••
						•					
Chloroform	000067-66-3	*	3.6E-1	*		1.4E+1	*	***			•••
Chromium	007440-47-3	1.0E-1	1.1E-1*		•••	4.1E+0*		•••			•••
Chromium(III)	016065-83-1		5.5E+1*		***	2.0E+3*	<b></b>	5.7E+2 <sup>D, E, K</sup>	•••	7.4E+1 <sup>D, E, K</sup>	•••
Chromium(VI)	018540-29-9		1.1E-1*			4.1E+0*	•••	1.6E+1 <sup>D, K</sup>	1.1E+3 <sup>D, bb</sup>		5.0E+1 <sup>D, bb</sup>
Chrysene	000218-01-9			1.2E-2		•••	4.3E-1	,			

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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### HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			ter/Surface Water Pa Drinking Water	athway	Sur	face Water Pat Food Chain			Surface War Enviror	ter Pathway nmental	
		LOX A COL C	Reference Dose		FDAAI	Ref. Dose			ite		onic
Substance Name	CAS Number	MCL/MCLG (mg/L)	Screen Conc (mg/L)	Screen Conc (mg/L)	FDAAL (ppm)	(mg/kg)	Screen Conc (mg/kg)	CIVIC (F		CCC (	μg/L) *
								Fresh	Salt	Fresh	Salt
Cobalt	007440-48-4		•••				***		•••	***	***
Copper	007440-50-8	1.3E+0				•••	***	1.3E+1 <sup>D, E, K, cc</sup>	4.8E+0 <sup>D, cc, ff</sup>	9.0E+0 <sup>D, E, K,</sup>	3.1E+0 <sup>D, cc, ff</sup>
Cumene	000098-82-8	<b>:</b>	3.7E+0*			1.4E+2*					
Cyanamide**	000420-04-2					•••					
Cyanide	000057-12-5	2.0E-1	7.3E-1			2.7E+1		2.2E+1 <sup>K, Q</sup>	1.0E+0 <sup>Q, bb</sup>	5.2E+0 <sup>K, Q</sup>	1.0E+0 <sup>Q, bb</sup>
DDD	000072-54-8			3.5E-4	*		1.3E-2			•••	•••
DDE	000072-55-9		•••	2.5E-4	5.0E+0		9.3E-3				···
DDT	000050-29-3		1.8E-2	2.5E-4	5,0E+0	6.8E-1	9.3E-3	1.1 <b>E</b> +0 <sup>G</sup> , ii	1.3E-1 <sup>G, ii</sup>	1.0E-3 <sup>G, aa, ii</sup>	1.0E-3 <sup>G, aa, ii</sup>
Di-n-butyl phthalate	000084-74-2		3.7E+0	•••	***	1.4E+2	***	•••			
Di-n-octyl phthalate	000117-84-0		7.3E-1			2.7E+1				•••	•••
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	000053-70-3			1.2E-5	•••		4.3E-4				
Dibenzofuran	000132-64-9		1.5E-1*			5.4E+0*			•••		
Dibromo-3-chloropropane, 1,2-	000096-12-8	2.0E-4		6.1E-5	•••		2.3E-3	•••	***	•••	
Dibromoethane, 1,2-	000106-93-4	*		1.0E-6			3.7E-5				

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

\*\* Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

		Ground Wa	ater/Surface Water Pa Drinking Water	nthway	Food Chain			Surface Water Pathway Environmental			
Substance Name	CAS Number	MCL/MCLG	Reference Dose Screen Conc	Screen Conc	FDAAL		Cancer Risk Screen Conc	Ac CMC (	ute µg/L) *		onic ug/L) *
Substance Name	07.65 7.44	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(ppm)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	Fresh	Salt	Fresh	Salt
Dichlorobenzene, 1,4-	000106-46-7	7.5E-2		3.5E-3		•••	1.3E-1	***			
Dichloroethane, 1,1-	000075-34-3		3.7E+0			1.4E+2					
			3.72.0		•••	1.12.2			***	***	***
Dichloroethane, 1,2-	000107-06-2	5.0E-3		9.4E-4	•••	•••	3.5E-2	***	•••	***	•••
Dichloroethylene, 1,1-	000075-35-4	7.0E-3	1.8E+0*	*	•••	6.8E+1*	*	•••			•••
Dichloroethylene, 1,2-**	000540-59-0		3.3E-1	•••		1.2E+1	•••	•••			
Dichloroethylene, cis-1,2-	000156-59-2	7.0E-2	3.6E-1			1.4E+1					
Dichloroethylene, trans-1,2-	000156-60-5	1.0E-1	7.3E-1		٠	2.7E+1	•••				
Dichlorophenol, 2,4-	000120-83-2		1.1E-1			4.1E+0					•••
Dichloropropane, 1,2-	000078-87-5	5.0E-3		1.3E-3			4.6E-2		***		
Dichloropropene, 1,3-	000542-75-6		1.1E+0*	8.5E-4		4.1E+1*	3.2E-2	•••	-		
Dieldrin	000060-57-1		1.8E-3	5.3E-6	3.0E-1	6.8E-2	2.0E-4	2.4E-1 <sup>K</sup>	7.1E-1 <sup>G</sup>	5.6E-2 <sup>K, O</sup>	1.9E-3 <sup>G</sup> , aa
Diethyl phthalate	000084-66-2		2.9E+1		•••	1.1E+3	•	•••	•••		
Dimethyl phenol, 2,4-	000105-67-9	•••	7.3E-1			2.7E+1					

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			nter/Surface Water Pa Drinking Water	nthway	Sur	face Water Path Food Chain	iway		Surface Wat Enviror			
			Reference Dose				Cancer Risk	Acı	ıte	Chr	onic	
Substance Name	CAS Number	MCL/MCLG	Screen Conc (mg/L)	Screen Conc (mg/L)	FDAAL (ppm)	Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Screen Conc (mg/kg)	CMC (	ıg/L) *	CCC (	ιg/L) *	
		(Ing/L)	(Mg/L)	(IIIg/L)	(ppiii)	(IIIg/kg)	(mg/kg)	Fresh	Salt	Fresh	Salt	
Dinitrobenzene, 1,3-	000099-65-0	•••	3.7E-3		•••	1.4E-1				•••		
Dioxin 1,4-**	000290-67-5	·									•••	
Diphenylhydrazine, 1,2-	000122-66-7		•••	1.1E-4	***		3.9E-3			•••		
Disulfoton	000298-04-4	•••	1.5E-3		***	5.4E-2						
Endosulfan (I or II)	000115-29-7	•••	2.2E-1	•••	•••	8.1E+0		•••	•••	•••		
Endosulfan I**	000959-98-8		2.2E-1	•••		8.1E+0	***	2.2E-1 <sup>G, Y</sup>	3.4E-2 <sup>G, Y</sup>	5.6E-2 <sup>G, Y</sup>	8.7E-3 <sup>G, Y</sup>	
Endosulfan II**	033213-65-9		2.2E-1			8.1E+0		2.2E-1 <sup>G, Y</sup>	3.4E-2 <sup>G, Y</sup>	5.6E-2 <sup>G, Y</sup>	8.7E-3 <sup>G, Y</sup>	
Endrin	000072-20-8	2.0E-3	1.1E-2			4.1E-1	•••	8.6E-2 <sup>K</sup>	3.7E-2 <sup>G</sup>	3.6E-2 <sup>K, O</sup>	2.3E-3 <sup>G</sup> , aa	
Endrin aldehyde	007421-93-4									•••		
Ethyl benzene	000100-41-4	7.0E-1	3.7E+0			1.4E+2						
Ethyl chloride	000075-00-3											
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (EBGE)**	000111-76-2		1.8E+1			6.8E+2 ·						
Fluorene	000086-73-7	•••	1.5E+0		•••	5.4E+1	•••					
Fluorine	007782-41-4		2.2E+0			8.1E+1	***	•••				

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			nter/Surface Water Pa Drinking Water	ithway	Sur	face Water Path Food Chain	nway			nter Pathway		
Substance Name	CAS Number	MCL/MCLG (mg/L)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/L)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/L)	FDAAL (ppm)	Screen Conc	Cancer Risk Screen Conc	Ac CMC (			onic µg/L) *	
		(IIIg/L)	(nig/L)	(mg/r)	(ррш)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	Fresh	Salt	Fresh	Salt	
Heptachlor	000076-44-8	4.0E-4	1.8E-2	1.9E-5	3.0E-1	6.8E-1	7.0E-4	5.2E-1 <sup>G</sup>	5.3E-2 <sup>G</sup>	3.8E-3 <sup>G</sup> , aa	3.6E-3 <sup>G, aa</sup>	
Heptachlor epoxide, alpha, beta, gamma	001024-57-3	2.0E-4	4.7E-4	9.4E-6	3.0E-1	1.8E-2	3.5E-4	5.2E-1 <sup>G, V</sup>	5.3E-2 <sup>G, V</sup>	3.8E-3 <sup>G, V, aa</sup>	3.6E-3 <sup>G, V, aa</sup>	
Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin**	037871-00-4			•••				***	•••		•••	
Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	035822-46-9			5.7E-7	•••	· :	2.1E-5	•••			<del></del>	
Heptachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	067562-39-4	•••	•••	5.7E-7			2.1E-5		,		***	
Heptachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	055673-89-7			5.7E-7*		<b></b>	2.1E-5*					
Hexabromobiphenyl (PBB)**	036355-01-8		·	·			•••				***	
Hexachlorobenzene	000118-74-1	1.0E-3	2.9E-2	5.3E-5		1.1E+0	2.0E-3				***	
Hexachlorobutadiene	000087-68-3		7.3E-3	1.1E-3		2.7E-1	4.0E-2	•••			•••	
Hexachlorocyclohexane, alpha-	000319-84-6		***	1.4E-5	***		5.0E-4				•	
				•								
Hexachlorocyclohexane, beta-	000319-85-7			4.7E-5	•••		1.8E-3	***	***		•••	٠
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin 1,2,3,4,7,8-	039227-28-6			1.4E-8			5.3E-7		•••	•••	*	
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin 1,2,3,6,7,8-	057653-85-7			1.4E-8			5.3E-7		•••	•••	•	
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin 1,2,3,7,8,9-	019408-74-3			1.4E-8	***		5.1E-7				•••	

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			ter/Surface Water Pa Drinking Water	ithway	Sur	face Water Path Food Chain	ıway			iter Pathway nmental	
			Reference Dose			Ref. Dose	Cancer Risk		te	Chro	onic
Substance Name	CAS Number	MCL/MCLG	Screen Conc (mg/L)	Screen Conc (mg/L)	FDAAL (ppm)	Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Screen Conc (mg/kg)	CIVIC (µ		CCC (L	
		(mg/L)	(11.5/2)	(	(PP)	···· <i>B</i> ··· <i>B</i> /	(86)	Fresh	Salt	Fresh	Salt
											•
Hexachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,4,7,8-	070648-26-9		•••	5.7E-8			2.1E-6	***			
Hexachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,6,7,8-	057117-44-9			5.7E-8			2.1E-6	•••			
Hexachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,7,8,9-	072918-21-9			5.7E-8			2.1E-6			***	•••
Hexachlorodibenzofuran 2,3,4,6,7,8-	060851-34-5			5.7E-8			2.1E-6	····			
Hydrazine	000302-01-2			2.8E-5		•••	1.1E-3				•••
Hydrogen sulfide	007783-06-4		1.1E+0*			4.1E+1*				2.0E+0 <sup>F2</sup>	2.0E+0 <sup>F2</sup>
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	000193-39-5	***		1.2E-4			4.3E-3				•••
Iron	007439-89-6	***								1.0E+3 <sup>F2</sup>	•••
Lead	007439-92-1	1.5E-2	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	6.5E+1 <sup>D, E, bb, gg</sup>	2.1E+2 <sup>D, bb</sup>	2.5E+0 <sup>D, E, bb,</sup>	8.1E+0 <sup>D, bb</sup>
Lead chromate**	007758-97-6					•••					•••
Lindane	000058-89-9	2.0E-4	1.1E-2	6.6E-5		4.1E-1	2.4E-3	9.5E-1 <sup>K</sup>	1.6E-1 <sup>G</sup>	•••	•••
Manganese	007439-96-5		5.1E+0			1.9E+2				•••	***
Mercury	007439-97-6	2.0E-3	1.1E-2		1.0E+0	4.1E-1		1.4E+0 <sup>D, K, hh</sup>	1.8E+0 <sup>D, ee, hi</sup>	7.7E-1 <sup>D, K, hh</sup>	9.4E-1 <sup>D, ee, hh</sup>

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

		Ground Wa	ater/Surface Water Pa Drinking Water	athway	Sur	face Water Patl Food Chain	nway		Surface Wa Enviro	ter Pathway nmental	•
		MCL/MCLG	Reference Dose Screen Conc	Cancer Risk Screen Conc	FDAAL	Ref. Dose	Cancer Risk Screen Conc	Acı		Chro	
Substance Name	CAS Number	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(ppm)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	CMC () Fresh	ıg/L) * Salt	CCC (	
				·				riesii	Sait	Fresh 3.0E-2 <sup>F2</sup>	Salt 3.0E-2 <sup>F2</sup>
Methoxychlor	000072-43-5	4.0E-2	1. <b>8E-</b> 1	•••	•••	6.8E+0	•••	***	•••	3.0E-2	3.0E-2
Methyl Parathion	000298-00-0		9.1E-3			3.4E-1			•		•••
Methyl ethyl ketone	000078-93-3		2.2E+1		٠	8.1E+2		•••	•••		
	•										
Methyl isobutyl ketone	000108-10-1		2.9E+0			1.1E+2				•••	•••
Methyl phenol, 4-	000106-44-5		1.8E-1			6.8E+0			•••		•••
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)**	001634-04-4				•••					•••	•••
Methylene chloride (dichloromethane)	000075-09-2	5.0E-3	2.2E+0	1.1E-2		8.1E+1	<b>4.2E-</b> 1		<b></b>		
Methylnaphthalene, 2-	000091-57-6										
Naphthalene	000091-20-3		1.5E+0	···,	•••	5.4E+1					•••
Nickel	007440-02-0		7.3E-1		•••	2.7E+1	•••	4.7E+2 <sup>D, E, K</sup>	7.4E+1 <sup>D, bb</sup>	5.2E+1 <sup>D, E, K</sup>	8.2E+0 <sup>D, bb</sup>
Nitrosodiphenylamine, N-	000086-30-6			1.7E-2	•••		6.4E-1				
						•					
Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin 1,2,3,7,8-	040321-76-4	•••		1.1E-9	•••	•	4.2E-8	•••		•••	•••
Pentachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,7,8-	057117-41-6			*			*			•••	•••
Pentachlorodibenzofuran 2,3,4,7,8-**	057117-31-4			5.7E-9			2.1E-7	•••		•••	•••

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

	•		ter/Surface Water Pa Drinking Water	athway	Sur	face Water Patl Food Chain	hway		Surface Wate Environ		
		MCL/MCLG	Reference Dose Screen Conc	Cancer Risk Screen Conc	FDAAL	Ref. Dose Screen Conc	Cancer Risk Screen Conc		ute		ronic
Substance Name	CAS Number	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(ppm)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	CMC ( Fresh	μg/L) * Salt	Fresh	(μg/L) * Salt
Pentachlorophenol (PCP)	000087-86-5	1.0E-3	1.1E+0	7.1E-4		4.1E+1	2.6E-2	1.9E+1 <sup>F, K</sup>	1.3E+1 <sup>bb</sup>	1.5E+1 <sup>F, K</sup>	
Perchlorate**	014797-73-0		3.7E-3			1.4E-1					
Phenanthrene	000085-01-8	•	•••	•••	•••	***		***	•••	•••	
Phenol	000108-95-2	•••	1.1E+1*	•••		4.1E+2*					•••
Plutonium	007440-07-5										•••
								•			
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	001336-36-3	5.0E-4	7.3E-4	4.3E-5	•••	2.7E-2	1.6E-3	•••		1.4E-2 <sup>N, aa</sup>	3.0E-2 <sup>N</sup> , aa
Pyrene	000129-00-0		1.1E+0	•••		4.1E+1	···	•••		***	
Radium	007440-14-4									***	•••
Radon	010043-92-2			.,,				•••		•••	
Selenium	007782-49-2	5.0E-2	1.8E-1	•••		6.8E+0		L, R, T 	2.9E+2 <sup>D, bb, dd</sup>	5.0E+0 <sup>T</sup>	7.1E+1 <sup>D, bb, dd</sup>
Silver	007440-22-4		1.8E-1			6.8E+0	***	3.2E+0 <sup>D, E, G</sup>	1.9E+0 <sup>D, G</sup>		
Strontium	007440-24-6	•••							•••		···· ·
Styrene	000100-42-5	1.0E-1	7.3E+0			2.7E+2	***	•••	•••		***

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

	,	Ground W	ater/Surface Water Pa Drinking Water	thway	Sur	face Water Patl Food Chain	nway			iter Pathway nmental	
Substance Name	CAS Number	MCL/MCLG (mg/L)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/L)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/L)	FDAAL (ppm)	Ref. Dose Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Acu CMC (µ			onic µg/L) *
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(рриг)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	Fresh	Salt	Fresh	Salt
Tetrachlorobenzene, 1,2,4,5-	000095-94-3	•••	1.1E-2	•••	•••	4.1E-1					
Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin**	041903-57-5	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••
Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin 2,3,7,8-(TCDD)	001746-01-6	3.0E-8		5.7E-10	•••	·	2.1E-8		•••	,	
Tetrachlorodibenzofuran 2,3,7,8-	051207-31-9			5.7E-9		•••	2.1E-7	•••	•••		•••
	`										
Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,2,2-	000079-34-5		***	4.3E-4		•••	1.6E-2				
Tetrachloroethylene	000127-18-4	5.0E-3	3.6E-1	1.6E-3		1.4E+1	6.1E-2	***	•••		•••
Thallium	007440-28-0	5.0E-4	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••			
Toluene	000108-88-3	1.0E+0	7.3E+0		•••	2.7E+2					
Toxaphene	008001-35-2	3.0E-3		7.7E-5			2.9E-3	7.3E-1	2.1E-1	2.0E-4 <sup>aa</sup>	2.0E-4 <sup>aa</sup>
Trichlorobenzene, 1,2,4-	000120-82-1	7.0E-2	3.6E-1			1.4E+1					•••
Trichloroethane, 1,1,1-	000071-55-6	2.0E-1	·		***	•••		•••	•••	***	
Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-	000079-00-5	3.0E-3	1.5E-1	1.5E-3	•••	5.4E+0	5.5E-2			<b></b>	
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	000079-01-6	5.0E-3		7.7E-3	•		2.9E-1_				
		3.UE-3		1.15-3			4.9E-1	***		•••	•••
Trichlorofluoromethane	000075-69-4		1.1E+1		•••	4.1E+2				***	***

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			Ground Water/Surface Water Pathway Drinking Water		Surface Water Pathway Food Chain Pof Dage Capace Bick		Envi		ter Pathway nmental		
		MCL/MCLG	Reference Dose Screen Conc	Cancer Risk Screen Conc	FDAAL	Ref. Dose	Cancer Risk Screen Conc	Acı		Chro	
Substance Name	CAS Number	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(ppm)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	CMC (µ Fresh	sg/L) *	CCC (p	Salt
Trichlorophenol, 2,4,6-	000088-06-2			7.7E-3	··· .		2.9E-1				·
Trichloropropane, 1,2,3-	000096-18-4		2.2E-1	1.2E-5		8.1E+0	4.5E-4				
Trifluralin (Treflan)	001582-09-8		2.7E-1	1.1E-2	***	1.0E+1	4.1E-1		•••		***
Trinitrobenzene, 1,3,5-	000099-35-4		1.1E+0*	•••		4.1E+1*	•••	***		•••	
Vanadium	007440-62-2		2.6E-1			9.5E+0	***				
Vinyl acetate	000108-05-4		3.7E+1			1.4E+3		•••			
Vinyl chloride	000075-01-4	2.0E-3	1.1E-1*	5.7E-5		4,1E+0*	2.1E-3		•••		
Xylene**	001330-20-7		7.3E+0	***	•••	2.7E+2	•••	•••	•••		
Xylene, m-	000108-38-3	1.0E+1	7.3E+1		•••	2.7E+3					
Xylene, o-	000095-47-6	1.0E+1	7.3E+1			2.7E+3					
		-									
Xylene, p-	000106-42-3	1.0E+1						•••			
Zinc	007440-66-6		1.1E+1			4.1E+2		1.2E+2 <sup>D, E, K</sup>	9.0E+1 <sup>D, bb</sup>	1.2E+2 <sup>D, E, K</sup>	8.1E+1 <sup>D</sup> , bb

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 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			AIR PATHWAY	1	SOIL PATHWAY		
Substance Name	CAS Number	NAAQS NESHAPS (ug/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/kg)	
Acenaphthene	000083-32-9				4.7E+3		
Acenaphthylene	000208-96-8	•••					
Acetone	000067-64-1	····			7.0E+4*		
Acrolein	000107-02-8		2.1E-5		3.9E+1*	<b></b> .	
Acrylamide	000079-06-1			1.9E-6	1.6E+1	1.4E-1	
Alachlor**	015972-60-8				7.8E+2	8.0E+0	
Aldrin	000309-00-2			5.0E-7	2.3E+0	3.8E-2	
Aluminum	007429-90-5		··· .	•••			
Americium**	007440-35-9						
Aniline	000062-53-3		1.0E-3			1.1E+2*	
Anthracene	000120-12-7				2.3E+4*		
Antimony	007440-36-0		4.2E-4*		3.1E+1	····	
Arsenic	007440-38-2	<del></del>	<b></b>	5.7E-7	2.3E+1	4.3E-1	
Asbestos	001332-21-4			Inhal Unit Risk: 2.3E-1 fibers/mL*			

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 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			AIR PATHWAY	SOIL PATHWAY		
Substance Name	CAS Number	NAAQS NESHAPS (ug/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/kg)
Barium	007440-39-3	•••	5.2E-4	•••	5.5E+3	
Benz(a)anthracene	000056-55-3					8.8E-1
Benzene	000071-43-2		. 3.1E-2*	3.1E-4	3.1E+2*	1.2E+1*
Benzidine	000092-87-5		<b></b>	3.6E-8	2.3E+2	2.8E-3
Benzo(a)pyrene	000050-32-8					8.8E-2
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	000191-24-2					
Benzo(j,k)fluorene (Fluoranthene)	000206-44-0				3.1E+3	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	000207-08-9	•••			•••	8.8E+0
Beryllium	007440-41-7	1.0E-2	2.1E+1*	1.0E-6	1.6E+2*	*
Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	000117-81-7				1.6E+3	4.6E+1*
Boron	007440-42-8		2.1E-2		7.0E+3	
Bromodichloromethane	000075-27-4				1.6E+3	1.0E+1
Butylbenzyl phthalate	000085-68-7				1.6E+4*	
Cadmium	007440-43-9		9.4E-4*	1.4E-6	3.9E+1	

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM

Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			AIR PATHWAY	SOIL PATHWAY		
Substance Name	. CAS Number	NAAQS NESHAPS (ug/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/kg)
Carbazole	000086-74-8					3.2E+1*
Carbon disulfide	000075-15-0		7.3E-1		7.8E+3	
Carbon tetrachloride	000056-23-5		2.1E-2*	1.6E-4	5.5E+1	4.9E+0
Cesium	007440-46-2		·			***
•						
Chlordane	000057-74-9		7.3E-4*	2.4E-5	3.9E+1*	1.8E+0*
Chlordane, alpha-	005103-71-9		7.3E-4*	2.4E-5*	3.9E+1*	1.8E+0*
Chlordane, gama-	005566-34-7	··· .	7.3E-4*	2.4E-5*	3.9E+1*	1.8E+0*
Chlorobenzene	000108-90-7		2.1E-2		1.6E+3	• •••
Chloroform	000067-66-3			1.1E-4	7.8E+2	*
Chromium	007440-47-3		8.3E-6*	*	2.3E+2*	•••
Chromium(III)	016065-83-1				1.2E+5*	
Chromium(VI)	018540-29-9		8.3E-6*	2.0E-7	2.3E+2*	
Chrysene	000218-01-9			•		8.8E+1*
Cobalt	007440-48-4			•••	•••	
Copper	007440-50-8		***	•••	•	

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			AIR PATHWAY	SOIL PATHWAY		
Substance Name	· CAS Number	NAAQS NESHAPS (ug/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/kg)
Cumene	000098-82-8		4.2E-1*		7.8E+3*	
Cyanamide**	000420-04-2	•••				
Cyanide	000057-12-5		·		1.6E+3	
DDD	000072-54-8	· •••				2.7E+0
DDE	000072-55-9	•••				1.9E+0
DDT	000050-29-3			2.5E-5	3.9E+1	1.9E+0
Di-n-butyl phthalate	000084-74-2				7.8E+3	
Di-n-octyl phthalate	000117-84-0		•••		1.6E+3	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	000053-70-3					8.8E-2
Dibenzofuran	000132-64-9	•••			3.1E+2*	
Dibromo-3-chloropropane, 1,2-	000096-12-8		2.1E-4	3.5E-3		4.6E-1
Dibromoethane, 1,2-	000106-93-4	•••	2.1E-4	1.1E-5		7.5E-3
Dichlorobenzene, 1,4-	000106-46-7		8.3E-1			2.7E+1*
Dichloroethane, 1,1-	000075-34-3		5.2E-1*	•••	7.8E+3	

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			AIR PATHWAY	SOIL PATHWAY		
Substance Name	CAS Number	NAAQS NESHAPS (ug/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/kg)
Dichloroethane, 1,2-	000107-06-2			9.4E-5		7.0E+0
Dichloroethylene, 1,1-	000075-35-4	•••	2.1E-1*	7.1E-6	3.9E+3*	*
Dichloroethylene, 1,2-**	000540-59-0				7.0E+2	
Dichloroethylene, cis-1,2-	000156-59-2				7.8E+2	
Dichloroethylene, trans-1,2-	000156-60-5		·	***	1.6E+3	
Dichlorophenol, 2,4-	000120-83-2			***	2.3E+2	
Dichloropropane, 1,2-	000078-87-5		4.2E-3			9.4E+0
Dichloropropene, 1,3-	000542-75-6		2.1E-2	6.1E-4	2.3E+3*	6.4E+0*
Dieldrin	000060-57-1			5.3E-7	3.9E+0	4.0E-2
Diethyl phthalate	000084-66-2	•••	·	•••	6.3E+4*	
Dimethyl phenol, 2,4-	000105-67-9				1.6E+3	
Dinitrobenzene, 1,3-	000099-65-0		<b></b>		7.8E+0	
Dioxin 1,4-**	000290-67-5			•••		
Diphenylhydrazine, 1,2-	000122-66-7	***		1.1E-5		8.0E-1
Disulfoton	000298-04-4				3.1E+0	***

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			AIR PATHWAY	SOIL PATHWAY		
Substance Name	CAS Number	NAAQS NESHAPS (ug/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/kg)
Endosulfan (I or II)	000115-29-7	***			4.7E+2	
Endosulfan I**	000959-98-8				4.7E+2	•••
Endosulfan II**	033213-65-9		·		4.7E+2	
Endrin	000072-20-8			····	2.3E+1	
Endrin aldehyde	007421-93-4					•••
Ethyl benzene	000100-41-4	***	1.0E+0	···	7.8E+3	
Ethyl chloride	000075-00-3	•••	1.0E+1			***
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (EBGE)**	000111-76-2	•••	2.1E-1	<del></del>	3.9E+4	
Fluorene	000086-73-7	•••			3.1E+3	
Fluorine	007782-41-4	•••	<del></del> .		4.7E+3	
Heptachlor	000076-44-8			1.9E-6	3.9E+1	1.4E-1
Heptachlor epoxide, alpha, beta, gamma	001024-57-3		•••	9.4E-7	1.0E+0	7.0E-2
Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin**	037871-00-4					•••
Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	035822-46-9			5.7E-8		4.3E-3

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).



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Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			AIR PATHWAY		SOIL PATHWAY	
Substance Name	CAS Number	NAAQS NESHAPS (ug/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/kg)
Heptachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	067562-39-4	•••		5.7E-8		4.3E-3
Heptachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-	055673-89-7			5.7E-8*		4.3E-3*
Hexabromobiphenyl (PBB)**	036355-01-8					
Hexachlorobenzene	000118-74-1		<b></b> .	5.3E-6	6.3E+1	4.0E-1
Hexachtorobutadiene	000087-68-3	•••		1.1E-4	1.6E+1	8.2E+0
Hexachlorocyclohexane, alpha-	000319-84-6			1.4E-6		1.0E-1
Hexachiorocyclohexane, beta-	000319-85-7			4.6E-6		3.5E-1
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin 1,2,3,4,7,8-	039227-28-6			1.4E-9		1.1 <b>E-4</b>
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin 1,2,3,6,7,8-	057653-85-7		•••	1.4E-9		1.1 <b>E-4</b>
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin 1,2,3,7,8,9-	019408-74-3			1.9E-9		1.0E-4
Hexachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,4,7,8-	070648-26-9			5.7E-9		4.3E-4
Hexachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,6,7,8-	057117-44-9			5.7E-9		4.3E-4
Hexachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,7,8,9-	072918-21-9	•••		5.7E-9		4.3E-4
Hexachlorodibenzofuran 2,3,4,6,7,8-	060851-34-5			. 5.7E-9		4.3E-4

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).



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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			AIR PATHWAY	SOIL PATHWAY		
Substance Name	CAS Number	NAAQS NESHAPS (ug/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/kg)
Hydrazine	000302-01-2			5.0E-7		2.1E-1
Hydrogen sulfide	007783-06-4	•••	2.1E-3		2.3E+3*	***
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	000193-39-5				•••	8.8E-1
Iron	007439-89-6					
Lead	007439-92-1	1.5E+0				
Lead chromate**	007758-97-6					
Lindane	000058-89-9				2.3E+1	4.9E-1
Manganese	007439-96-5		5.2E-5		1.1E+4	
Mercury	007439-97-6		3.1E-4		2.3E+1	
Methoxychlor	000072-43-5	•••			3.9E+2	
Methyl Parathion	000298-00-0				2.0E+1	
Methyl ethyl ketone	000078-93-3		5.2E+0*		4.7E+4*	
Methyl isobutyl ketone	. 000108-10-1		3.1E+0*	<b></b>	6.3E+3	<b></b>
Methyl phenol, 4-	000106-44-5			•••	3.9E+2	
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)**	001634-04-4		3.1E+0			***

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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#### HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM

Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			AIR PATHWAY	SOIL PATHWAY		
Substance Name	CAS Number	NAAQS NESHAPS (ug/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/kg)
Methylene chloride (dichloromethane)	000075-09-2		3.1E+0	5.2E-3	4.7E+3	8.5E+1*
Methylnaphthalene, 2-	000091-57-6	·				
Naphthalene	000091-20-3		3.1E-3*		3.1E+3	
Nickel	007440-02-0		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1.6E+3	•••
Nitrosodiphenylamine, N-	000086-30-6					1.3E+2*
Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin 1,2,3,7,8-	040321-76-4			1.1E-10		8.5E-6
Pentachlorodibenzofuran 1,2,3,7,8-	057117-41-6	•••		*		*
Pentachlorodibenzofuran 2,3,4,7,8-**	057117-31-4			5.7E-10		4.3E-5
Pentachlorophenol (PCP)	000087-86-5				2.3E+3	5.3E+0
Perchlorate**	014797-73-0			•••	7.8E+0	
Phenanthrene	000085-01-8					
Phenol	000108-95-2		···	•••	2.3E+4*	
Plutonium	007440-07-5					·
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	001336-36-3			2.4E-5*	1.6E+0	3.2E-1*

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM

Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			AIR PATHWAY	SOIL PATHWAY		
Substance Name	CAS Number	NAAQS NESHAPS (ug/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/kg)
Pyrene	000129-00-0	***			2.3E+3	•••
Radium	007440-14-4	•••				
Radon	010043-92-2					
Selenium	007782-49-2				3.9E+2	
Silver	007440-22-4	•••			3.9E+2	
Strontium	007440-24-6			• •••	4.7E+4*	
Styrene	000100-42-5	<b></b>	1.0E+0		1.6E+4*	
Tetrachlorobenzene, 1,2,4,5-	000095-94-3	<del></del>			2.3E+1	
Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin**	041903-57-5	•••		<b></b> ,	<del></del>	
Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin 2,3,7,8- (TCDD)	001746-01-6	•••		5.7E-11		4.3E-6
Tetrachlorodibenzofuran 2,3,7,8-	051207-31-9			5.7E-10		4.3E-5
Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,2,2-	000079-34-5	···		4.2E-5		3.2E+0
Tetrachloroethylene	000127-18-4				7.8E+2	1.2E+1
Thallium	007440-28-0					
Toluene	000108-88-3		4.2E-1		1.6E+4*	

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM

Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			AIR PATHWAY	SOIL PATHWAY		
Substance Name	CAS Number	NAAQS NESHAPS (ug/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/kg)
						-
Toxaphene	008001-35-2	***		7.6E-6	·	5.8E-1
Trichlorobenzene, 1,2,4-	000120-82-1		2.1E-1		7.8E+2	
Trichloroethane, 1,1,1-	000071-55-6	•••	2.3E+0*			
Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-	000079-00-5			1.5E-4	3.1E+2	1.1 <b>E</b> +1
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	000079-01-6					5.8E+1*
Trichlorofluoromethane	000075-69-4		7.3E-1		2.3E+4*	
Trichlorophenol, 2,4,6-	000088-06-2	···		7.8E-4		5.8E+1*
Trichloropropane, 1,2,3-	000096-18-4			•••	4.7E+2	9.1E-2
Trifluralin (Treflan)	001582-09-8				5.9E+2	8.3E+1*
Trinitrobenzene, 1,3,5-	000099-35-4				2.3E+3*	•••
Vanadium	007440-62-2				5.5E+2	
Vinyl acetate	000108-05-4		2.1E-1	•••	7.8E+4*	
Vinyl chloride	000075-01-4		1.0E-1*	2.8E-4	2.3E+2*	4.3E-1*
Xylene**	001330-20-7	•••	1.0E-1	•••	1.6E+4	

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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#### HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM

#### Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

			AIR PATHWAY	SOIL PATHWAY		
Substance Name	CAS Number	NAAQS NESHAPS (ug/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/m^3)	Reference Dose Screen Conc (mg/kg)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (mg/kg)
Xylene, m-	000108-38-3			•••	1.6E+5*	··· ,
Xylene, o-	000095-47-6				1.6E+5*	
	•					
Xylene, p-	000106-42-3		·			***
Zinc	007440-66-6	***	***		2.3E+4*	

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

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DRINKING WATER FOOD CHAIN AIR SOIL Cancer Risk Cancer Risk Cancer Risk Cancer Risk Cancer Risk CAS Number Substance Name MCL Screen Conc Screen Conc Screen Conc UMTRCA Soil Ing Soil Gam (pCi/L) (pCi/L) (pCi/kg) (pCi/m3) (pCi/kg) (pCi/kg), (pCi/kg) Americium 241 014596-10-2 1.5E+1\* 4.6E-1\* 1.3E+1\* 1.7E-4\* 3.7E+3\* 014234-35-6 3.0E+2\* 9.3E+0\* 2.4E+2\* 2.5E-1\* 6.0E+4\* Antimony 125(+D) (radionuclide) 6.0E+2\* 9.5E+0\* 2.2E-1\* Cadmium 109 (radionuclide) 014109-32-1 2.6E+2\* 7.0E+4\* 010045-97-3 2.0E+2\* 1.6E+0\* 4.7E+1\* 4.0E-1\* Cesium 137(+D) (radionuclide) 1.8E+4\* 013981-50-5 1.0E+3\* 4.6E+1\* 1.2E+3\* 2.3E+0\* 2.9E+5\* Cobalt 57 (radionuclide) 3.0E+0\* 7.9E+1\* 010198-40-0 1.0E+2\* 1.3E-1\* 2.0E+4\* Cobalt 60 (radionuclide) 014681-59-5 2.0E+3\* 5.5E+1\* 1.5E+3\* 6.0E+0\* 3.8E+5\* Iron 55 (radionuclide) 3.7E-2 5.1E-1\* 3.4E-4 014255-04-0 Lead 210(+D) (radionuclide) 3.0E+2\* 2.1E+1\* Manganese 54 (radionuclide) 013966-31-9 3.0E+2\* 5.7E+2\* 8.1E-1\* 1.5E+5\* 3.0E+2\* 1.8E+2\* 4.5E+3\* 1.0E+1\* Nickel 59 (radionuclide) 014336-70-0 1.1E+6\* 013981-37-8 5.0E+1\* 7.1E+1\* 1.9E+3\* 2.9E+0\* Nickel 63 (radionuclide) 4.4E+5\* 6.4E-1 1.8E+1\* 2.1E-4\* Plutonium 236 (radionuclide) 015411-92-4 4.6E+3\* Plutonium 238 (radionuclide) 013981-16-3 1.5E+1\* 3.6E-1\* 1.0E+1\* 1.4E-4\* 2.9E+3\* 1.5E+1\* 3.5E-1\* 1.0E+1\* 1.4E-4\* Plutonium 239 (radionuclide) 015117-48-3 2.9E+3\* 1.5E+1\* 3.5E-1\* 1.0E+1\* Plutonium 240 (radionuclide) 014119-33-6 1.4E-4\* 2.9E+3\*

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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# HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Hazardous Substance Benchmarks

	İ	DRINKI	IG WATER	FOOD CHAIN	AIR		SOIL	•
Substance Name	CAS Number	MCL (pCi/L)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (pCi/L)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (pCi/kg)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (pCi/m3)	UMTRCA (pCi/kg)	Cancer Risk Soil Ing (pCi/kg)	Cancer Risk Soil Gam (pCi/kg)
Plutonium 241(+D) (radionuclide)	014119-32-5		2.7E+1*	7.7E+2*	1.4E-2*		2.4E+5*	
Plutonium 242 (radionuclide)	013982-10-0	1.5E+1*	3.7E-1*	1.1E+1*	1. <b>5</b> E- <b>4</b> *		3.0E+3*	
Plutonium 243 (radionuclide)	015706-37-3		1.0E+2*	2.5E+3*	1.6E+1*		5.9E+5*	
Plutonium 244(+D) (radionuclide)	014119-34-7	1.5E+1*	3.5E-1*	9.8E+0*	1.6E-4*		2.7E+3*	
Radium 226(+D) (radionuclide)	013982-63-3	5.0E+0*	1.2E-1	3.4E+0*	4.1E-4		1.1E+3*	
Radium 228(+D) (radionuclide)	015262-20-1	5.0E+0*	4.6E-2*	1.2E+0*	9.1E-4*	•••	3.5E+2*	•••
Radon 222 (+D)(radionuclide)	014859-67-7				6.3E-1			
Silver 108m(+D) (radionuclide)	014391-65-2		5.8E+0*	1.6E+2*	1.8E-1*		4.1E+4*	
Silver 110m (radionuclide)	014391-76-5	9.0E+1*	4.8E+0*	1.3E+2*	1.7E-1*		3.4E+4*	•••
				•				
Strontium 90(+D) (radionuclide)	010098-97-2	8.0E+0*	6.4E-1*	1.8E+1*	4.2E-2*		5.5E+3*	
Technetium 99 (radionuclide)**	014133-76-7	9.0E+2	1.7E+1	4.4E+2	3.4E-1*		1.0E+5	
Thallium 204 (radionuclide)	013968-51-9	3.0E+2*	8.1E+0*	2.1E+2*	1.9E+0*	•••	5.2E+4*	
Thorium 227 (radionuclide)	015623-47-9		1.0E+0*	2.5E+1*	1.4E-4*		5.8E+3*	•••
·								
Thorium 228(+D) (radionuclide)	014274-82-9	1.5E+1*	1.6E-1	4.2E+0*	3.3E-5*		9.8E+2*	•••

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM Page BII-27 Hazardous Substance Benchmarks SCDM Data Version: 1/27/2004

	1	DRINKI	IG WATER	FOOD CHAIN	AIR	SOIL			
Substance Name	CAS Number	MCL (pCi/L)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (pCi/L)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (pCi/kg)	Cancer Risk Screen Conc (pCi/m3)	UMTRCA (pCi/kg)	Cancer Risk Soil Ing (pCi/kg)	Cancer Risk Soil Gam (pCi/kg)	
Thorium 229(+D) (radionuclide)	015594-54-4	1.5E+1*	9.0E-2	2.5E+0*	2.1E-5*		6.2E+2*	•••	
Thorium 230 (radionuclide)	014269-63-7	1.5E+1*	5.2E-1*	1.5E+1*	1.7E-4*		3.9E+3*	•••	
Thorium 231 (radionuclide)	014932-40-2		2.2E+1*	5.4E+2*	3.1E+0*		1.2E+5*		
Thorium 232 (radionuclide)	007440-29-1	1.5E+1*	4.7E-1*	1.3E+1*	1.1E-4*		3.4E+3*		
Thorium 234 (radionuclide)	015065-10-8		2.1E+0*	5.8E+1*	1.6E-1*	***	1.2E+4*		
Tritium	010028-17-8		4.3E+2*	1.2E+4*	2.4E+1*	***	3.6E+6*	•••	
Uranium 232 (radionuclide)	014158-29-3	2.0E+1*	1.6E-1*	4.6E+0*	2.4E-4*		1.4E+3*		
Uranium 233 (radionuclide)	013968-55-3	2.0E+1*	6.6E-1*	1.8E+1*	4.1E-4*		5.0E+3*	***	
Uranium 234 (radionuclide)	013966-29-5	2.0E+1*	6.7E-1*	1.8E+1*	4.2E-4*	•	5.0E+3*		
Uranium 235(+D) (radionuclide)	015117-96-1	2.0E+1*	6.6E-1*	1.8E+1*	4.7E-4*		4.9E+3*		
Uranium 236(+D) (radionuclide)	013982-70-2	2.0E+1*	7.1E-1*	1.9E+1*	4.5E-4*		5.3E+3*		
Uranium 238(+D) (radionuclide)	007440-61-1	2.0E+1*	5.5E-1*	1.5E+1*	5.1E-4*		3.8E+3*		
Zinc 65 (radionuclide)	013982-39-3	3.0E+2* ·	4.1E+0*	1.1E+2*	8.2E-1*	•••	3.2E+4*		

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

### **Hazardous Substance Footnotes**

Footnote Code	Footnote Description .
A	This recommended water quality criterion was derived from data for arsenic (III), but is applied here to total arsenic, which might imply that arsenic (III) and arsenic (V) are equally toxic to aquatic life and that their toxicities are additive. In the arsenic criteria document (EPA 440/5-84-033, January 1985), Species Mean Acute Values are given for both arsenic (III) and arsenic (V) for five species and the ratios of the SMAVs for each species range from 0.6 to 1.7. Chronic values are available for both arsenic (III) and arsenic (V) for one species; for the fathead minnow, the chronic value for arsenic (V) is 0.29 times the chronic value for arsenic (III). No data are known to be available concerning whether the toxicities of the forms of arsenic to aquatic organisms are additive.
. <b>B</b>	This criterion has been revised to reflect The Environmental Protection Agency's q1* or RfD, as contained in the Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) as of May 17, 2002. The fish tissue bioconcentration factor (BCF) from the 1980 Ambient Water Quality Criteria document was retained in each case.
C <sub>.</sub>	This criterion is based on carcinogenicity of 10 <sup>-6</sup> risk. Alternate risk levels may be obtained by moving the decimal point (e.g., for a risk level of 10 <sup>-5</sup> , move the decimal point in the recommended criterion one place to the right).
D	Freshwater and saltwater criteria for metals are expressed in terms of the dissolved metal in the water column. The recommended water quality criteria value was calculated by using the previous 304(a) aquatic life criteria expressed in terms of total recoverable metal, and multiplying it by a conversion factor (CF). The term "Conversion Factor" (CF) represents the recommended conversion factor for converting a metal criterion expressed as the total recoverable fraction in the water column to a criterion expressed as the dissolved fraction in the water column. (Conversion Factors for saltwater CCCs are not currently available. Conversion factors derived for saltwater CMCs have been used for both saltwater CMCs and CCCs). See "Office of Water Policy and Technical Guidance on Interpretation and Implementation of Aquatic Life Metals Criteria," October 1, 1993, by Martha G. Prothro, Acting Assistant Administrator for Water, available from the Water Resource center, USEPA, 401 M St., SW, mail code RC4100, Washington, DC 20460; and 40CFR§131.36(b)(1). Conversion Factors applied in the table can be found in Appendix A to the Preamble-Conversion Factors for Dissolved Metals (which is attached below).
E	The freshwater criterion for this metal is expressed as a function of hardness (mg/L) in the water column. The value given here corresponds to a hardness of 100 mg/L. Criteria values for other hardness may be calculated from the following: CMC (dissolved) = $\exp\{m_A [\ln(\text{hardness})] + b_A\}$ (CF), or CCC (dissolved) = $\exp\{m_C [\ln(\text{hardness})] + b_C\}$ (CF) and the parameters specified in Appendix B-Parameters for Calculating Freshwater Dissolved Metals Criteria That Are Hardness-Dependent (which is attached below).
F	Freshwater aquatic life values for pentachlorophenol are expressed as a function of pH, and are calculated as follows: CMC = exp(1.005(pH)-4.869); CCC = exp(1.005(pH)-5.134). Values displayed in table correspond to a pH of 7.8.
G	This Criterion is based on 304(a) aquatic life criterion issued in 1980, and was issued in one of the following documents: Aldrin/Dieldrin (EPA 440/5-80-019), Chlordane (EPA 440/5-80-027), DDT (EPA 440/5-80-038), Endosulfan (EPA 440/5-80-046), Endrin (EPA 440/5-80-047), Heptachlor (EPA 440/5-80-052), Hexachlorocyclohexane (EPA 440/5-80-054), Silver (EPA 440/5-80-071). The Minimum Data Requirements and derivation procedures were different in the 1980 Guidelines than in the 1985 Guidelines. For example, a "CMC" derived using the 1980 Guidelines was derived to be used as an instantaneous maximum. If assessment is to be done using an averaging period, the values given should be divided by 2 to obtain a value that is more comparable to a CMC derived using the 1985 Guidelines.
Н	No criterion for protection of human health from consumption of aquatic organisms excluding water was presented in the 1980 criteria document or in the 1986 Quality Criteria for Water. Nevertheless, sufficient information was presented in the 1980 document to allow the calculation of a criterion, even though the results of such a calculation were not shown in the document.
I .	This criterion for asbestos is the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) developed under the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA).
J	This fish tissue residue criterion for methylmercury is based on a total fish consumption rate of 0.0175 kg/day.

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#### **Hazardous Substance Footnotes**

Footnote Code	Footnote Description
К .	This recommended criterion is based on a 304(a) aquatic life criterion that was issued in the 1995 Updates: Water Quality Criteria Documents for the Protection of Aquatic Life in Ambient Water, (EPA-820-B-96-001, September 1996). This value was derived using the GLI Guidelines (60FR15393-15399, March 23, 1995; 40CFR132 Appendix A); the difference between the 1985 Guidelines and the GLI Guidelines are explained on page iv of the 1995 Updates. None of the decisions concerning the derivation of this criterion were affected by any considerations that are specific to the Great Lakes.
L	The CMC = $1/[(f1/CMC1) + (f2/CMC2)]$ where f1 and f2 are the fractions of total selenium that are treated as selenite and selenate, respectively, and CMC1 and CMC2 are 185.9 $\mu$ g/l and 12.82 $\mu$ g/l, respectively.
M	EPA is currently reassessing the criteria for arsenic.
N	This criterion applies to total pcbs, (e.g., the sum of all congener or all isomer or homolog or Aroclor analyses.)
O	The derivation of the CCC for this pollutant (Endrin) did not consider exposure through the diet, which is probably important for aquatic life occupying upper trophic levels.
P	Although a new RfD is available in IRIS, the surface water criteria will not be revised until the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations: Stage 2 Disinfectants and Disinfection Byproducts Rule (Stage 2 DBPR) is completed, since public comment on the relative source contribution (RSC) for chloroform is anticipated.
Q	This recommended water quality criterion is expressed as µg free cyanide (as CN)/L.
R	This value for selenium was announced (61FR58444-58449, November 14, 1996) as a proposed GLI 303( c) aquatic life criterion. EPA is currently working on this criterion and so this value might change substantially in the near future.
S	This recommended water quality criterion for arsenic refers to the inorganic form only.
T	This recommended water quality criterion for selenium is expressed in terms of total recoverable metal in the water column. It is scientifically acceptable to use the conversion factor (0.996-CMC or 0.922-CCC) that was used in the GLI to convert this to a value that is expressed in terms of dissolved metal.
U .	The organoleptic effect criterion is more stringent than the value for priority toxic pollutants.
v	This value was derived from data for heptachlor and the criteria document provides insufficient data to estimate the relative toxicities of heptachlor and heptachlor epoxide.
W	Although EPA has not published a completed criteria document for butylbenzyl phthalate it is EPA's understanding that sufficient data exist to allow calculation of aquatic criteria. It is anticipated that industry intends to publish in the peer reviewed literature draft aquatic life criteria generated in accordance with EPA Guidelines. EPA will review such criteria for possible issuance as national WQC.
x	There is a full set of aquatic life toxicity data that show that DEHP is not toxic to aquatic organisms at or below its solubility limit.
Y	This value was derived from data for endosulfan and is most appropriately applied to the sum of alpha-endosulfan and beta-endosulfan.
z	A more stringent MCL has been issued by EPA. Refer to drinking water regulations (40 CFR 141) or Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791) for values.
<b>aa</b> .	This criterion is based on a 304(a) aquatic life criterion issued in 1980 or 1986, and was issued in one of the following documents: Aldrin/Dieldrin (EPA 440/5-80-019), Chlordane (EPA 440/5-80-027), DDT (EPA 440/5-80-038), Endrin (EPA 440/5-80-047), Heptachlor (EPA 440/5-80-052), Polychlorinated biphenyls (EPA 440/5-80-068), Toxaphene (EPA 440/5-86-006). This CCC is currently based on the Final Residue Value (FRV) procedure. Since the publication of the Great Lakes Aquatic Life Criteria Guidelines in 1995 (60FR15393-15399, March 23, 1995), the Agency no longer uses the Final Residue Value procedure for deriving CCCs for new or revised 304(a) aquatic life criteria. Therefore, the Agency anticipates that future revisions of this CCC will not be based on the FRV procedure.

Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

Footnote Code	
1 oothole code	Footnote Description
bb	This water quality criterion is based on a 304(a) aquatic life criterion that was derived using the 1985 Guidelines (Guidelines for Deriving Numerical National Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Organisms and Their Uses, PB85-227049, January 1985) and was issued in one of the following criteria documents: Arsenic (EPA 440/5-84-033), Cadmium (EPA 882-R-01-001), Chromium (EPA 440/5-84-029), Copper (EPA 440/5-84-031), Cyanide (EPA 440/5-84-028), Lead (EPA 440/5-84-027), Nickel (EPA 440/5-86-004), Pentachlorophenol (EPA 440/5-86-009), Toxaphene, (EPA 440/5-86-006), Zinc (EPA 440/5-87-003).
cc	When the concentration of dissolved organic carbon is elevated, copper is substantially less toxic and use of Water-Effect Ratios might be appropriate.
dd	The selenium criteria document (EPA 440/5-87-006, September 1987) provides that if selenium is as toxic to saltwater fishes in the field as it is to freshwater fishes in the field, the status of the fish community should be monitored whenever the concentration of selenium exceeds 5.0 µg/L in salt water because the saltwater CCC does not take into account uptake via the food chain.
ee	This recommended water quality criterion was derived on page 43 of the mercury criteria document (EPA 440/5-84-026, January 1985). The saltwater CCC of 0.025 ug/L given on page 23 of the criteria document is based on the Final Residue Value procedure in the 1985 Guidelines. Since the publication of the Great Lakes Aquatic Life Criteria Guidelines in 1995 (60FR15393-15399, March 23, 1995), the Agency no longer uses the Final Residue Value procedure for deriving CCCs for new or revised 304(a) aquatic life criteria.
ff	This recommended water quality criterion was derived in Ambient Water Quality Criteria Saltwater Copper Addendum (Draft, April 14, 1995) and was promulgated in the Interim final National Toxics Rule (60FR22228- 222237, May 4, 1995).
gg	EPA is actively working on this criterion and so this recommended water quality criterion may change substantially in the near future.
hh	This recommended water quality criterion was derived from data for inorganic mercury (II), but is applied here to total mercury. If a substantial portion of the mercury in the water column is methylmercury, this criterion will probably be under protective. In addition, even though inorganic mercury is converted to methylmercury and methylmercury bioaccumulates to a great extent, this criterion does not account for uptake via the food chain because sufficient data were not available when the criterion was derived.
ii	This criterion applies to DDT and its metabolites (i.e., the total concentration of DDT and its metabolites should not exceed this value).
F2	The derivation of this value is presented in the Red Book (EPA 440/9-76-023, July, 1976).
G2	This value is based on a 304(a) aquatic life criterion that was derived using the 1985 Guidelines (Guidelines for Deriving Numerical National Water Quality Criteria for the Protection of Aquatic Organisms and Their Uses, PB85-227049, January 1985) and was issued in one of the following criteria documents: Aluminum (EPA 440/5-86-008); Chloride (EPA 440/5-88-001); Chloropyrifos (EPA 440/5-86-005).
12	This value for aluminum is expressed in terms of total recoverable metal in the water column.
L2	There are three major reasons why the use of Water-Effect Ratios might be appropriate. (1) The value of 87 µg/l is based on a toxicity test with the striped bass in water with pH= 6.5-6.6 and hardness <10 mg/L. Data in "Aluminum Water-Effect Ratio for the 3M Plant Effluent Discharge, Middleway, West Virginia" (May 1994) indicate that aluminum is substantially less toxic at higher pH and hardness, but the effects of pH and hardness are not well quantified at this time. (2) In tests with the brook trout at low pH and hardness, effects increased with increasing concentrations of total aluminum even though the concentration of dissolved aluminum was constant, indicating that total recoverable is a more appropriate measurement than dissolved, at least when particulate aluminum is primarily aluminum hydroxide particles. In surface waters, however, the total recoverable procedure might measure aluminum associated with clay particles, which might be less toxic than aluminum associated with aluminum hydroxide. (3) EPA is aware of field data indicating that many high quality waters in the U.S. contain more than 87 µg aluminum/L, when either total recoverable or dissolved is measured.

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 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

28 Jan 2004

Conversion Factors for Dissolved Metals								
Metal	Conversion Factor Freshwater CMC	Conversion Factor Freshwater CCC	Conversion Factor Saltwater CMC	Conversion Factor Saltwater CMC				
Arsenic	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000				
Cadmium	1.136672-[(ln hardness)(0.041838)]	1.101672-[(ln hardness)(0.041838)]	0.994 0.994					
ChromiumIII	0.316	0.860						
Chromium VI	0.982	0.962	0.993	0.993				
Copper	0.960	0.960	0.83	0,83				
Lead	1.46203-[(ln hardness)(0.145712)]	1.46203-[ln hardness)(0.145712)]	0.951	0.951				
Mercury	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85				
Nickel	0.998	0.997	0.990	0.990				
Selenium			0.998	0.998				
Silver	0.85		0.85					
Zinc	0.978	0.986	0.946	0.946				

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Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
 Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

	_		Conversion Factors (CF)			
Chemical	m <sub>A</sub>	b <sub>A</sub>	m <sub>c</sub>	b <sub>C</sub>	СМС	ccc
Cadmium	1.0166	-3.924	0.7409	-4.719	1.136672-[(ln hardness)(0.041838)]	1.101672-[(ln hardness)(0.041838)]
Chromium III	0.8190	3.7256	0.8190	0.6848	0.316	0.860
Copper	0.9422	-1.700	0.8545	-1.702	0.960	0.960
Lead	1.273	-1.460	1.273	-4.705	1.46203-[(ln hardness)(0.145712)]	1.46203-[(ln hardness)(0.145712)]
Nickel	0.8460	2.255	0.8460	0.0584	0.998	0.997
Silver	1.72	-6.59			0.85	
Zinc	0.8473	0.884	0.8473	0.884	0.978	0.986

Hardness-dependent metals' criteria may be calculated from the following:

CMC (dissolved) = exp  $\{m_A [ln(hardness)] + b_A\}$  (CF) CCC (dissolved) = exp  $\{m_C [ln(hardness)] + b_C\}$  (CF)

- Indicates difference between previous version of chemical data ( JUN 96 ) and current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).
   Indicates new hazardous substance in current version of chemical data ( JAN04 ).

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# **REFERENCE 3**

# STATE UNIVERSITY, NEW MEXICO (298535)

# **Period of Record Monthly Climate Summary**

Period of Record: 4/1/1959 to 12/31/2005

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annual
Average Max. Temperature (F)	58.2	63.2	70.0	77.8	86.4	94.6	94.9	92.1	87.2	78.5	66.8	57.9	77.3
Average Min. Temperature (F)	28.1	31.5	37.0	43.6	52.0	61.2	67.2	65.3	58.4	45.8	34.5	28.3	46.1
Average Total Precipitation (in.)	0.47	0.40	0.24	0.21	0.30	0.75	1.42	2.12	1.28	0.88	0.47	0.70	9.23
Average Total SnowFall (in.)	1.0	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.4	3.7
Average Snow Depth (in.)		0			C	0	. 0	) (	) (	0	0	0	0

Percent of possible observations for period of record.

Max. Temp.: 99.6% Min. Temp.: 99.6% Precipitation: 99.6% Snowfall: 99.5% Snow Depth: 99.3%

Check Station Metadata or Metadata graphics for more detail about data completeness.

Western Regional Climate Center, wrcc@dri.edu

# **REFERENCE 4**

# Petroleum Storage Tank Bureau

Governor Bill Richardson

Lt. Governor Diane Denish



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EIB EIdea Web Portal **Environmental Health Environmental Justice EPD** Food Program Green Zia **Ground Water Quality** Hazardous Waste Hearing Officer Information **Technology Division** Job Opportunities Leaking Petro Tank Licensing Liquid Waste Meetings & Hearings Mission Statement **OSHA** OOTS **OSHRC** Org Chart **Permits** Petro Storage Tanks Pollution Prevention **Programs** Press Releases Notices Record Request Radiation Control Regulations & Laws

Site Map

Special Reports Spill Alert Solid Waste



# Past and Current Leak Sites by City

Please see PST Regulations 20.5.15 NMAC - Corrective Action Fund Use and Expenditures, for more information about the LST ranking system.

This information is for the PST owner/operator and other government agencies. You may download this data for your use provided this information (numbers, dates, and names) is not altered, misused or manipulated. This report is ordered from left to right with field names: RANK, PRIORITY, SCORE, RELEASE\_ID, RELEASE\_NAME, FACILITY\_ID, PHYSICAL\_ADDRESS, CITY, ST, ZIP, COUNTY, REPORT\_DATE, CURRENT\_STATUS, STATUS DATE, STAFF.

Download Text File (approx 1250K)

Please refer to the table below for a complete description of fields:

Field	Description
Rank	Relative ordering of releases based on score of site specific risk factors. Those sites with a number one ranking have the most serious impact to human health safety and welfare, and the environment.
	Priority 1 means release has impacts to water supplies, utilities, explosive or toxic vapors, or ecological damage.
Priority	Priority 2 means contamination includes nonaqueous phase liquid or contaminant saturated soil.
	Priority 3 means actionable levels of contamination in soil and/or groundwater.
Score	The arithmetic total of all criteria used to determine relative rank.
Release_ID	Unique numeric identifier for a release.
Release_Name	Name by which release is known
Facility_ID	Unique numeric identifier for a physical location of storage tanks.
Physical_Address	Release site location by street address
City	Release site location by city
St	Release site location by state
Zip	Release site location by postal code.
County	An administrative division of state.
Report_Date	Date release was reported to NMED

Cabinet Secretary **Ron Curry** \*\*\* **Deputy Secretary** Derrith Watchman-Moore



SDWIS

**Drinking Water** Watch



Bordering New Mexico





Request for **Proposals** 



**Environmental GIS** 



2006 Summe Internship



NM Climate Chang



Pollution Prevention Program

Green Zia Program





Environmental Justice

# Petroleum Storage Tank Bureau New Mexico Environment Department Past and Current Leak Sites by City Page 2

Standards
Storage Tank
Committee
STORET Data
Warehouse
Staff Directory
Summer Internship
Surface Water
Swimming Pools
Technical Services
WWMD
WQCC

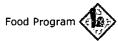
♦ ♦ ♦
New Mexico
Environment Dept
PO Box 26110
1190 St Francis Dr
Suite #N4050
Santa Fe, NM 87502
Tel. (800) 219-6157
(505) 827-2855
♦ ♦ ♦

Current_State	Last corrective action milestone achieved. Note: When releases achieve "No Further Action Required," they drop off of the ranking.					
Status_Date	Date status achieved.					
Staff	NMED employee who serves as the single point of contact for the release.					
and the same of th	How to use reports that are delimited (text)					
	This page was last updated February 24, 2006					
PSTB Home	Regulations   Staff List (PDF)   Announcements					

NM Environmen Improvement Board

NMED Employment Opportunities









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NM State Home

**NMED Contacts** 

Site Map

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## Reported LUST Sites Within a Four Mile Radius Highlighted sites are within one mile of contaminated site

						Report	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Status	
Name	Street Address	City	State	Zip	County	Date	Status	Date	Staff
		_					No Further Action		Timothy
Abc Automotive Svc	550 E Madrid	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	2/10/1995	Required	7/31/1997	Eckert
All Al 4 O	1005 M Bissales		l <sub>NIA</sub>	00000	D A	1/7/1000	Investigation,	F/F/4000	1 = 46 = B #:11
All About Cars	1695 W Picacho	Las Cruces	NM	88032	Dona Ana	1///1993	Responsible Party	5/5/1993	Jeffery Mills
							Cleanup,		Christopher
Amador Bulk Plant	Amador And Compress	Las Cruces	NM	88032	Dona Ana	8/30/2002	Responsible Party	6/13/2005	
	1								
				,			Cleanup,		Christopher
Bar F 20/Earls Buy	901 S Valley Dr	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	12/22/1989	Responsible Party	5/1/1995	Holmes
							No Further Action		Christopher
Bar F 22	1900 N Main	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	12/15/1989		4/15/2005	Holmes
							No Further Action		Christopher
Bar F 25	1305 El Paseo Rd	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	12/15/1989	Required	10/18/2001	Holmes
	Corner Of Lohman And						No Further Action		
Binns Parcel	Telshor	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	1/25/1996	Required	2/27/1996	UNKNOWN
							No Further Action		
Bradley Food Mart	1206 El Paseo Rd	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	l	Required	9/10/2003	Delbert Utz
							No Further Action		
Burns Construction	2335 E Lohman	Las Cruces	NM	88004	Dona Ana	4/5/1993	Required	4/8/1993	UNKNOWN
							No Further Action		
Byers University C	1640 S Solano Dr	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	4/22/1996	Required	4/25/1996	UNKNOWN
							No Further Action		
Carneros Chevron	628 E Lohman	Las Cruces	NM	88004	Dona Ana	3/18/1992	Required	4/17/1992	UNKNOWN
				ŀ			No Further Action		
Chevron Main	Hwy 70 And Elks Dr	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	11/21/1989	Required	6/4/1990	UNKNOWN
							No Further Action		
Circle K 278	617 W Picacho	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	1/31/1995	Required	11/24/2003	John Kovacs
	Corner Elks Drive And Hwy						No Further Action		
Country Club 66	70	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	12/2/1991	Required	7/10/1992	UNKNOWN

						Report		Status	
Name	Street Address	City	State	Zip	County	Date	Status	Date	Staff
							No Further Action		Christopher
Country Club Shell	2901 N Main St	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	3/18/1992		5/20/1992	Holmes
							No Further Action		
D S 1290	2222 S Valley Dr	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	3/1/1999	Required	9/26/2001	John Kovacs
Diamond Chamrook 1	1401 E Lohman	Las Cruces	NM	99001	Dona Ana	   11/25/1997	No Further Action	0/05/1000	Brian Salem
Diamond Shamrock 1	1401 E Lonman	Las Cruces	INIVI	88001	Dona Ana	11/25/1997	Required	2/25/1999	Brian Salem
							Investigation,		
Diamond Shamrock 1	2222 S Valley Dr	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	11/20/1997	Responsible Party	11/25/1997	John Kovacs
							Investigation,		Christopher
Dona Ana Cty Trans	2025 E Griggs Ave	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	6/5/1997	Responsible Party	4/8/1998	Holmes
			İ				Aggr Cleanup		
			<b> </b>				Completed, Resp	0///0000	George
Eagle Qwik Mart	440 W Picacho	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	4/14/1998	Party	3/1/2003	Beaumont
							Investigation,		George
El Paso Electric C	555 S Compress Rd	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	9/23/1997	Responsible Party	   11/11/1998	
							No Further Action		
Elephant Butte Irr	530 S Melendres	Las Cruces	l <sub>NM</sub>	99005	Dona Ana	1/6/1090	Required	12/10/1090	UNKNOWN
Liephant Butte in	330 S Weleriales	Las Ciuces	I VIVI	00000	Dona Ana	4/0/1909	riequirea	12/13/1303	ONKINOWIN
							Investigation,		George
Fenns Mini Mart	3985 S Main	Las Cruces	NM	88004	Dona Ana	10/16/2002	Responsible Party	8/10/2004	Beaumont
							No Further Action		
Former Station	1940 S Espina	Las Cruces	NM	88004	Dona Ana		Required	9/15/1993	UNKNOWN
							No Further Action		Timothy
Gas Card Las Cruce	801 N Solano Dr	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	4/29/1997		7/1/1998	Eckert
							Pre-Investigation,		
Cara Davide/Aamaa	1005 W Disasha			00005	D	7/7/4005	Confirmed	7/7/4005	
Gene Peugh(Aamco)	1885 W Picacho	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	7/7/1995	Helease	///1995	Jeffery Mills
							Investigation,		
Hatch Bros Motor C	1401 Picacho W	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	8/10/1994	Responsible Party	12/13/1994	Jeffery Mills
a.to. i Broo inster o	11	1240 0.4000	1	1 00001	10011a711a	1 3/10/100 <del>1</del>		1 12/10/1004	Locatory willis

	T					Report		Status	
Name	Street Address	City	State	Zip	County	Date	Status		Staff
Hame	Otroct Address	10.1,	Otato		Journey		Aggr Cleanup		Otan
							Completed, Resp		Christopher
Helweg And Farmer	533 N 17th St	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	8/12/1998	Party	4/19/2005	
		Ti Ti					Aggr Cleanup		
							Completed, Resp		
Highway Texaco	400 S Valley Dr	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	12/6/1991	Party	4/4/1996	Delbert Utz
							No Further Action		
Ikard And Newsom	1655 W Picacho	Las Cruces	NM	88002	Dona Ana	1/3/1994	Required	3/1/2001	UNKNOWN
							Pre-Investigation,		
		•	1				Confirmed		Christopher
Johnson Park	888 N Main	Las Cruces	NM	88004	Dona Ana	3/24/1995		3/24/1995	Holmes
		-	l				No Further Action		
Las Cruces Sun New	256 W Las Cruces Ave	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	9/4/1989	Required		UNKNOWN
l alamana 00	1504 5 Amadan		N.N.4	00005	D A	0/4/4000	No Further Action	I	Christopher
Lohman 66	1501 E Amador	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	9/1/1998	Required	11/25/2003	
Lohman Conoco 2	2210 E Lohman	Las Cruces	NM	99001	Dona Ana	   10/15/1999	NFA, Suspected	5/6/2005	Christopher
Lonman Conoco 2	2210 E Comman	Las Cruces	INIVI	1 00001	Dona Ana	10/15/1999	nelease	3/6/2003	nolliles
	11	}	l	l		1	Cleanup,		Christopher
Lohman Shell	926 E Lohman	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	12/18/1998	Responsible Party	6/13/2005	
LOTHITIAN SHE!!	320 E Lorinian	Las Oruces	14141	100001	Dona Ana	12/10/1990	No Further Action	0/13/2003	Timothy
Lube N Go	2141 E Lohman	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	12/13/1995	1	1/2/2000	,
		1200 010000	1	1 0000.	D OHA 7 III A	127.07.000	No Further Action	1,2,2000	Lottort
Maloof	742 W Bowman	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	2/2/1990	Required	7/7/1992	UNKNOWN
							No Further Action		
Mesilla Exxon	825 Avenida De Mesilla	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	2/7/1992	Required	5/21/1992	UNKNOWN
			1	1			<u> </u>		
							Cleanup,		
Midtown Chevron	750 S Main	Las Cruces	NM	88004	Dona Ana	2/1/2000	Responsible Party	6/20/2005	John Kovac
			ŀ				No Further Action		
Mission Shell	1321 Avenida De Mesilla	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	7/20/1994		10/20/1994	UNKNOWN
							No Further Action		
Montgomery Ward	2300 E Lohman	Las Cruces	NM	88004	Dona Ana	1/10/1994		11/14/1994	UNKNOWN
							No Further Action		
Nmshtd Patrol Yard	US 70 MP 158 5	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	12/29/1993	Required	7/31/1995	UNKNOWN

			Π			Report		Status	
Name	Street Address	City	State	Zip	County	Date	Status	Date	Staff
			1				Cleanup,		Christopher
North Main Self Se	   1875 N Main	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	2/3/1999	Responsible Party	4/19/2005	
THOTH MAIN CON CO	1070 H Ham			-			No Further Action	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Ortegas Chevron	887 N Main	Las Cruces	NM	88004	Dona Ana	10/13/1989		2/28/1990	UNKNOWN
							Cleanup,		C
Palm'S Shell	2417 W Picacho	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	12/1/1995	Responsible Party	1/15/1999	George Beaumont
r aiii o oneii	2417 ** 1 1040110	Las Oraces	1 4141	00000	Dona Ana	12/1/1333	No Further Action	1710/1000	Beaumont
Panchas Villa	9705 Hwy 70 E	Las Cruces	NM	88012	Dona Ana		Required	12/3/1998	Jeffery Mills
,	Corner Elks Drive And Hwy						No Further Action		
Phillips 66 Lc	170	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	9/5/1991	Required	9/10/1991	UNKNOWN
							Pre-Investigation,		
							Confirmed		George
Pic Quick 1135	3916 W Picacho	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	11/30/2004	Release	11/30/2004	Beaumont
							No Further Action		George
Pic Quick 235	1750 N Solano	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	1/22/1999	Required	4/15/2003	Beaumont
							No Further Action		Danny
Pic Quik 1111	1230 Madrid Rd	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	2/24/1995	Required	10/17/2000	Valenzuela
							Cleanup,		
Dia Oville 1101	1050 N Vollay Dr	Las Cruces	NM	00001	Dona Ana	9/5/4006	Responsible Party	10/00/2001	Dalbart Litz
Pic Quik 1121	1250 N Valley Dr	Las Cluces	INIVI	00001	Dona Ana	8/5/1996	Aggr Cleanup	12/20/2001	Delbert Otz
					]		Completed, Resp		
Pic Quik 1122	2601 Dona Ana Rd	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	7/12/1996		10/30/2001	Delbert Utz
FIC QUIK 1122	1 2001 Bona Ana no	Las Ciuces	I VIVI	00001	Dona Ana	1/12/1990	No Further Action	10/30/2001	Delbert Otz
Pic Quik 229	2701 Elks Dr	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	9/1/1998	Required	8/25/1999	Jeffery Mills
1 10 QUIK 220			<del>                                     </del>	1.0000.	201147114	0, 1, 1000		5/25/1000	Concry Willie
							Cleanup,		Christopher
Picacho Shell	1196 W Picacho	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	7/21/1995	Responsible Party	6/13/2005	,
							Pre-Investigation,		
	1						Confirmed		George
Pilot Travel Cente	2681 W Amador	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	3/9/2004		3/9/2004	Beaumont
							No Further Action		
Porter Oil	306 S Motel Blvd	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	4/25/1988	Required	11/20/1990	UNKNOWN

Name	Street Address	City	State	Zip	County	Report Date	Status	Status Date	Staff
<u>Name</u>	Street Address	City	State	Zip	County	Date	Status	Date	Stail
Quite Chale	161 E Madrid	Las Cruces	NM	99001	Dona Ana	2/29/1007	Investigation, Responsible Party	11/10/1998	Dolbort Li
Quik Chek	101 E Maurio	Las Cruces	INIVI	88001	Dona Ana	2/20/199/	Aggr Cleanup	11/10/1990	Delbert O
							Completed, Resp		
Qvs Mobile Homes	1600 W Picacho	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	10/20/1995	Party	3/28/2002	Jeffery Mi
R C Sanders Trucki	1880 W Picacho	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	10/23/1995	Cleanup, Responsible Party	2/28/2004	.lefferv Mi
TTO Canacia Track	TOGO VV I IOAGIIO	Las Grases	1	00000	Dona rina	10/20/1000	No Further Action	Z/ZO/ZOO (	Christoph
Ross Bell Estate S	1144 W Picacho	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	1/21/1999	Į.	4/11/2005	
							No Further Action		
Ryder Truck Rental	2802 W Amador	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	7/3/1991	Required	8/21/1991	UNKNOV
							Pre-Investigation, Confirmed		0
Sandoval Dodge	955 S Valley Dr	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	1/28/2000		1/28/2000	George Beaumor
oanaora. o oago			<del>                                      </del>	00000		17207200	Pre-Investigation,	17207200	Boddinor
					_		Suspected		
Sav-O-Mat B	920 El Paseo Rd	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana		Release	10/21/2005	Delbert U
•					Ì		Cleanup,		Christoph
Scotts Auto Sales	1835 N Main	Las Cruces	NM	88044	Dona Ana	7/27/1995	Responsible Party	4/19/2005	
							Cleanup,		Christoph
Sierra Ice & Water	2855 B West Picacho Ave	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	10/17/1995	Responsible Party	4/19/2005	
							No Further Action		
Siesta Rv Park	1551 Avenida De Mesilla	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	12/20/1994	<u> </u>	11/6/2001	John Kov
0 11 11 11 15 1			<b></b>			0/0/4005	No Further Action	- /- /	
South Valley Pront	2635 S Valley Dr	Las Cruces	NM	88004	Dona Ana	6/8/1995	Required	8/3/1995	UNKNOV
		1					Cleanup,		Christoph
Speedys	742 E Lohman	Las Cruces	NM	88044	Dona Ana	2/17/1999	Responsible Party	6/13/2005	
O and O amilians	4504 5 115 115 115 115	0		00001	D A	r/r/4007	No Further Action	0/00/0000	Danny
Support Services	1501 E Hadley St	Las Cruces	NM	J 88001	Dona Ana	<u>  5/5/1997</u>	Required	8/28/2003	Valenzue

						Report		Status	
Name	Street Address	City	State	Zip	County	Date	Status	Date	Staff
***						•	No Further Action		
Sw Disposal Corp	2485 W Amador Ave	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	7/27/1994	Required	4/26/1995	UNKNOWI
		Ï		1			Investigation,		
Sweet Indulgance C	1702 El Paseo	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	5/15/2003	Responsible Party	7/1/2003	Jeffery Mills
							Pre-Investigation,		
	1,000,100,1		<b></b>			0/04/0000	Confirmed	0/04/0000	Christophe
Target	1600 N Solano	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	3/31/2006	Release	3/31/2006	Holmes
							Cleanup,		
The Lantern	1311 Avenida De Mesilla	Las Cruces	NM	88004	Dona Ana		Responsible Party	4/1/2005	Jeffery Mills
_			Ī		_	I.	No Further Action		Christophe
Tire Center Plus	1165 El Paseo	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	12/20/1996	Required	5/30/2002	Holmes
		1 .					Cleanup,		
Twin Tex Texaco	440 S Main	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	12/6/1991	Responsible Party	6/20/2005	John Kovad
							Pre-Investigation,		
						0/00/400=	Confirmed	0/20/400=	
University Chevron	1600 S Solano	Las Cruces	NM	88004	Dona Ana	9/26/1997	No Further Action	9/26/1997	Delbert Utz
University Shell	1305 S Solano Dr	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	4/16/1998		8/3/2001	John Kovad
				1					
							Cleanup,		
University Texaco	2401 S Main St	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	5/6/1994	Responsible Party	9/26/2001	John Kovad
Us Border Patrol	2320 Temple St	Las Cruces	NM	88004	Dona Ana	2/28/1992	No Further Action	1/6/1993	LUNKNOWN
	1 2020 Temple Ot	Las Graces	I divi	00004	Dona Ana	2/20/1332	riequired	4/0/1990	ONICIONI
							Investigation,		Christophe
Valley Pic Quik	Hwy 85 N	Las Cruces	NM	88005	Dona Ana	11/6/1998	Responsible Party	6/13/2005	Holmes
							Aggr Cleanup		
Vickers 2286	1206 El Paseo Rd	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	4/13/1992	Completed, Resp	9/10/2003	Delbert Utz
	1	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	-	00001	Dona / wid		No Further Action		Dolbor Otz
Vintage Car Wash	1805 E Lohman Ave	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana	10/12/1995	Required	7/24/1996	UNKNOW

Name	Street Address	City	State	Zip	County	Report Date	Status	Status Date	Staff
Wallace Chevrolet	1601 S Main	Las Cruces	NM	88001	Dona Ana		Investigation, Responsible Party	11/12/1996	Christopher Holmes
Whites Texaco	1701 N Main	Las Cruces	NM		Dona Ana	1	No Further Action	<u> </u>	UNKNOWN
Worley Mills Site	421 N Mesilla	Las Cruces	NM		Dona Ana		No Further Action		UNKNOWN

## REFERENCE 5

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Church of the Nazarene 617 W Picacho
College Ch of Christ 2401 S Espina

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First United Presbyn Ch 324 W Las Cruces
Grandview Bapt Ch 900 Chaparro
Holy Trinity Luth Ch 268 W Court
Fulesia Christiana de Los Assemblia de Christiana

Holy Trinity Luth Ch 266 W Court
Iglesia Christiana de Los Assemblios de Dios
350 E May
Iglesia De Cristo 625 N Campo
IMMACULATE HEART OF MARY CH 1290 S
Espina AJA 6-5793
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La Iglesia De Jesucristo De Los Santos De Los
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Our Lady of Guadalupe Ch ws Paroquia (Tor)
Our Lady of Health 1168 N Mesquite
Our Lady of Purification Ch Dona Ana N M
Phillips Chapel Christian Meth Ch 640 N
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Nichols J D (SDA) 1708 Foster
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Sanchez Gregorio 1135 E Hadley av Schauer Blase 2615 S Solano dr Schlater Richard A 1060 Mechem dr JUTZ RD 4P0 ST MANDA

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## **REFERENCE 6**



Superfund Site Information

Site Documents

Data Element Dictionary (DED)

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#### U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

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EPA Home > Superfund > Sites > Superfund Information Systems > Search Superfund Site Information > Search Results > GRIGGS & WALNUT GROUND WATER PLUME

### **Superfund Site Progress Profile GRIGGS & WALNUT GROUND** WATER PLUME (EPA ID: NM0002271286)

This profile provides you with information on EPA's cleanup progress at this Superfund site. This information includes: Site Location, Cleanup Progress Summary, Cleanup Impact Summary, Contamination & Exposure, Cleanup Process & Progress, and Government Performance and Results Act (GPRA) Milestones. Please use the links and the "More Details..." box to find more details on this site.

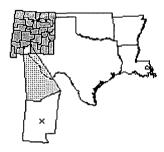
#### More Details...

More In-Depth Site Details (EPA Regional

Site Contacts (EPA Cleanup Managers,

Site Description Prior to Cleanup **Additional Site Documents** Other Names for this Site (Aliases)

#### Site Location



Get\_an interactive map

EPA Region 6 > Serving Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Texas and 66 tribes

Site Address:

<u>153 NORT</u>H COTTONWOOD ST. LAS CRUCES, New Mexico 88004

County: DONA ANA

Population within one mile: 10,001-50.000

#### Cleanup Progress Summary



#### Remedy Selected

Physical cleanup activities have not

view detailed list of cleanup activities at this site >>

The National Priorities List (NPL) is the list of the most hazardous sites. also known as Superfund sites, across the U.S. and its territories.

This site is on the NPL and is known as a "Final" NPL site (see glossary).

Superfund law requires that EPA give communities information about site progress and plans so that they can be actively involved in site cleanup decisions. Learn more about community involvement at this site >>

#### Cleanup Impact Summary

At each site, EPA assesses the risk to humans and the environment and determines the best approach to address the risk. During initial site studies and cleanup, EPA determines if current human exposures to contaminants are under control and takes actions to control any possible human exposures until cleanup has been completed. Once complete, cleanup provides long-term human health and environmental protection at the site.



**Under current** Conditions at this site, potential or actual human exposures are under control.

#### The Problem: Contamination & Exposure

#### Contamination

Contaminants (i.e., hazardous substances, pollutants or contaminants) can be found in several different types of materials on the site including soil and other solid-based media and water or another liquid-based medium. (see glossary)

Contaminated Media: Data not available

EPA classifies contaminants found into groups or types.

#### **Exposure**

At each site, EPA determines the possibility for human and ecological contact (i.e., exposure) with contaminants at the site. If the possibility for exposure to contamination exists, EPA conducts a study known as a risk assessment. During the risk assessment. EPA determines if the site poses a risk to humans, and if so, identifies actions that can be taken to control any possible exposure to humans until site cleanup has been completed. Once complete, cleanup provides long-term human health and environmental protection at the site.

## REFERENCE 7

# NPL Site Narrative for Griggs & Walnut Ground Water Plume

## GRIGGS & WALNUT GROUND WATER PLUME Las Cruces, New Mexico

Federal Register Notice: June 14, 2001

Conditions at Proposal (January 11, 2001): The Griggs & Walnut Ground Water Plume site consists of a plume of perchloroethylene (PCE)-contaminated ground water underlying the area near the intersection of Griggs Avenue and Walnut Street in Las Cruces, Dona Ana County, New Mexico. The site is being proposed to the NPL because of the presence of this contaminant in ground water.

Low concentrations of PCE were first detected in water samples collected from two Las Cruces municipal water supply wells, Wells 21 and 27, in August 1993. The concentrations of PCE were well below the drinking water maximum contaminant level (MCL) of 5.0 micrograms/liter (ug/L) established for PCE by EPA. In January 1995, a water sample collected from a third municipal well, Well 18, while it was off-line following repairs, contained 32 ug/L of PCE. Follow-up samples were collected and Well 18 was kept off-line until analytical results were received. The concentrations of PCE in follow-up samples were less than 2.0 ug/L. Regular follow-up sample of Well 18 continued. In January 1996, another sample collected from Well 18 contained 6.4 ug/L of PCE, but the concentrations of PCE in confirmation samples were 1.0 ug/L or less. Although the confirmation sample results indicated that PCE

concentrations in water from Well 18 were below the MCL, Well 18 was permanently removed from service in September 1996 by the City of Las Cruces as a precaution. Since April 1998, PCE has also been detected regularly in water samples collected from an additional municipal well, Well 19. The concentrations (approximately 1 ug/L) are well below the MCL. In July 1999, PCE concentrations in samples from Well 27 increased to approximately 4.0 ug/L and have remained at this level. The Las Cruces municipal water system is currently and has been in complete compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act and the New Mexico Water Supply Regulations.

The City of Las Cruces utilizes a total of 28 municipal supply wells to provide drinking water to approximately 83,000 individuals. The City of Las Cruces municipal supply wells are completed within the Santa Fe Group aquifer. The Santa Fe Group aquifer is a sole source aquifer for the region and produces most of the water used in metropolitan and industrial centers, as well as a significant proportion of the ground water used to supplement surface irrigation supplies.

The NMED and Dona Ana County have installed ground water monitoring wells to determine the direction of ground water flow and horizontal extent of ground water contamination. The monitoring wells are 2 inches in diameter and extend only 5 to 15 feet below the water table. These wells are used only to assess ground water quality, not for water supply.

Concentrations of PCE in samples from monitoring wells vary from < 0.50 to 53 ug/L. Ground water flow is currently east from the Rio Grande to the municipal wells near Interstate 25.

Although it has yet to be completely characterized, the extent of the contaminated ground water plume is at least 8,000 feet long, approximately 2,500 feet wide, and 100 feet thick.

PCE is a manufactured chlorinated solvent which does not occur naturally in the environment and is classified as a dense non-aqueous phase liquid (DNAPL). DNAPLs are immiscible fluids with a density greater than water (i.e., DNAPLs sink in water). DNAPLs, such as PCE, present an extremely high contamination potential due to their extensive production and use, relatively high mobility as a separate phase, significant

## **REFERENCE 8**



http://www.epa.gov/safewater/contaminants/index.html
Last updated on Monday, September 10th, 2007.

#### Drinking Water Contaminants

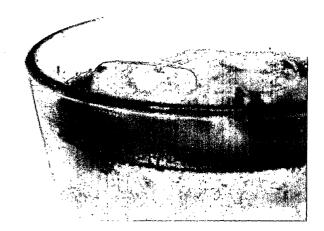
You are here: EPA Home Water Safewater Drinking Water Contaminants

#### On this page

- National Primary Drinking Water Regulations
  - List of Drinking Water Contaminants & their MCLs
- National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations
- List of Secondary Drinking Water Regulations
- Unregulated Contaminants

#### **National Primary Drinking Water Regulations**

National Primary Drinking Water Regulations (NPDWRs or primary standards) are legally enforceable standards that apply to public water systems. Primary standards protect public health by limiting the levels of contaminants in drinking water. Visit the list of regulated contaminants with links for more details.



List of Contaminants & their Maximum Contaminant Level (MCLs)

Setting Standards for Safe Drinking Water to learn about EPA's standard-setting process

EPA's Regulated Contaminant Timeline (PDF) (1 pp, 86 K) (About PDF)

• <u>National Primary Drinking Water Regulations</u>- The complete regulations regarding these contaminants available from the Code of Federal Regulations Website

#### **List of Contaminants & their MCLs**

- Microorganisms
- Disinfectants
- Disinfection Byproducts
- Inorganic Chemicals
- Organic Chemicals
- Radionuclides

#### Information on this section

- Alphabetical List (PDF)
   (6 pp, 396 K) (About PDF)
   EPA 816-F-03-016, June
   2003
- The links provided below are to either Consumer Fact Sheet, Rule Implementation web sites, or PDF files. (About PDF)

#### Microorganisms

Contaminant	MCLG <sup>1</sup> (mg/L) <sup>2</sup>	MCL or TT <sup>1</sup> (mg/L) <sup>2</sup>	Potential Health Effects from Ingestion of Water	Sources of Contaminant in Drinking Water
Cryptosporidium (mdf file)	zero	TT <u>3</u>	Gastrointestinal illness (e.g.,	Human and fecal animal
			diarrhea, vomiting, cramps)	waste
ardia lamblia)	zero	TT <u>3</u>		
			Gastrointestinal illness (e.g., diarrhea, vomiting, cramps)	Human and animal fecal waste
Heterotrophic plate	n/a	П <u>3</u>		

zero

n/a

TT<u>3</u>

		-	+
(3)	u	ш	ш

Legionella

**Turbidity** 

HPC has no health effects; it is an analytic method used to measure the variety of bacteria that are common in water. The lower the concentration of bacteria in drinking water, the better maintained the water system is.

Legionnaire's Disease, a type of

HPC measures a range of bacteria that are natural present in the environment

Found naturally in water;

			pneumonia	multiplies in heating systems
Total Coliforms (including fecal coliform and E. Coli)	zero	5.0% <sup>4</sup>	Not a health threat in itself; it is used to indicate whether other potentially harmful bacteria may be present <sup>5</sup>	Coliforms are naturally present in the environment; as well as feces; fecal coliforms and <i>E. coli</i> only come from human and animal fecal waste.

TT<u>3</u> Turbidity is a measure of the Soil runoff cloudiness of water. It is used to

indicate water quality and filtration effectiveness (e.g., whether diseasecausing organisms are present). Higher turbidity levels are often associated with higher levels of disease-causing microorganisms such as viruses, parasites and some bacteria. These organisms can cause symptoms such as nausea, cramps,

diarrhea, and associated headaches. Viruses (enteric) zero  $TT^3$ 

Gastrointestinal illness (e.g., diarrhea, vomiting, cramps)

Human and animal fecal waste

#### **Disinfection Byproducts**

Contaminant	MCLG <sup>1</sup> (mg/L) <sup>2</sup>	MCL or TT <sup>1</sup> (mg/L) <sup>2</sup>	Potential Health Effects from Ingestion of Water	Sources of Contaminant in Drinking Water	
<u>Bromate</u>	zero	0.010	Increased risk of cancer	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection	
Chlorite	0.8	1.0	Anemia; infants & young children: nervous system effects	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection	•
Haloacetic acids (HAA5)	n/a <sup>6</sup>	0.060	Increased risk of cancer	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection	

<u>Cadmium</u>

0.005

0.005

king Water Conta	•	•	•	Page 3
Total  halomethanes  HMs)	none <sup>Z</sup>  n/a <sup><u>6</u></sup>	0.10	Liver, kidney or central nervous system problems; increased risk of cancer	Byproduct of drinking f water disinfection
isinfectants				
Contaminant	$\begin{array}{c} MRDLG^{\underline{1}} \\ (mg/L)^{\underline{2}} \end{array}$	MRDL <sup>1</sup> (mg/L) <sup>2</sup>	Potential Health Effects from Ingestion of Water	Sources of Contaminant in Drinking Water
<u>Chloramines (as</u> <u>Cl<sub>2</sub>)</u>	MRDLG=4 <sup>1</sup>	MRDL=4.0	Eye/nose irritation; stomach discomfort, anemia	Water additive used to control microbes
Chlorine (as Cl <sub>2</sub> )	MRDLG=4 <sup>1</sup>	MRDL=4.0	<u>1</u> Eye/nose irritation; stomach discomfort	Water additive used to control microbes
Chlorine dioxide (as ClO <sub>2</sub> )	MRDLG=0.8	<sup>1</sup> MRDL=0.8	Anemia; infants & young children: nervous system effects	Water additive used to control microbes
norganic Chemica	nis	•		
ontaminant	MCLG <sup>1</sup> (mg/L)	MCL or TT <sup>1</sup> (mg/L) <sup>2</sup>	Potential Health Effects from Ingestion of Water	Sources of Contaminant in Drinking Water
entimony	0.006	0.006	decrease in blood sugar	ischarge from petroleum efineries; fire retardants; eramics; electronics; solder
Arsenic	0 <sup>Z</sup>	0.010 as of 01/23/06	circulatory systems, and may have increased risk of getting fr	rosion of natural deposits; unoff from orchards, runoff om glass & ectronicsproduction wastes
Asbestos (fiber > 10 micrometers)	7 million fibers per liter	7 MFL	benign intestinal polyps w	ecay of asbestos cement in ater mains; erosion of natura eposits
<u>Barium</u>	2	2	di re	ischarge of drilling wastes; ischarge from metal efineries; erosion of natural eposits
Beryllium `	0.004	0.004	aı di ac	ischarge from metal refinerie nd coal-burning factories; ischarge from electrical, erospace, and defense idustries

			Kidney damage	Corrosion of galvanized pipes: erosion of natural deposits; discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints
Chromium (total)	0.1	0.1	Allergic dermatitis	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Copper	1.3	TT <sup>8</sup> ; Action Level=1.3	Short term exposure: Gastrointestinal distress  Long term exposure: Liver or kidney damage	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
	·		People with Wilson's Disease should consult their personal doctor if the amount of copper in their water exceeds the action level	
Cyanide (as free cyanide)	0.2	0.2	Nerve damage or thyroid problems	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
Fluoride	4.0	4.0	Bone disease (pain and tenderness of the bones); Children may get mottled teeth	Water additive which promotes strong teeth; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Lead	zero	TT <sup>8</sup> ; Action Level=0.015	Infants and children: Delays in physical or mental development; children could show slight deficits in attention span and learning abilities	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
			Adults: Kidney problems; high blood pressure	
Mercury (inorganic)	0.002	0.002	Kidney damage	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills and croplands
rate (measured دی Nitrogen)	10	10	Infants below the age of six months who drink water containing nitrate in excess of the MCL could become	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits

seriously ill and, if untreated,

			may die. Symptoms include shortness of breath and bluebaby syndrome.	
<u>INITrite (measured</u> as Nitrogen)	1	1	Infants below the age of six months who drink water containing nitrite in excess of the MCL could become seriously ill and, if untreated, may die. Symptoms include shortness of breath and bluebaby syndrome.	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
<u>Selenium</u>	0.05	0.05	Hair or fingernail loss; numbness in fingers or toes; circulatory problems	Discharge from petroleum refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
<u>Thallium</u>	0.0005	0.002	Hair loss; changes in blood; kidney, intestine, or liver problems	Leaching from ore-processing sites; discharge from electronics, glass, and drug factories

Organic Chemicals				
Contaminant	MCLG <sup>1</sup> (mg/L) 2	MCL or TT <sup>1</sup> (mg/L) <sup>2</sup>	Potential Health Effects from Ingestion of Water	Sources of Contaminant in Drinking Water
<u>Acrylamide</u>	zero	<u>тт</u> 9		
			Nervous system or blood problems; increased risk of cancer	Added to water during sewage/wastewater treatment
Alachlor	zero	0.002		M New The Annual Triffic (CVT COSCARO) II do the control accommission (CVT) and a 1 an
			Eye, liver, kidney or spleen problems; anemia; increased risk of cancer	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops
Atrazine	0.003	0.003		The state of the s
			Cardiovascular system or reproductive problems	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops
<u>Benzene</u>	zero	0.005		
,			Anemia; decrease in blood platelets; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from factories; leaching from gas storage tanks and landfills
Benzo(a)pyrene (PAHs)	zero	0.0002		
			Reproductive difficulties; increased risk of cancer	Leaching from linings of water storage tanks and distribution lines
<u>Carbofuran</u>	0.04	0.04		
			Problems with blood, nervous system, or reproductive system	Leaching of soil fumigant used on rice

		and the second s		and alfalfa
Carbon rachloride	zero	0.005	Liver problems; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from chemical plants and other industrial activities
<u>Chlordane</u>	zero	0.002	Liver or nervous system problems; increased risk of cancer	Residue of banned termiticide
Chlorobenzene	0.1	0.1	Liver or kidney problems	Discharge from chemical and agricultural chemical factories
2,4-D	0.07	0.07	Kidney, liver, or adrenal gland problems	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops
<u>Dalapon</u>	0.2	0.2	Minor kidney changes	Runoff from herbicide used on rights of way
1,2-Dibromo-3- chloropropane (DBCP)	zero	0.0002	Reproductive difficulties; increased risk of cancer	Runoff/leaching from soil fumigant used on soybeans, cotton, pineapples, and orchards
o-Dichlorobenzene	0.6	0.6	Liver, kidney, or circulatory system problems	Discharge from industrial factories
p-Dichlorobenzene	0.075	0.075	Anemia; liver, kidney or spleen damage; changes in blood	Discharge from industrial factories
1,2-Dichloroethane	zero	0.005	Increased risk of cancer	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.007	0.007	Liver problems	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
ं ३-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.07	0.07	Liver problems	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.1	0.1		текент «М бол» ««АП-е» каконом постаную «коном», «Волькой с коном с высокой с постаную в постаную в постаную в

			Liver problems	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
Dichloromethane	zero	0.005	Liver problems; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from drug and chemical factories
1,2-Dichloropropane	zero	0.005	Increased risk of cancer	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
Di(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	0.4	0.4	Weight loss, liver problems, or possible reproductive difficulties.	Discharge from chemical factories
Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	zero	0.006	Reproductive difficulties; liver problems; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from rubber and chemical factories
Dinoseb	0.007	0.007	Reproductive difficulties	Runoff from herbicide used on soybeans and vegetables
лхіп (2,3,7,8-TCDD)	zero	0.00000003	Reproductive difficulties; increased risk of cancer	Emissions from waste incineration and other combustion; discharge from chemical factories
<u>Diquat</u>	0.02	0.02	Cataracts	Runoff from herbicide use
<u>Endothall</u>	0.1	0.1	Stomach and intestinal problems	Runoff from herbicide use
<u>Endrin</u>	0.002	0.002	Liver problems	Residue of banned insecticide
Epichlorohydrin	zero	Шā	Increased cancer risk, and over a long period of time, stomach problems	Discharge from industrial chemical factories; an impurity of some water treatment chemicals
<u>.ıylbenzene</u>	0.7	0.7	Liver or kidneys problems	Discharge from petroleum refineries
Ethylene dibromide	zero	0.00005		

· ·			Problems with liver, stomach, reproductive system, or kidneys; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from petroleum refineries
<u>Glyphosate</u>	0.7	0.7	Kidney problems; reproductive difficulties	Runoff from herbicide use
Heptachlor	zero	0.0004	Liver damage; increased risk of cancer	Residue of banned termiticide
Heptachlor epoxide	zero	0.0002	Liver damage; increased risk of cancer	Breakdown of heptachlor
<u>Hexachlorobenzene</u>	zero	0.001	Liver or kidney problems; reproductive difficulties; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from metal refineries and agricultural chemical factories
<u>Hexachlorocyclopentadiene</u>	0.05	0.05	Kidney or stomach problems	Discharge from chemical factories
! in <u>dane</u>	0.0002	0.0002	Liver or kidney problems	Runoff/leaching from insecticide used on cattle, lumber, gardens
Methoxychlor	0.04	0.04	Reproductive difficulties	Runoff/leaching from insecticide used on fruits, vegetables, alfalfa, livestock
Oxamyl (Vydate)	0.2	0.2	Slight nervous system effects	Runoff/leaching from insecticide used on apples, potatoes, and tomatoes
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	zero ·	0.0005	Skin changes; thymus gland problems; immune deficiencies; reproductive or nervous system difficulties; increased risk of cancer	Runoff from landfills; discharge of waste chemicals
Pentachlorophenol	zero	0.001	Liver or kidney problems; increased cancer risk	Discharge from wood preserving factories
<u>Picloram</u>	0.5	0.5	Liver problems	Herbicide runoff

<u>Simazine</u>	0.004	0.004	Drobloma with blood	Horbicido munaff
and minimal register to the first of the first of the second of a transfer of the second of the seco	en y managangan sa mana na	er urs marraramen	Problems with blood	Herbicide runoff
<u>/rene</u>	0.1	0.1	Liver, kidney, or circulatory system problems	Discharge from rubbe and plastic factories; leaching from landfills
Tetrachloroethylene	zero	0.005	Liver problems; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from factories and dry cleaners
Toluene	1	1	Nervous system, kidney, or liver problems	Discharge from petroleum factories
<u>Toxaphene</u>	zero	0.003	Kidney, liver, or thyroid problems; increased risk of cancer	Runoff/leaching from insecticide used on cotton and cattle
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	0.05	0.05	Liver problems	Residue of banned herbicide
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0.07	0.07	Changes in adrenal glands	Discharge from textile finishing factories
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.20	0.2	Liver, nervous system, or circulatory problems	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.003	0.005	Liver, kidney, or immune system problems	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
<u>Trichloroethylene</u>	zero	0.005	Liver problems; increased risk of cancer	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories
Vinyl chloride	zero	0.002	Increased risk of cancer	Leaching from PVC pipes; discharge from plastic factories
Xylenes (total)	10	10	Nervous system damage	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories

### **Radionuclides**

Contaminant	· •	MCL or		Sources of
Contaminant	MCLG1	TT <sup>1</sup>	Potential Health Effects from	Contaminant in

Alpha particles	(mg/L) <sup>2</sup>	(mg/L) <sup>2</sup>	Ingestion of Water	Drinking Water
	zero	picocuries per Liter (pCi/L)	Increased risk of cancer	Erosion of natural deposits of certain minerals that are radioactive and may emit a form of radiation known as alpha radiation
Beta particles and photon emitters	none <sup>7</sup> zero	4 millirems per year	Increased risk of cancer	Decay of natural and man-made deposits of
				certain minerals that are radioactive and may emit forms of radiation known as photons and beta radiation
Radium 226 and	none <sup>7</sup>	5 pCi/L		
Radium 228 (combined)	zero		Increased risk of cancer	Erosion of natural deposits
Uranium	zero	30 ug/L as of 12/08/03	Increased risk of cancer, kidney toxicity	Erosion of natural deposits

#### Notes

#### <sup>1</sup> Definitions:

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology and taking cost into consideration. MCLs are enforceable standards.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety and are non-enforceable public health goals.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants. Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Treatment Technique - A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

- <sup>2</sup> Units are in milligrams per liter (mg/L) unless otherwise noted. Milligrams per liter are equivalent to parts per million.
- <sup>3</sup> EPA's surface water treatment rules require systems using surface water or ground water under the direct influence of surface water to (1) disinfect their water, and (2) filter their water or meet criteria for avoiding filtration so that the following contaminants are controlled at the following levels:
  - Cryptosporidium: (as of1/1/02 for systems serving >10,000 and 1/14/05 for systems serving <10,000) 99% removal.
  - · Giardia lamblia: 99.9% removal/inactivation
  - Viruses: 99.99% removal/inactivation
  - Legionella: No limit, but EPA believes that if Giardia and viruses are removed/inactivated, Legionella will also be controlled.



- Turbidity: At no time can turbidity (cloudiness of water) go above 5 nephelolometric turbidity units (NTU); systems that filter must ensure that the turbidity go no higher than 1 NTU (0.5 NTU for conventional or direct filtration) in at least 95% of the daily samples in any month. As of January 1, 2002, turbidity may never exceed 1 NTU, and must not exceed 0.3 NTU in 95% of daily samples in any month.
- HPC: No more than 500 bacterial colonies per milliliter.
- Long Term 1 Enhanced Surface Water Treatment (Effective Date: January 14, 2005); Surface water systems or (GWUDI) systems serving fewer than 10,000 people must comply with the applicable Long Term 1 Enhanced Surface Water Treatment Rule provisions (e.g. turbidity standards, individual filter monitoring, Cryptosporidium removal requirements, updated watershed control requirements for unfiltered systems).
- Filter Backwash Recycling; The Filter Backwash Recycling Rule requires systems that recycle to return specific recycle flows through all processes of the system's existing conventional or direct filtration system or at an alternate location approved by the state.
- <sup>4</sup> more than 5.0% samples total coliform-positive in a month. (For water systems that collect fewer than 40 routine samples per month, no more than one sample can be total coliform-positive per month.) Every sample that has total coliform must be analyzed for either fecal coliforms or E. coli if two consecutive TC-positive samples, and one is also positive for E.coli fecal coliforms, system has an acute MCL violation.
- <sup>5</sup> Fecal coliform and E. coli are bacteria whose presence indicates that the water may be contaminated with human or animal wastes. Disease-causing microbes (pathogens) in these wastes can cause diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms. These pathogens may pose a special health risk for infants, young children, and people with severely compromised immune systems.
- <sup>6</sup> Although there is no collective MCLG for this contaminant group, there are individual MCLGs for some of the individual contaminants:



- Trihalomethanes: bromodichloromethane (zero); bromoform (zero); dibromochloromethane (0.06 mg/L). Chloroform is regulated with this group but has no MCLG.
- Haloacetic acids: dichloroacetic acid (zero); trichloroacetic acid (0.3 mg/L). Monochloroacetic acid, bromoacetic acid, and dibromoacetic acid are regulated with this group but have no MCLGs.
- <sup>7</sup> MCLGs were not established before the 1986 Amendments to the Safe Drinking Water Act. Therefore, there is no MCLG for this contaminant.
- <sup>8</sup> Lead and copper are regulated by a Treatment Technique that requires systems to control the corrosiveness of their water. If more than 10% of tap water samples exceed the action level, water systems must take additional steps. For copper, the action level is 1.3 mg/L, and for lead is 0.015 mg/L.
- <sup>9</sup> Each water system must certify, in writing, to the state (using third-party or manufacturer's certification) that when acrylamide and epichlorohydrin are used in drinking water systems, the combination (or product) of dose and monomer level does not exceed the levels specified, as follows:
  - Acrylamide = 0.05% dosed at 1 mg/L (or equivalent)
  - Epichlorohydrin = 0.01% dosed at 20 mg/L (or equivalent)

#### ional Secondary Drinking Water Regulations

ional Secondary Drinking Water Regulations (NSDWRs or secondary standards) are non-enforceable guidelines regulating contaminants that may cause cosmetic effects (such as skin or tooth discoloration) or aesthetic effects (such as taste, odor, or color) in drinking water. EPA recommends secondary standards to water systems but does not require systems to comply. However, states may choose to adopt them as enforceable standards.

- National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations The complete regulations regarding these contaminants available from the Code of Federal Regulations Web Site.
- · For more information, read Secondary Drinking Water Regulations: Guidance for Nuisance Chemicals

#### **List of National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations**

Contaminant	Secondary Standard
Aluminum	0.05 to 0.2 mg/L
Chloride	250 mg/L
Color	15 (color units)
Copper	1.0 mg/L
Corrosivity	noncorrosive
Fluoride	2.0 mg/L
Foaming Agents	0.5 mg/L
Iron	0.3 mg/L
Manganese	0.05 mg/L
Odor	3 threshold odor number
рН	6.5-8.5
Silver	0.10 mg/L
Sulfate	250 mg/L
Total Dissolved Solids	500 mg/L
Zinc	5 mg/L

#### **Unregulated Contaminants**

This list of contaminants which, at the time of publication, are not subject to any proposed or promulgated national primary drinking water regulation (NPDWR), are known or anticipated to occur in public water systems, and may require regulations under SDWA. For more information check out the list, or vist the Drinking Water Contaminant Candidate List (CCL) web site.

- Drinking Water Contaminant Candidate List 2
- Drinking Water Contaminant Candidate List (CCL) Web Site
- Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Program (UCM)
- Information on specific unregulated contaminants
  - MTBE (methyl-t-butyl ether) in drinking water

## **REFERENCE 9**



### **20.6.2 NMAC**

### NEW MEXICO WATER QUALITY CONTROL COMMISSION REGULATIONS

Effective July 16, 2006

New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission 1190 St. Francis Drive P.O. Box 26110 Santa Fe, NM 87502 C. The standards are not intended as maximum ranges and concentrations for use, and nothing herein contained shall be construed as limiting the use of waters containing higher ranges and concentrations.

[2-18-77; 20.6.2.3101 NMAC - Rn, 20 NMAC 6.2.III.3101, 1-15-01]

### 20.6.2.3102: [RESERVED]

[12-1-95; 20.6.2.3102 NMAC - Rn, 20 NMAC 6.2.III.3102, 1-15-01]

## 20.6.2.3103 STANDARDS FOR GROUND WATER OF 10,000 mg/l TDS CONCENTRATION OR

LESS: The following standards are the allowable pH range and the maximum allowable concentration in ground water for the contaminants specified unless the existing condition exceeds the standard or unless otherwise provided in Subsection D of Section 20.6.2.3109 NMAC. Regardless of whether there is one contaminant or more than one contaminant present in ground water, when an existing pH or concentration of any water contaminant exceeds the standard specified in Subsection A, B, or C of this section, the existing pH or concentration shall be the allowable limit, provided that the discharge at such concentrations will not result in concentrations at any place of withdrawal for present or reasonably foreseeable future use in excess of the standards of this section. These standards shall apply to the dissolved portion of the contaminants specified with a definition of dissolved being that given in the publication "methods for chemical analysis of water and waste of the U.S. environmental protection agency," with the exception that standards for mercury, organic compounds and non-aqueous phase liquids shall apply to the total unfiltered concentrations of the contaminants.

A. Human Health Standards-Ground water shall meet the standards of Subsection A and B of this section unless otherwise provided. If more than one water contaminant affecting human health is present, the toxic pollutant criteria as set forth in the definition of toxic pollutant in Section 20.6.2.1101 NMAC for the combination of contaminants, or the Human Health Standard of Subsection A of Section 20.6.2.3103 NMAC for each contaminant shall apply, whichever is more stringent. Non-aqueous phase liquid shall not be present floating atop of or immersed within ground water, as can be reasonably measured.

(1)	Arsenic (As)	0.1 mg/l
(2)	Barium (Ba)	1.0 mg/l
(3)	Cadmium (Cd)	
(4)	Chromium (Cr)	
(5)	Cyanide (CN)	
(6)	Fluoride (F)	
(7)	Lead (Pb)	0.05 mg/l
(8)	Total Mercury (Hg)	
(9)	Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> as N)	10.0 mg/l
(10)	Selenium (Se)	0.05 mg/l
(11)	Silver (Ag)	
(12)	Uranium (U)	0.03 mg/l
(13)	Radioactivity: Combined Radium-226 & Radium-228	30 pCi/l
(14)	Benzene	0.01 mg/l
(15)	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's)	0.001 mg/l
(16)	Toluene	0.75 mg/l
(17)	Carbon Tetrachloride	0.01 mg/l
(18)	1,2-dichloroethane (EDC)	0.01 mg/l
(19)	1,1-dichloroethylene (1,1-DCE)	
(20)	1.1,2,2-tetrachloroethylene (PCE)	0.02, mg/l
(21)	1,1,2-trichloroethylene (TCE)	0.1 mg/l
(22)	ethylbenzene	0.75 mg/l
(23)	total xylenes	0.62 mg/l
(24)	methylene chloride	
(25)	chloroform	
(26)	1,1-dichloroethane	
(27)	ethylene dibromide (EDB)	0.0001 mg/l
$(\overline{28})$	1,1,1-trichloroethane	0.06 mg/l
(29)	1,1,2-trichloroethane	0.01 mg/l
(30)	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	0.01 mg/l
(31)	vinyl chloride	

20.6.2 NMAC

		total naphthalene plus monomethylnar	
7.	3) benzo-a	a-pyrene	0.0007 mg/l
В.	Other St	tandards for Domestic Water Supply	y
(	) Chloride	e (Cl)	250.0 mg/l
(2	Copper (	(Cu)	1.0 mg/l
(3	) Iron (Fe)	)	1.0 mg/l
(4	) Mangane	ese (Mn)	0.2 mg/l
(6	) Phenols.		0.005 mg/l
(	) Sulfate (S	SO <sub>4</sub> )	600.0 mg/l
(8	) Total Dis	ssolved Solids (TDS)	1000.0 mg/l
(9		ı)	
()	0) pH		between 6 and 9
<b>C.</b>	Standard	ds for Irrigation Use - Ground water	r shall meet the standards of Subsection A, B
and C of this	section unles	ss otherwise provided.	, ,
(1	) Aluminu	ım (Al)	5.0 mg/l
ľ	Roron (R	3)	0.75 mg/l

(1)	Aluminum (Al)	5.0 mg/l
(2)	Boron (B)	0.75 mg/l
(3)	Cobalt (Co)	0.05 mg/l
(4)	Molybdenum (Mo)	1.0 mg/l
(5)	Nickel (Ni)	0.2 mg/l

[2-18-77, 1-29-82, 11-17-83, 3-3-86, 12-1-95; 20.6.2.3103 NMAC - Rn. 20 NMAC 6.2.III.3103, 1-15-01; A. 9-26-

Note: For purposes of application of the amended numeric uranium standard to past and current water discharges (as of 9-26-04), the new standard will not become effective until June 1, 2007. For any new water discharges, the uranium standard is effective 9-26-04.1

20.6.2.3104 DISCHARGE PERMIT REQUIRED: Unless otherwise provided by this Part, no person shall cause or allow effluent or leachate to discharge so that it may move directly of indirectly into ground water unless he is discharging pursuant to a discharge permit issued by the secretary. When a permit has been issued, discharges must be consistent with the terms and conditions of the permit. In the event of a transfer of the ownership, control, or possession of a facility for which a discharge permit is in effect, the transferee shall have authority to discharge under such permit, provided that the transferee has complied with Section 20.6.2.3111 NMAC, regarding transfers. [2-18-77, 12-24-87, 12-1-95; Rn & A, 20.6.2.3104 NMAC - 20 NMAC 6.2.III.3104, 1-15-01; A, 12-1-01]

#### **EXEMPTIONS FROM DISCHARGE PERMIT REQUIREMENT:** Sections 20.6.2.3104 and 20.6.2.3105 20.6.2.3106 NMAC do not apply to the following:

- Effluent or leachate which conforms to all the listed numerical standards of Section 20.6.2.3103 NMAC and has a total nitrogen concentration of 10 mg/l or less, and does not contain any toxic pollutant. To determine conformance, samples may be taken by the agency before the effluent or leachate is discharged so that it may move directly or indirectly into ground water; provided that if the discharge is by seepage through non-natural or altered natural materials, the agency may take samples of the solution before or after seepage. If for any reason the agency does not have access to obtain the appropriate samples, this exemption shall not apply;
- Effluent which is discharged from a sewerage system used only for disposal of household and other domestic waste which is designed to receive and which receives 2,000 gallons or less of liquid waste per day;
- Water used for irrigated agriculture, for watering of lawns, trees, gardens or shrubs, or for irrigation for a period not to exceed five years for the revegetation of any disturbed land area, unless that water is received directly from any sewerage system;
- Discharges resulting from the transport or storage of water diverted, provided that the water diverted has not had added to it after the point of diversion any effluent received from a sewerage system, that the source of the water diverted was not mine workings, and that the secretary has not determined that a hazard to public health may result;
- Effluent which is discharged to a watercourse which is naturally perennial; discharges to dry arroyos and ephemeral streams are not exempt from the discharge permit requirement, except as otherwise provided in this section;
- Those constituents which are subject to effective and enforceable effluent limitations in a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit, where discharge onto or below the surface of the ground so that water contaminants may move directly or indirectly into ground water occurs downstream from the outfall

20.6.2 NMAC 13

# **REFERENCE 10**

# Feasibility Study Report Version 1.2

# Griggs and Walnut Ground Water Plume Superfund Site Las Cruces, Doña Ana County, New Mexico EPA ID NM0002271286

Remedial Action Contract No. EP-W-06-021
Task Order No. 0007-RICO-06HZ
CH2M HILL Project No. 346535
DCN 0007-02000

Prepared for:
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Prepared by: CH2M HILL, INC

November 2006

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also detected east of I-25 at more recently installed monitor wells GWMW15-S (18  $\mu$ g/L) and GWMW15-D (0.18 LJ  $\mu$ g/L), extending the plume footprint potentially east of the Las Cruces Flood Control Dam.

The GWP site plume extends laterally west-to-east from near monitor well GWMW06 and CLC Well No. 10 eastward beyond the Las Cruces Flood Control Dam and is approximately 9,500 ft (1.8 miles) in length. Near GWMW06, the PCE detections are limited to the UHZ. The area of PCE extending from the DACTD maintenance facility eastward beyond GWMW15 is approximately 6,000 ft (1.1 mi.) in length. The plume, at its widest point, extends north-to-south from north of CLC Well No. 21 to south of CLC Well No. 19 and is approximately 2,700 ft (0.5 mi) wide (see Figure 1-10). The plume configuration appears to have been largely shaped by municipal well pumping.

The PCE concentrations in the UHZ (at the water table) still exceed the MCL in two areas (see Figure 1-10). The first area is located in the vicinity of monitor well GWMW06 in the northwestern part of the plume. This area is located upgradient of and near the former National Guard Armory. The second area where PCE concentrations exceed the MCL extends from near monitor well MW-SF3 (located at the DACTD maintenance facility) to the east toward monitor well MW-SF10. This second area is much larger in aerial extent than the first area.

In the upper and lower portions of the LHZ, PCE concentrations exceed the MCL in the area extending eastward and downgradient from the DACTD maintenance facility (see Figures 1-11 and 1-12). The area of the plume where PCE exceeds the MCL in the lower portion of the LHZ (Figure 1-12) occurs at the DACTD maintenance facility near monitor well GWMW01. PCE concentrations in the upper portion of the LHZ (Figure 1-12), above an elevation of 3,675 ft MSL, exceed the MCL in a broad area extending from the eastern portion of the DACTD maintenance facility downgradient to the east of monitor well GWMW15-S. The down-gradient (eastern) lateral extent of PCE in the upper portion of the LHZ is not well defined.

The vertical distribution of PCE at the GWP site from December 2005 is presented in cross-section view on Figures 1-13 through 1-15. The locations of these cross-sections in relation to the site are shown on Figure 1-16. In the northwestern part of the plume, the highest detections of PCE occur in the UHZ at GWMW06 port 1 ( $10 \mu g/L$ , see Figure 1-13). The PCE concentration decreases away from this monitor well location. In the LHZ in this area, the PCE concentrations are low (less than 1  $\mu g/L$ ) or not detected. This infers that the concentrations observed at GWMW06 are confined to the upper reaches of the aquifer and do not contribute significantly to the rest of the plume. In the eastern area of the plume, between monitor wells GWMW01 and GWMW15, the PCE contamination extends

# **REFERENCE 11**

# PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT REPORT Main and Alameda Solvents Site CERCLIS # NMN000606776 DOÑA ANA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

March 2008



New Mexico Environment Department Ground Water Quality Bureau Superfund Oversight Section

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### 1.0 Introduction

Under the authority of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), as amended, 42 United States Code (U.S.C.) §§ 9601 to 9675, the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) Superfund Oversight Section (SOS) conducted a Preliminary Site Assessment (PA) of the Main and Alameda Solvents Site, Las Cruces, Doña Ana County, New Mexico, CERCLIS ID NMN000606776 (Ref. 1).

The objective of the PA is to evaluate the Site using the Hazard Ranking System (Ref. 1) and the Superfund Chemical Data Matrix (Ref. 2) to determine if a threat to human health and the environment exists such that further action under CERCLA is warranted.

### 2.0 Site information

### 2.1 Location and description

The Main and Alameda Solvents Site (Site) is a contaminated groundwater plume with no identified source. The Site is located in downtown Las Cruces, New Mexico and is defined by an area of groundwater contaminated by tetrachloroethene (PCE; perchloroethylene; C<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>4</sub>) (CAS # 127-18-4) (Ref. 2, p. 1, 2). PCE was detected commingling with a gasoline plume in monitoring wells installed to investigate the Midtown Chevron leaking underground storage tank (LUST) site (Release ID #3515) (Ref. 4). The address, 750 South Main Street, lies at 32° 18' 12.1" north latitude, 106° 46' 40.7" west longitude. Based on relative contaminant concentrations in various wells, the two plumes appear to have separate sources (Ref. 5). The gasoline plume is bounded by a monitoring well network designed for the purpose of monitoring the gasoline plume, whereas the PCE plume is not (Ref. 5). A sample collected from a temporary well installed in 2004 for a Phase I and limited Phase II Environmental Site Assessment at the Loretto Towne Centre, 505 S. Main Street, also detected PCE (Ref. 6, p. 3).

### 2.2 Geologic setting

Las Cruces is in the Mesilla Basin, which formed within the normal-faulted, crustal spreading region associated with the Rio Grande Rift. The region is one of marked tectonic relief, including exposure of uplifted Precambrian basement rock exposed nine miles east of Las Cruces in the Organ-Franklin Mountain-Sierra Juarez chain. Beneath the valley, sedimentary basin-fill deposits are saturated down to a maximum thickness of 3,000 feet in the Mesilla Basin (Ref. 7, p. 35). North-trending, en-echelon normal faulting (half-graben structures) of the rift province, many with accommodation-zone terminations, are the dominant tectonic forms of the regional geologic terrane (Ref. 7, p. 33). Within the basin-fill deposits, younger sediments are predominantly alluvial in origin whereas eolian and lacustrin lithofacies are present in older portions of the depositional sequence.

### 2.3 Climate

The climate of the area is arid because the average annual precipitation in the Mesilla Valley ranges between 8.0 and 9.0 inches per year (Ref. 8). Nearly three-fourths of the annual

# REFERENCE 12

# NEW MEXICO ENVIRONMENT DEPARTMENT RECORD OF TELEPHONE CONVERSATION

Time:	Date: 02/15/2008		
Originating Party: Ruth Horowitz New Mexico Environment Department Ground Water Quality Bureau Superfund Oversight Section	Other Parties: Chris Holmes New Mexico Environment Department Petroleum Storage Tank Bureau		
Subject: North Main Street, Las Cruces, Ne	ew Mexico		

*Discussion:* There are ongoing remediation efforts at Scotts Auto Sales and North Main Self Serve to clean up the LUST contamination. Clean at Bar-F-22 commenced April 15, 2005. There is ongoing ground water monitoring at Bar-F-22.

Since 1999, no chlorinated solvents have been detected in any ground water samples from monitoring wells at these sites.

Signature: Date: 2/15/08

# **REFERENCE 13**

Project No. ANF98-002-00 May 4, 1998 Raba Kistner Consultants (SW), Inc. 2141 Hammerand Court, Suite D Las Cruces, New Mexico 88001 (505) 532-0879 • FAX (505) 532-0881

New Mexico Environment Department Underground Storage Tank Bureau 1190 St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87502

Attn: Mr. Brian Salem

Re: On-Site Investigation Report

Scott's Auto Sales 1835 North Main Street Las Cruces, New Mexico Facility No. 6235006

Dear Mr. Salem:

Attached is the On-Site Investigation Report (Form 1206) for the above-referenced site (Figures 1 and 2). The report includes data generated during field work performed March 26 and 27, 1998. The field work consisted of advancing two borings, three monitoring wells, and analyzing the associated soil and water samples.

The objective of the field work was to identify the horizontal and vertical extent of petroleum hydrocarbon contamination in the soil and the extent of the known dissolved-phase hydrocarbon plume in the groundwater. The work was performed for Sharp Oil Company, Inc. (Client) at the request of the New Mexico Environment Department.

### SOIL ASSESSMENT

Raba-Kistner (R-K) installed three monitoring wells and two borings; boring locations are shown on Figure 1. Borings B-4 and B-5 were advanced to a depth of 35 feet below ground surface (ft bgs). The monitoring wells were installed at a total depth of 45 ft bgs. The boring logs are in Appendix 1. Soil cuttings were stored on site pending photo-ionization detector (PID) readings. Soils were continuously sampled. An R-K environmental engineer field-screened the soil samples for the presence of volatile organics, using a portable organic vapor meter utilizing a photo-ionization detector. Based upon field screening results, one soil sample from each boring was selected for submission to the laboratory. The sampling protocol is located in Appendix 4.

Organic vapor concentrations measured for B-4 soil samples were 253 ppm at 5 ft bgs and 312 ppm at 35 ft bgs. Organic vapor concentrations measured for B-5 soil samples were 119 ppm at 25 ft bgs and out of range (>8300 ppm) at 35 ft bgs. The hydrocarbon

	Form 1206 Site Name <u>Scott's Auto Sales</u>
	USTB Facility #6235006
	Date <u>May 4, 1998</u> Page 7
,	A
c. USTB Recipient of call:	
3. 7-Day Report	
a. Date submitted: N/A	
b. Name and affiliation:	
4. 30-Day Verbal Report	·
a. Date:N/A	
b. Caller name and affiliation:_	
c. USTB Recipient of call:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
IV. ON-SITE INVESTIGATION: A. Risk assessment (refer to figures if applicable)	
1. Identification of underground utilities: (F	igure 1)
a. Is there potential for vapor	accumulation or explosion?
YES or	<del></del>
IF YES, please comment briefly:_	<del> </del>
b. Is there potential for preference contaminant associated	with the utility corridors?
IF YES, please comment briefly:	
== = ====	
2. Identification of surface water cou	rses within 1/2 mile: (Figure 3
Storm water channel approx.  site (typically dry)	

Project No.: ANF98-002-00

State of New Mexico Environmental Department

Underground Storage Tank Bureau

May 4, 1998

concentrations in the soils were above NMED remediation requirements, therefore, soil cuttings were not placed back in the borings. The borings were grouted to the surface.

### SOIL ANALYTICAL RESULTS

The soil samples were submitted to Assaigai Analytical Laboratories, Inc. for analysis of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and total xylenes (BTEX) by EPA Method 8020A, total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) by EPA Method 8015 Modified (Gasoline Range Organics), and volatile organic compounds (VOCs) by EPA Method 8260. As reported by the laboratory, concentrations of BTEX, TPH, and VOCs were detected from samples MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, B-4, and B-5. The soil analytical results are summarized in Table 3A and 3B, and the laboratory analytical reports are in Appendix 5. Locations of the monitoring wells and borings with concentrations are on figures 3 and 6.

### **GROUNDWATER MONITORING & SAMPLING**

The ground water elevations for MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3 were measured on April 3, 1998. A summary of the ground water levels measured at the site is in table 5.

Ground water samples were collected from monitor wells MW-1 through MW-3. After monitoring the wells for depth-to-water, each well was purged a minimum of 2 well volumes, except for MW-3 from which only one well volume was purged. The wells were allowed to equilibrate prior to sampling. The water samples were placed in clean laboratory-supplied jars, sealed, and labeled. The samples were then submitted to Trace Analysis, Inc. for analysis of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes (BTEX) by EPA Method 8020A, total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) by EPA Method 8015 modified, and VOCs by EPA method 8260.

### **GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS**

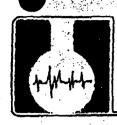
Samples collected from monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3 were reported to have BTEX and TPH concentrations above detectable limits. Analytical results are summarized in Table 4A, and the laboratory analytical reports are in Appendix 5.

# Table 2 Summary of Vapor Testing Results Scott's Auto Sales 1835 N. Main Las Cruces, New Mexico ANF98-002-00

DEPTH	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	B-4	B-5
FEET	Photo-Ionization Detector (PID) READING (ppm)				pm)
5' - 7'	0	320	3	253	4
10' - 12'	0	22	2	22	7
15' - 17'	0	14	2	15	- 50
20' - 22'	0	31	0	4	54
25' - 27'	8	7	0	6	119
30' - 32'	0	3	1	7	67
35' - 37'	861	*4500	8		
40' - 42'	*4300	45	N/S		

<sup>\*</sup> PID reading out of range.

N/S = No Sample (0% recovered in split sample)



# ASSAIGAI ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES, INC.

7300 Jefferson, N.E. • Albuquerque, New Mexico 87109 • (505) 345-8964 • FAX (505) 345-7259

3332 Wedgewood, E-5 • El Paso, Texas 79925 • (915) 593-6000 • FAX (915) 593-7820

RABA-KISTNER CONSULTANTS (SW) attn: JIM WILLIAMS 7002 COMMERCE EL PASO, TEXAS 79915

Ï	* explanation of codes
8	analyte detected in Mothod Blank
ε	result is estiment
Н	anelyzed out of noid time
N	tentalively identified compound
. 3	şubcontrected
1-9	see footrate

Assalgai Analytical Laboratories, Inc.

# Certificate of Analysis

Clie	
Projec	с.

RABA-KISTNER CONSULTANTS (SW) ......

9803272

ANF9800200 SCOTT'S AUTO SALES

William P. BiaVa, Prosident of Assetgel Anervices Laboratophe, Inc.

Client Sample ID	MW-1 4	0'-42'			mple SOH	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sample Collected	03/26/98 14:35:00
<u>Fraction</u>	QC Group	CAS#	•••••	Result	<u>Únits</u>	Dilution Factor	Detection Limit *	Sequence	Run Date
			SW846-8015 Modified TPH						
9803272-01A	×98179		Gasoline Range Organica	74	mg/Kg	27.9018	0.25	XG.1998,315-8	04/03/98
		,	SW846-8020 Volatiles					•	
9803272-01A	X98185	71-43-2	Benzene	0.27	mg1 Kg	5.5804	0,005	XG.1798,310-8	04/07/98
	X08185	100-41-4	Ethyibenzene	0.75	mg / Kg	5.5804	0.005	XG.1998.310-8	•
	X98185	85-47-6	o-Xylene	0,93	mg/Kg	5.5804	0.005	XG,1988.310-8	
	X98185		p/m Xylenes	2.1	mg / Xg	⇒ \$804	0.01	XG,1998,310-8	
	X98185	108-48-3	Toluene	. 0.81	mg / Kg	5.5804	0.005	XG.1998,310-8	
			SW846-8260 Volatiles		7			•	
:803272-01A	X98191	75-34-3	1,1 Dichloroethane	ND	mg/Kg	5.3848	0.005	XG.1998.334-4	04/09/98
	X98191	75-35-4	1.1 Dichloroethene	ND	mg/Kq	5,3648	0.005	XG,1998.334-4	,
	X98191	71-55-8	1,1,1 Trichioroethane	NO	mg / Kg	5.3648	0.005	XG.1998.334-4	
	X88191	830-20-6	1,112 Tetrachtoroethane	ND	⊤g/Kg	5,3648	0 005	XG 1998.334-4	
	X98191	79-00-S	1.1.2 Trichloroethane	ND	mg/Kq	5,3648	0.005	XG.1998.334-4	•
_	X98191	70-34-5	1.1.2.2 Tetrachiorgethana	0.047	mg / Kg	5,3644	0.005	XG.1998,334-4	
	X98191	108-93-4	1,2 Dibrorroethane (EDB)	NO	781 Kg	5,3648	0.005	XG.1998.334-4	
	×98191	95-50-1	. 1.2 Dichtorobenzene	0.030	¬g / Ка	364h	0.005	XG,1998.334-4	
	X98191	107-03-2	1 2 Dichtoroethane	70	ng / Kg	1.3648	0.005	XG,1998.334-4	
	X98191	78-87-5	1,2 Dichloropropane	ND	mg / Kg	3,3648	0.005	×G,1998.334-4	
	X98101	28-18-4	1,2.3 Trichloropropane	NO	mg / Kg	5,3648	0.005	XG.1998.334-4	
	X59191	93-04-6	1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene	2.3 \	¬g/Kg	5.3848	0,006	XG,1968.334-4	
	X98191	5-1-79-1	1,3 Dichloropenzene	ND	∴ng / Kg	5.3848	0.005	XG,1998,334-4	
	X98191	108-87-8	1,3,5-Tametnylbenzene	3.89	mg / Kg	5,3648	0.005	XG.1988.334-4	



Assaigal Analytical Laboratories, Inc.

# Certificate of Analysis

Client:

**RABA-KISTNER CONSULTANTS (SW)** 

Project: 9803272 ANF9800200 SCOTT'S AUTO SALES

003272-01A	X08191	704-41-0	1,4 Olchloro-2-butene	ND	mg/Kg	5.3848	0.05	XG.1998,334-4	04/09/98
	X98191	106-46-7	1,4 Dichlorobenzene	NO	mg/Kg	5,3648	0.005	XG.1998.334-4	
	X98191	76-03-3	2-Sutanone (MEK)	, NO	mg / Kg	5,3648	0.025	XG.1998.334-4	
	X98191	110-73-6	2-Chloroethylvinylether	ON	mg/Kg	5.3648	0.025	XG,1998.334-4	
	X98191	501-78-6	2-Hexanone (MBK)	NO	ma/Ka	5,3448	0.025	XG.1998,334-4	
	X98191	108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	NO	mg/Kg	5.3648	0.025	XG.1998.334-4	
	X98191	97-64-1	Acetone	ND	mg / Kg	5.3646	0,025	XG.1998.334-4	
	X98191	107-02-9	Acrolein	ND	mg/Kg	5,3848	0,1	XG.1998.334-4	
	X98191	107-12-1	Acrylontrile	NO /	mg / Kg	5.3648	0.1	XG.1998.334-4	•
	X98191	71-43-2	Benzene	0.24	mg/Kg	5.3848	0.005	XG.1988.334-4	
	X98191	75.27.4	Bromodichioromethane	, ND	mg/Kg	5.3648	0.005	XG,1998.334-4	
	X98191	75-26-2	Bromotorm	NO	mg/Ke	5.3848	0.005	XG.1998.334-4	•
	X98191	74-83-0	Bromomethane	ND	mg/Kg	5,3648	0.025	XG,1998.334-4	
	X98191	75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	NO	mg/Kg	5,3648	0.025	XG.1398,334-4	
	X98191	38-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	ND ·	mg / Kg	5.3648	0.005	XG.1998,334-4	
	X98191	108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	ND	mg/Kg	5.3848	0.005	XG.1998.334-4	
	X98191	124-48-1	Chlorodibromomethane	NO	mg/Kg	5.3648	0.005	XG.1998,334-4	
	X98191	75-00-3	Chloroethane	NO	mg/Kg	\$ 3648	0.025	XC.1998.334-4	
	X98191	57-M-3	Chloroform	NO	mg / Kg	5,3648	0.005	XO.1998.334-4	
	X98191	74-67-3	Chloromethane -	. ND	mg/Kg	5.3648	0.025	XG.1998,334-4	
	161 NEX	156-38-2	cis-1,2 dichlaraethene	ND	mg/Kg	5.3648	0.005	XG.1998,334-4	
	X38191	10061-01-5	cis-1,3 dichloropropene	ND	mg / Kg	5.3648	0,005	XG.1938.334-4	
	X38191	74-95-3	Dibromomethane	ND	mg/Kg	5.3648	0,005	XG.1958.334-4	
	X98191	97-63-2	Ethyl methacrylate	ND	mg/Kg	5,3048	0.025	XG.1998.334-4	
	X96191	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	1.0	mg/Kg	5,3648	0.005	XG.1988.334-4	
	X98191		Freon 113	. ND	mg/Kg	5.3848	0.025	XG.1998.331-4	
	X98181	75-71-8	Freon 12	NO	ma/Kg	5 3648	0.05	XG,1998,334-4	
	X98191	74-85-4	lodomethane	NO	mg/Kg	5,3648	0.025	XG,1998.334-4	
	X98191	1634-04-4	Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	ND	mg / Kg	5,3648	0.005	XG.1998,334-4	
	X98191	75-09-2	Methylene chlorida	ND.	mg / Kg	5.3648	0.05	XG.1998.334-4	
	X98191	96-47-0	a-Xylene	1.4	mg / Ka	5.3648	0.005	XG,1998.334-4	
	X98191		p/m Xylenes	3.3	mg / KQ	5.3648	0.01	XG,1998.334-4	
	1018£X	100.42-6	Styrene	NO	mg / Kg	5,3548	0.005	XG.1998.334-4	
	X98191	158-80-5	t-1,2 Dichloroethene	ND	mg/Kg	5.3648	0,005	XC.1998,334-4	
	X98191	10001-02-6	t-1,3 Dichloropropene	NO	mg/Kg	5.3848	0.005	XG.1998.334-4	
	`X98191	127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	NO	mg/Kg	5.3848	0.005	XG.1998.334-4	
	X08191	108/88-3	Toluene	1,1	mg / Kg	5.3848	0.005	XG.1988.334-4	
	X08191	78-01-6	Trichioroethene	NO	ing/Kg	5 3848	0.005	XG.1998.334-4	
	X98191	75-89-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	NO	mg/Kg	5.3648	0.025	XG,1999,334-4	
	X98191	108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	ND	mg / Kg	5.3648	0.025	XG.1798.334-4	
	X98191	75.01.4	Vinyl chloride	ND	mg / Kg	5.3648	0.025	XG.1598.334-4	

Report Date



Assalgai Analytical Laboratories, Inc.

# Certificate of Analysis

Client:

RABA-KISTNER CONSULTANTS (SW)

Project: 9803272

ANF9800200 SCOTT'S AUTO SALES

Client Sample ID	B-4 35'-	<u>37'</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		mple SOIL	<b>_</b> ~- ·			Sample Collected	03/27/9 08:29:0
				•		Dilution	Detection	ì		Run
Fraction	QC Group	CAS#		Result	Units	Factor	Limit		Sequence	Date
803272-02A	X98179	i	SW848-8015 Modified TPH	7200	ma / Ya	2985.0746	'i' 'aau ' 1		VØ 4000 205 A	
MO05/12-02N	VAGIS	·	Gasoline Range Organica	7200	mg / Kg	2500.0746	0.25	!	XG.1098.315-9	04/03/98
	•	•	SW846-8020 Volatiles							
803272-02A	X98185	71.43-2	Benzene	NO	mg/Kg	7482,6866	0,005	ļ	XG,1998.310-9	04/07/98
	Z8185	100-41-4	Ethylpenzene	טא	mg/Kg	7482.6866	0.005		XG.1998.310-8	
	X90105	95-47-6	o-Xylene	NO	mg/Kg	7482,6868	0.005		XG.1998,310-9	
	X9818\$		p/m Xylenes	NO "	mg / Kg	7462,6068	0.01		XG.1998,310-9	
	X98185	108-80-3	Toluene	NO	mg/Kg	7462.686G	0.005		XG.1998.310-9	
			SW846-8260 Volatiles	. , ,		<del></del>	<del> </del>			
94032	X98191	1 75-34-3	1,1 Dichloroethane	NO NO	mg/Kg	298.5075	0,005		XG,1998.334-5	04/09/98
	X98191	75-35-4	1,1 Dichloroethene	· ND "	mg/Kg	298.5075	0.005		XG.1998,334-5	
	X98191	71-55-6	1,1,1 Trichloroethane	ND ND	mg/Kg	298.5075	0.005		XG,1998,334-5	
	X98101	530-20-6	1,1,1,2 Tetrachloroethane	. ND	mg/Kg	298.5075	0.005		XG.1999.334-5	
	X98191	79-00-6	1,1,2 Trichloroethane	ND ND	mg/Kg	298.5075	0.005	- ";	XG.1998,334-9	
	X58191	79-34-5	1,1,2,2 Tetrachloroethane	NO	mg/Kg	298,5075	0.005	ļ	XG.1998.334-5	
	X96191	108-93-4	1,2 Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	mg/Kg	298.5075	0.005	.	XG.1998.334-5	
	X98191	95-50-1	1,2 Dichloropenzene	NO .	mg/Kg	288.5075	0.005	··· i	XG.1998.331-5	
	X08191	107-04-2		NO	mg/Kg	298.5075	0.005		XG,1988.334-5	
	X98191	78-87-5	1,2 Dichloroethane	NO	mg / Kg	298.5075	0,005		XQ,1998,334-5	
	X98191	98-18-4	1,2,3 Trichloropropane	NO.	mg/Kg	298.5075	0,005		XG.1998.334-5	
	X98191	05-63-6		190	mg / Kg	298,5075	0.005		XG.1998.334-5	
	X98191	541.73-1	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND ND	ing / Kg	298.5075	0.005		XG.1999.334-6	
	X98191	108-67-8	(1) Oletholopelizolic	100	ing / Kg	298.5075	0.005		XG.1998.334-5	
		784-41-0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	mg/Kg	238.5075	0.05		•	
	X98191	108-49-7	1,4 Dichloro-2-butene	· ND		238,5075	0.005		XG.1998.334-5	
	X9#191	,	1,4 Dicniorobenzene		mg / Kg	238.5075	0.025		XG.1998,334-5	
	X98191	76-93-3	2-Butanone (MEK)	NO	mg/Kg	298,5075	0.025		XG.1998.334-5	
	X98191	10,73-8	2-Chloroethylvinylether	ND	mg/Kg	298,5075	0.025		XG.1998.334-5	
	X98191	\$91=78-0	2-Hexanone (MBK)	ND	mg/Kg	<u>i</u>		[	XG,1998.331-5	
	X98191	108-10-1	4-Metnyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	NO	ma (Ka	298.5075	0.025		XG,1998.334-5	
	X98191	37-84-1	Acatone	ND	ma/Kg	298.5075	0,025		XG,1998.334-5	
	X98191	107-02-8	Acrolein	ND	mg / Kg	298.5075	0.1		XG,1998.334-5	
	X98191	107-13-1	Acrylonitrie	NO	mg / Kg	≥98.5075	0.1		XG.1998.334-5	
	X98191	71-43-2	Benzene	ND	ing / Kg	298.5075	0.005		XQ,1998.334-5	
	X98191	75-27-4	Bromodicnloromethane	NO NO	mg/Kg	298.5075	0.005		XG,1998.334-5	
	<u> </u>	75-25-2	Bromoform	ND	mg / Kg	298.5075	0.005		XG,1998.334-5	
_	X08191	24-63-9	9romomethane	NO	mg / Kd	298.5075	0.025		XG.1998.334-5	
•	×98:91	75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	ND	.πg / Kg	298,5075	0.025		XG,1998.334-5	
	X98191 .	58-23-5	Carpon tetrachlonde	NO	mg/Kg	Z98.E07S	0,005		XG,1998.334-5	
	X38191	OA/ea-/	Chloropenzene	ND	mg / Xg	298,5075	0.005	]	XG,1998.334-S	
	X\$8191	*24-40-1	Chlorodibromomethane	NO	mg/Kg	Z98.5075	0.005		XG.1998.334-5	
	10186X	75-00-3	Chioroethane	NO	mg / Kg	208,5075	0.025		XG.1998.334-5	



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# Certificate of Analysis

Client: RABA-KISTNER CONSULTANTS (SW)

Project: 9803272 ANF9800200 SCOTT'S AUTO SALES

103272-02A	X88181	67.66-3	Chloroform	ND	mg/Kg	298.5075	0,005	XG,1998,334-5	04/09/98
	X98191	74-67-3	Chloromethane	NO	mg/Kg	298,5075	0.025	XG.1998,334-5	
	X98191	159-50-2	cis-1,2 dichloroethene	ND	mg/Kg	298.5075	0,005	XG.1998.334-5	
	X98191	10001-01-5	cis-1,3 dichloropropene	ND	mg/Kg	298.5075	0.005	XG,1998,334-5	
	X98191	74-05-3	Dibromomethane	NO	mg/Kg	298.5075	0.005	XG.1998,334-5	
	X98191	97-63-2	Ethyl methacrylate	ND	mg / Kg	298.5075	0.026	XG.1998,334-\$	
	X98191	100.41-4	Ethylbenzene	25	mg/Kg	298.5075	0,005	XG.1998.334-S	:
	X98191		Freon 113 ·	ND ·	mg / Kọ	298.5075	0.025	XG,1998.334-5	
	X98191	75-71-8	Freon 12	ND	mg/Kg	298,5075	0.05	XO.1998.334-5	
	X98191	74-00-4	lodomethane	NO	mg/Kg	298,5075	0.025	XG.1998.334-5	
	X98191	1834-04-4	Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	NO .	mg/Kg	298,5075	0.005	XG.1998.334-5	
	X08191	76-00-2	Mathylene chloride	NO	mg/Kg	296.5075	0.05	XG.1998.334-5	
	X98191	28.47-0	o-Xylene	ND	mg / Kg	238.5075	0.005	XG.1998.334-5	
	X98191		p/m Xylenes	NO ,	mg/Kg	298,5075	0.01	XG.1998.334-5	
	X98191	100-42-5	Styrene	NO	mg / Kg	298.5075	0.005	XG.1998.334-5	
	X98191	150-00-5	t-1,2 Dichloroethene	ND	mg/Kg	298.5075	0,006	XG.1998.334-5	
	X90191	10061-02-6	t-1,3 Dichloropropene	ND	mg/Kg	298,5075	0,005	XG,1998,334-5	
	X98191	127-18-4	Tetrachlorgethene	NO	mg/Kg	298,5075	0.005	XG,1998,334-5	
	X98191	108-88-3	Toluene	NO .	ing/Kg	298.5075	0.005	··-  XG.1998.334-5	
	X98191	74-91-5	Trichloroethene .	NO	mg/Kg	298.5075	0.005	XG.1998.334-5	
	X98191	75158-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	mg/Kű	298.5075	0.025	XG.1998,334-5	
	X98191	108-05-4	Vinyl acetete	ND.	ing/Kg	298,5075	0.025	 XG.1998.334-5	
	X98191	75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	NO	mg/Kg	298,5075	0.025	XC.1998.334-5	

Client Sample ID	<u>B-5 35'-</u>	<u>37'</u>		S: M	ample SOIL			Sample Collected	03/27/98 10:22:00
						Dilution	Detection		Run
Fraction	QC Group	CAS#		Result	<u>Units</u>	<u>Factor</u>	<u>Limit</u> *	Sequence	Date
	•		SW846-8015 Modified TPH						
9803272-03A	X96179		Gasoline Range Organics	1900	mg/Kg	824.4023	0.25	XG.1998,316-10	04/03/08
			SW846-8020 Volatiles					_	
9803272-03A	X99185	71.43.5	Benzene	A.2	ing / Kg	412.2012	0.005	XG.1998.310-11	04/07/98
	X98185	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	35	mg/Kg	412,2012	0.005	- XG,1998,310-11	
	28196X	05-47-A	o-Xylene	. 44	mg / Kg	412,2012	0.005	XG,1999,310-11	
	X08185	1	p/m Xylenes	110	mg / Kg	412.2012	0.01	XG.1998.310-11	
	X08185	108-88-4	Toluene	40	mg / Kg	412.2012	0.005	XG.1998.310-11	
			SW846-8260 Volatiles						
9903272-03A	X98191	/5-34-3	1.1 Dichioroethane	NO	mg / Kg	87.9044	0.005	XG.1998,334-8	04/09/98
	X98191	5.35-4	1 1 Dichlorosthene	ND	mg/Kg	57.9044	0.005	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	74,55 6	1,1,1 Trichloroethane	ND	mg / Kg	87.3044	0 005	XG,1998,334-8	
	X98191	230-50-0	1,1,1,2 Tetrachioroethane	ND ·	mg / Kg	87.0044	0.005	XG.1998.334-6	
	X98191	79-00-5	1,1,2 Trichlorcethane	ON	mg / Kg	37 9044	0.005	XG.1998.334-6	
	308101	79-34-3	1,1,2,2 Tetrachioroethane	NO	mg / Kg	37 VO44	0.005	XG, 1998.334-5	
	X08191	:06-93-4	* 2 Dibromeethane (EDS)	ND	mg / Kg	87,9044	0.005	XG,1008.334-8	
	X98191	95,50-1	1,2 Dichicropenzene	ND	mg / Kg	37.9044	0.005	XG.1998.334-6	
	X98191	107-08-2	1,2 Dichloroethane	NO	mg/Kg	87.9044	0,005	XG.1998.334-6	

Assaigai Analytical Laboratories, Inc.

# Certificate of Analysis

Client:

**RABA-KISTNER CONSULTANTS (SW)** 

Project: 9803272 ANF9800200 SCOTT'S AUTO SALES

9803272-03A	X98101	78-07-5	1,2 Dichloropropane	ND	mg / Kg	87,9044	0.005	XG.1998.334-6	04/09/98
	X98191	8G-18-1	1,2,3 Trichloropropane	NO	mg/Kg	87.3044	0.005	XG,1998.334-8	
	X98191	95-83-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbanzens	150	mg/Kg	351.8174	0.005	XG.1998,334-13	04/10/98
	X98191	541-73-1	1.3 Dichlorobenzene	NO	mg/Kg	87.9044	0.005	XG.1995.334-G	04/09/98
5	X98191	108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	43	mg/Kg	87.9044	0.005	XG.1998.334-6	
	X98191	764-41-0	1,4 Dichloro-2-butene	ND	mg/Kg	07,9044	0.05	XG.1998.334-6	
	X58191	106-49-7	1,4 Dichloropenzene	NO .	mg / Kg	87,2044	0.005	XG.1998.331-6	•
	X98101	78.92.3	2-Sutanone (MEK)	ND	mg / Kg	87.5044	0.025	XG,1998.334-6	
	X98191	110-75-8	2-Chioroethylvinylether	NO NO	ma/Kg	87.9044	0.025	XG.1998.334-5	•
	X98191	591-78-6	2-Hexanone (MBK)		mg/Kg	07.9044	0.025	XG.1998,334-6	
	X98191	108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	ND	mg / Kg	87,9044	0.025	XG.1998.334-6	•
	X08191	07-64-1	Acetone	ND	mg/Kg	87.9044	0.025	XG.1998.334-6	
	X98191	107-02-8	Acrolein	ND	rig / Ko	87.9044	0.1	XG.1898,334-6	
	X08191	107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	NO	mg / Kg	87,9044	0.1	XG.1998.334-6	
	X98191	71-43-2	Benzene	3,5	mg / Kg	87.9044	0.005	XG.1998,334-6	
	X98191	75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	NO	mg/Kg	87.9044	0.005	XG,1998.334-6	
	X98191	75-25-2	Bromoform	NO	mg/Kg	87.9044	0.005	XC 1998.334-6	
	X98191	74-83-9	Bromomethane	NO	mg/Kg	87.9044	0.025	XC 1998.334-8	
	X98191	75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	NO	mg/Kg	87.9044	0,025	XG,1998,334-6	
	X98191	30-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	NO	ma/Kg	87.9044	0.005	XG.1998,334-6	
	X98191	108.90-7	Chlorobenzene	NO	mg/Kg	87.9044	0.00s	XG. 1988.334-G	
	X98191	124-48-1	Chlorodipromomethane	NO	mg/Kg	87.9044	0.005	XG,1998.334-6	
	X98191	75-00-3	Chloroethane	NO	mg/Kg	87.9044	0.025	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	57-64-3	Chioroform	NO	mg/Kg	87.8044	0,005	XG.1998,334-8	
	X98181	74-87-3	Chloromethane	NO	mg/Kg	87.9044	0.025	XG,1990.334-0	
	X9H191	158-59-2	cis-1,2 dichlorgethene	NÖ	mg/Kg	87.9044	0.005	XG.1998.334-6	
	X98101	10001-01-5	crs-1,3 dichloropropene	ND	, mg/Kg	87.9044	0.009	XG. 1098,334-6	
	X98191	74-95-3	Dibromomothane	ND	mg / Kg	H7 9044	0,005	XG. 1998.334-6	
	X98191	97-63-2	Ethyl methacrylate	ND	mg / Kg	87.9044	0.025	XG.1998.334-6	
	X98191	100-41-4	Elhyipenzene	56	mg/Kg	87,9044	0.005	XG.1998,334-6	
	X90191		Freon 113	ND	mg/Kg	87.9044	0.025	XG,1998.334-6	
	X98191	75-71-8	Freon 12	ND	mg/Kg	57.9044	20,0	XG,1998.334-8	
	X98191	74-00-4	lodomethane	ND	ing / Kg	87,9044	0.025	XG.1998.334-6	
	X28191	1934-04-4	Mctnyi t-butyi ether (MTSE)	ND	mg / Kg	87,3044	0.005	XG.1998.334-6	
	X98191	75-09-2	Methylene chloride	ND	mg'/ Kg	87.9044	0.05	XG.1998.334-6	
	X98191	05-47-G	o-Xviene	73	mg / Kg	87.9044	0.005	XG.1988.334-6	
	X98191		p/m Xylenes	170	mg / Ky	87.9044	0.01	XG.1998.334-6	
	X98191	100-42-5	Styrene	ND	mg/Kg	87 9044	0.005	XG.1988.334-6	
	X98194	136-40-5	t-1,2 Dichloroethene	ND	mg/Kg	87.9044	0.005	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	10081-02-6	t-1,3 Dichloropropene	NO	mg / Kg	37,9044	0.005	XG.1998.334-6	
	X98191	127-18-4	Tetrachloroathane	ND .	mg/Kg	37,9044	0.005	XG.1998.334-6	
	X08191	108-88-3	Toluene	73	mg / Ka	87.9044	0.005	XG.1998.334-6	
	X98191	79-01-0	Trichiorosthene	ND	mg/Ka	H7,9044	0 00s	XG.1998.334-6	
	X98191	75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	mg / Kg	87.9044	0.025	XG.1958.334-6	
	X98181	108-05-4	Vinyt sociate	ND	mg / Kg	57 9044	0.025	XG.1998.334-6	
	X98191	75-01/4	Vinyi chloride	ND	mg / Kg	87,9044	0.025	XG.1998.334-6	•



### Assaigal Analytical Laboratories, Inc.

# Certificate of Analysis

Client:

**RABA-KISTNER CONSULTANTS (SW)** 

Project: 9803272

**ANF9800200 SCOTT'S AUTO SALES** 

Client Sample ID	MW-2 3	<u>5'437'</u>	the state of the state of the control of the state of the		imple SOII	· =		Sample Collected	03/27/9 11:55:0
raction	QC Group	CAS#		Result	Units	Dilution Factor	Detection Limit	* Sequence	Run Date
					بالمناسبية			<u>ocquerior</u>	Dute.
803272-04A	X98179	1	SW846-8015 Modified TPH Gasoline Range Organics 1	280		187.5803	0.25		<b>4.10</b> 0.00
000212-0-17	700119	1	Gasoline Range Organics		mg / Kg	107.3003	1 425	XG,1998.315-11	04/03/38
			SW846-8020 Volatiles						
803272-04A	X98185	71-43-2	Benzene	ND	mg/Kg	335,1206	0.005	XG.1998,310-10	04/07/98
	X98185	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	8.0	mg/Kg	335.1208	0.005	XG.1998,310-10	
	X98185	95-47-G	o-Xylene	3.4	mg/Kg	335.1206	0.005	XG.1998.310-10	
	X98185		p/m Xylenes	4.1	mg / Kg	335.1206	0.01	XG.1998.310-10	
	X98185	108-88-3	Toluene	ND	mg/Xg	335,1206	0.005	XG.1998.310-10	
			SW846-8260 Volatiles						
803272-04A	X98191	75-34-3	1.1 Dichloroethane	. ND	i mg/Kg	8,0928	0.005	XG.1998.334-7	04/09/98
	X98191	75-35-4	1.1 Dichloroethene	NO	mg / Kg	8.0928	0,005	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	71-55-6	1,1,1 Trichloroethane	NO	mg/Kg	8.9928	0.005	XG.1998,334-7	
	X98191	650 20-6	1,1,1,2 Tetrachioroethane	NO	mg / Kg	8.9928	0.005	XG,1998.334-7	
	X98194	78-00-5	1,1,2 Trichtoroethane	ND	mg / Kg	8,9928	0.005	XG,1998,334-7	
	X98151	79-34-5	1.1.2.2 Tetrachioroethane	NO	mg / Kg	8.9928	0.005	XG.1996.334-7	
	X98191	108-63-4	1,2 Dibromosthane (EDB)	ND	mg/Kg	8,9928	0.005	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	45-50-1	1,2 Dichlorobenzene	NO	mg/Kg	8,9928	0.005	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	107-00-2	1.2 Dichloroethane	NO NO	mg/Kg	8.9928	0.005	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	78-87-5	1,2 Olchloropropane	NO	mg / Kg	8.9928	0.005	XG,1999,334-7	
	101BEX	36-16-4	1,2,3 Trichioropropane	NO	mg / Kg	8,9928	0,005	XG.1998.394-7	
	X98191	25-43-4	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	8.2	mg / Kg	8,9928	0.003	XG.1998,334-7	
	X08101	591-73-1	1.3 Dichlorobenzene	NO	mg/Xg	8.9928	0.003	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	105-67-4	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	3,4	mg/Kg	8.9928	0.005	XG. 1998,334-7	
	X98191	764-41-0	1,4 Dichloro-2-butene	ND	mg/Kg	8.9928	0.05	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	105-46-7	1,4 Dichlorobenzene	ND	mg/Kg	8.9928	0.005	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	78-93-3	2-Butanone (MEK)	NO	mg/Kg	8.9828	0.025	XG,1998.334-7	
	X98191	110-75-8	2-Chioroethylvinylether	ND	mg / Kg	8.9928	0.025	XG,1998.334-7	
•	X98191	501-7A-0	2-Hexanone (MBK)	NO	mg / Ka	8,9928	0.025	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	NO "	mg/Kg	8,9928	0.025	XG.1998.337-1	
	×98191	37-64-1	Acatone	NO	mg/Kg	H.9928	0.025	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	107-02-6	Acrolein	ОИ	mg/Kg	8.9928	0.1	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	107-13-1	Acrylanitrila	NO	mg≠Kg	8,9928	0.1	X3,1998.334-7	
	X98191	71-43-2	Benzene	NO	mg / Kg	8,9978	0.005	XG.1998.334-7	
	x98101	15-27-4	Bromodichioromethane	NO	mg / Kg	8.9928	0.005	XG,1998,334-7	
	X08191	75-25-2	Bromoform	NO	mg / Kg	3.9928	0.005	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	1-83-9	Bromomethane	ND	mg / Kg	8.9928	0,025	XG,1998,334-7	
	X98101	35-15-0	Carbon disuifide	NO	ing / Kg	8,9928	0.025	XG,1998.334-7	
	X28191	18-21-5	Carbon tetrachloride	ND	mg / Kg	8.9928	a.00s	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98151	108-90-7	Chlomopenzene	ND	mg / Kg	8.9928	300.0	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	124-48-1	Chlorodibromomethane	ND	mg/Kg	5.9928	0.005	XG,1998,334-7	
	<b>198191</b>	75-00-3	Chicroethane	ND	.ng / Kg	8,9928	0.025	XG.1998.334-7	

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Chent:

**RABA-KISTNER CONSULTANTS (SW)** 

Project: 9803272 ANF9800200 SCOTT'S AUTO SALES

903272-04A	X98191	67-89-3	Chloroform	ND	mg/Kg	8.9928	0,006	XC,1998.334-7	04/03/9
	X08101	74-87-3	Chloromethane	NO	mg/Kg	8.9928	0.025	XG,1998.334-7	
	X98191	168-69-2	cis-1,2 dichloroethene	NO	mg/Kg	8.9928	0,009	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191 1	0001-01-5	cis-1,3 dichtoropropene	NO	mg/Kg	8.9925	0.005	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	74-05-3	Dibromomethane	. ND	ma/kg	8.9928	0.005	XG.1998,334-7	
	X28191	97-83-2	Ethyl methacrylate	. ON	mg/Kg	8.3928	0.025	XG.1990,334-7	
	X98191	100.41.4	Ethylbenzene	5.4	mg/Kg	8.9928	0.006	XG. 1998.334-7	
	X90191	:	Freon 113	NO	, mg/Kg	8,9928	0.026	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	75-71-8	Freon 12	ND	mg/Kg	8,9928	0.05	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	74-88-4	lodomethane	NO.	ma/Ka	8.9928	0.025	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191 1	834-94-4	Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	, , ND	mg/Kg	8.9928	0.005	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	73-08-2	Methylene chloride	NO	mg/Kg	8 9928	0.05	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	85-47-6	o-Xylene	4.5	mg/Kg	8.9928	0.005	XG,1998,334-7	
	X96191	• !	p/m Xylenes	2,3	mg/Kg	& <del>99</del> 28	0.01	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191 )	100-42-5	Styrene	NO	mg/Kg	8.9928	0.005	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191	156-60-5	t-1,2 Dichloroethene	NO	ma/Ka	8,9928	0.005	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191 10	0061-02-6	t-1,3 Dichtoropropene	NO .	mg/Kg	8.9928	0.005	XG.1988.334-7	
	X98191	127-18-4	Tetrachioroathena	ND	mg/Kg	8.9928	0.005	XG.1998.334-7	
	X98191 1	108-68-3	Toluene	0.21	mg/Kg	8.9928	0.005	XG.1998.334-7	•
	X98191	78-01-5	Trichloroethene	ND	ma/Kg	8.9928	0.005	XG,1998,334-7	
	X98191	76-69-4	Trichiorofluoromethane	NO	mg/Kg	8.9928	0.025	XG.1898.334-7	
	X98191	108-05-4	Vinyi acetate	ND	mg / Kg	8.9928	0.025	XG,1998.334-7	
	X38191	75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	NO	mg / Kg	8,9928	0.025	XC 1998 334-7	

Client Sample ID	MW-3 3	<u>5'-37'</u>			Sample SOIL	<u>-</u>		Sample Collected	03/27/98 15:32:00	
Fraction	QC Group	CAS#		Result	<u>Units</u>	Dilution Factor	Detection <u>Limit</u>	•	Sequence	Run Date
			SW846-8015 Modified TPH							
9803272+05A	X98179	i	Gasoline Range Organics	NO	mg/Kg	5,6211	0,25		XG,1998,315-7	04/03/98
		•	SW846-8020 Volatiles			•		,	,	
9803272-05A	X98185	71-43-2	Benzene	ND	mg / Kg	5.6211	0.005		XG.1998.310-7	04/07/98
	X98185	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	0,082	mg/Kg	5.6211	0.005	ij	XG.1998.310-7	
	X98185	95-47-6	o-Xylana	ND	mg / Kg	5.6211	0.005		XG.1998.310-7	
	X98186		p/m Xylenes	ND	mg/Kg	5,6211	0.01		XG,1998,310-7	
	X98185	105-88-3	Toluene	ND	mg/Kg	5,6211	0.005		XG,1998,310-7	
		•	SW848-8260 Volatiles		•					
8803272-05A	X99191	75-34-3	1,1 Dichloroethane	ND	ள்ற / Kg	6,6617	0,005	1	XG.1998.334-8	04/09/98
	X99191	*5.35.4	1,1 Dichloroethene	ND	mg/Kg	6,6617	0.005		XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	11-55-8	, 1,1,1 Trichloroethane	NO	mg/Kg	6,5617	0,005		XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	630-20-8	1,1,1.2 Tetrachloroethane	ND	mg/Kg	6,5617	0.006		XG,1998 334-6	
	X98101	79-00-5	1.1,2 Trichioroethane	NO	mg/Kg	5,5617	ა.00ა	į	XG.1998 334-8	
	X98191	9-34-5	1,1,2,2 Tetrachloroethane	NO	mg / Kg	6,5817	0.005		XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	08-4.4-4	1.2 Dipromoethane (EDB)	NO	mg / Kg	3,5617	0.005		XC.1008.334-8	
	X98191	25-50-1	1,2 Dichlorobenzene	NO	mg/Kg	6,5617	0.005		XG,1998.334-8	
	1e186X	107-06-2	1,2 Dichloroethane	NO	mg / Kg	6,5617	0.005		XG,1996 334-8	

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# Certificate of Analysis

Client: RABA-KISTNER CONSULTANTS (SW)

Project: 9803272 ANF9800200 SCOTT'S AUTO SALES

9802272-05A	X98181	70-07-5	1,2 Dichloropropane	ND .	mg/Kg	6.5817	0.005	XG,1998,334-8	04/09/
,	X98191	08-16-4	1,2,3 Trichloropropane	, ND	mg / Kg	6,5617	0.005	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	93-03-5	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	mg / Kg	6.5817	0.005	XG.1988,324-8	
	X98191	541-73-1	1,3 Olchiorobenzene	NO	, mg/Kg	6.5617	0.005	XG.1998 334-9	
	X96191	108-87-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	. ND	mg/Kg	6.5617	0.005	XG.1998 334-8	
	X98191	784-41-0	1,4 Dichloro-2-butene	NO	mg/Kg	6.5617	0.05	XG.1008,334-8	
	X98191	100-40-7	1,4 Dichtorobenzene	NO	mg/Kg	6.5617	0.005	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	78-93-3	2-Butanone (MEK)	. NO	mg/Ka	6.5617	Ö.025	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	110-75-8	2-Chloroethylvinylether	NO	ma/Ka	6.5817	0.025	XG.1998,334-8	
	X98191	591-78-6	2-Hexanone (MBK)	ON	, mg/Kg	8.5817	0.025	XG.1998,334-8	
	X98191	108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	NO	mg/Kg	6.5617	0.025	XG.1998,334-8	
	X98191	67-84-1	Acetone	МФ	mg/Kg	B.\$G17	. 0,025	XG.1998,334-8	
	X98191	107-02-4	Acrolein	NO	mg/Kg	6.5617	0.1	XG.1998,334-8	
	X98191	107-13-1	Acrylandrile	ND	mg/Kg	6,5517	0.1	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	71-43-2	Benzene	NO	ing / Kg	6,5617	0.005	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane ·	МО	; mg/Kg	6.5817	0.005	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	75-25-2	Bromaform	ОИ	, mg/Kg	6.5817	0.005	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	74-83-3	Bromomethane	ND	mg / Kg	6.5617	0.025	XG.1998.334-8	4
	X98191	75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	.00	mg/Kg	6,5017	0.025	XG.1998,334-8	
	X98191	56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	NO	mg/Kg ·	6.5617	0.005	XG,1998,334-8	
	X98191	108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	טא	ma/Ka	6.5617	0.005	XG.1998,334-8	
	X98191	124-48-1	Chlorodibromomethane	NO	mg/Kg	5.5617	0.005	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	75 00-3	Chloroethane	NO	ma/Ka	5.5617	0.025	XG.1998,334-8	
	X98191	67-06-3	Chloraform	ND	mg/Kg	0.5617	0,005	XG.1998,334-8	
	X98191	74-87-3	Chloromethane	NO	mg/Kg	5.5617	0.025	XG.1988,334-8	
	X98191	154-59-2	cis-1,2 dichloroethene	ОИ	mg / Kg	8.5617	0.005	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	10001-01-3	cis-1,3 dichloropropens	ND	mg/Kg	6.5617	0.005	XG,1998,334-8	
	X98191	/4-95-3	Dibromomethane	NO	mg / Kg	6,5617	0.005	XG.1998,334-8	
	X98191	97-G3-Z	Ethyl methacrylate	NO	ரு g / Kg	6,6617	0.025	XG 1998 334-8	
	X98191	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	0.14	mg/Kg	p.5617	0.005	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	1	Freon 113	ND.	mg/Kg	6.5517	0.025	XC.1998,334-8	
	X38131	75-71-8	Freon 12	ИО	mg/Kg	6.5617	0.05	XG,1998,334-8	
	X58191	74-88-4	!oaomethane	ND	ma / Ka	5.5617	0,025	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	1831-04-4	Methyl t-butyl ether (MTSE)	ND	mg / Kg	6.5617	0.005	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	75-09-2	Methylene chloride	ND	mg / Kg	3.5817	0.05	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	85-47-C	o-Xyienė	ND	mg / Kg	6.5817	0.005	XG.1988.334-8	
	X98191		p/m Xylenes	NO	mg / Kg	6.5817	0.01	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	100-42-6	Styrene	מא	mg / Kg	G 5617	0.005	XG.1998,334-8	
	X68191	158-80-5	t-1,2 Dichlargethene	ND	mg/Kg	6.5617	0.005	X0,1998,334-8	
	X98191	10081-02-8	(-1,3 Dichigropropene	ND	mg/Kg	u.5617	: 0.005	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	127-18-4	Tetrachioroethene	ND	mg/Kg	6 8617	0.005	XG,1998.334-8	
	X98191	108-88-3	Toluene	ND	mg/Kg	b,5617	0.005	XG.1998.334r8	
	X98191	74-01-8	Trichlorgethene	NO	mg / Kg	à 5u17	0.005	XG.1998.334-8	
	X98191	75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ma/Ka	5.5617	0.025	XG.1998,334-8	
	X98191	108-05-4	Vinyl scetate	NO	mg / Kg	5.5617	0.025	XG.1998.034-8	•
	X98191	73-01-4	Vinyi chloride	NO	ma/Ka	5 5817	0.025	XG,1998,334-8	

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## ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR RABA KISTNER CONSULTANTS

Attention: Jim Williams 7002 Commerce El Paso, TX 79915

PAGE 1 of 2

April 16, 1998

Receiving Date: 04/03/98 Sample Type: Water Project No: ANF98-002-00 Project Location: Las Cruces Prep Date: 04/08/98 Analysis Date: 04/08/98 Sampling Date: 04/03/98 Sample Condition: Intact & Cool Sample Received by: MT

Project Name: Scott's Auto Sales

TA #: T95352/981282 FIELD CODE: MW-1

8260 Compounds	Reporting Limit	Concentration (ug/L)	QC	RPD	EA	IA
Dichlorodifluoromethane	100	ND	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Chloromethane	100	ND				
Vinyl chloride	200	ND	112		-	112
Bromomethane	500	ND				
Chloroethane	100	ND				
Trichlorofluoromethane	100	ND				
1,1-Dichloroethene	100	ND	117	3	116	117
Methylene chloride	500	ND				
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	100	ND				
1,1-Dichloroethane	100	ND				
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	100	ND				
Chloroform	100	ND	106			106
2,2-Dichloropropane	100	ND				
Bromochloromethane	100	ND				
1,2-Dichloroethane EDC	100	390				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	100	ND				
Carbon Tetrachloride	100	ND				
1,1-Dichloropropene	100	ND				
Benzene	100	19.000		3	116	
1,2-Dichloropropane	100	ND	107			107
Trichloroethene	100	ND		3	118	
Dibromomethane	100	ND				
Bromodichloromethane	100	ND				•
sis-1,3-Dichloropropene	100	ND				
ans-1,3-Dichloropropene	100	ND				
Toluene	100	17,000	112	2	118	112
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	100	ND		•		
1,3-Dichloropropane	100	ND				
MTBE	100	ND				

## **RABA KISTNER CONSULTANTS**

Project No.: ANF98-002-00
Project Location: Las Cruces
Project Name: Scott's Auto Sales

PAGE 2 of 2

TA #: T95352/981282 Field Code: MW-1

Field Code: MW-1							
8260 Compounds	Reporting Limit	Concentration (ug/L)	QC	RPD	EA	IA	
Dibromochloromethane	100	ND					
1,2-Dibromoethane	100	ND					
Tetrachloroethene	100	ND					
Chlorobenzene	100	NÐ	113	-1	120	113	
1,1,1,2-Tertachloroethane	100	ND					
Ethylbenzene	100	4,000	120			120	
m & p-Xylene	100	11.000					
Bromoform	100	ND					
Styrene	100	200					
o-Xylene	100	6,100					,
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	100	ND					; •
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	100	ND					
Isopropylbenzene	100	190					
Bromobenzene	100	ND		· ·			
2-Chiorotoluene	100	ND					
n-Propylbenzene	100	510					
4-Chlorotoluene	100	ND					
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	100	820					
tert-Butylbenzene	100	ND					
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	100	3,200					
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	200	ND			•		
sec-Butylbenzene	100	ND					
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	200	ND					
4-Isopropyltoluene	100	ND					
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	200	ND					
n-Butylbenzene	100	ND					
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	500	ND					
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	500	ND					
Naphthalene	100	1,100					
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	500	ND .					
Hexachlorobutadiene	500	ND					

## % Recovery

Dibromofluoromethane	111
Toluene-d8	112
4-Bromofluorobenzene	110

ND = Not Detected

Methods: EPA SW 846-5030, 8260.

CHEMIST: AG

Director, Dr. Blair Leftwich

4-17-58

Date



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ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR RABA KISTNER CONSULTANTS

Attention: Jim Williams 7002 Commerce El Paso, TX 79915

PAGE 1 of 2

April 16, 1998

Receiving Date: 04/03/98 Sample Type: Water Project No: ANF98-002-00 Project Location: Las Cruces

Prep Date: 04/08/98 Analysis Date: 04/08/98 Sampling Date: 04/03/98 Sample Condition: Intact & Cool Sample Received by: MT

Project Name: Scott's Auto Sales

TA #: T95353/981283 FIELD CODE: MW-2

And the state of t	Reporting	Concentration	QC	RPD	EA	IA
8260 Compounds	Limit	(ug/L)	Q.C	KFD		 
Dichlorodifluoromethane	50	ND				
Chloromethane	50	ND				
Vinyl chloride	100	ND	112			112
Bromomethane	250	ND				
Chloroethane `	50	ND				
Trichlorofluoromethane	50	ND				
1,1-Dichloroethene	50	ND	117	3	116	117
Methylene chloride	250	ND				
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	50	ND				
1,1-Dichloroethane	50	ND				
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	50	ND				
Chloroform	50	ND	106			106
2,2-Dichloropropane	· 50	ND				•
Bromochloromethane	50	ND				•
1,2-Dichloroethane	50	ND ND				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	- 50	ND				
Carbon Tetrachloride	50	ND				
1,1-Dichloropropene	50	ND				
Benzene	50	180_		3	116	
1,2-Dichloropropane	50	ND	107			107
Trichloroethene	50	ND		3	118	
Dibromomethane	50	ND				. ,
Bromodichloromethane	50	ND	•			•
sis-1,3-Dichloropropene	50	, ND				
ans-1,3-Dichloropropene	50	ND				
Toluene	50	1.700	112	2	118	112
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	50	ND				
1,3-Dichloropropane	50	ND				
MTBE	50	ND				•

PAGE 2 of 2

### RABA KISTNER CONSULTANTS

Project No.: ANF98-002-00
Project Location: Las Cruces
Project Name: Scott's Auto Sales

TA #: T95353/981283 Field Code: MW-2

Field Code: MW-2	Reporting	Concentration	QC	RPD	EA	IA
8260 Compounds	Limit	(ug/L)				
Dibromochloromethane	50	ND		4		
1,2-Dibromoethane	50	ND				
Tetrachloroethene	50	ND				
Chlorobenzene	50	ND	113	1	120	113
1,1,1,2-Tertachloroethane	50	ND				
Ethylbenzene	50	<u>5,100</u>	120			120
m & p-Xylene	50	3,400				
Bromoform	50	ND				
Styrene	50	140				
o-Xylene	50	<u>5,400</u>				
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	50	ND				•
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	50	ND				•
Isopropylbenzene	50	250	·			
Bromobenzene	50	ND			A	1 -
2-Chlorotoluene	50		CER	KCL.	AH	AZ
n-Propylbenzene	- 50	640				
4-Chlorotoluene	50	ND	•			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	50	820				•
tert-Butylbenzene	50	ND				
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	50	2,900				
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	100	ND				•
sec-Butylbenzene	50	ND				
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	100	ND				
4-Isopropyltoluene	50	390				
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	100	ND				
n-Butyibenzene	50	ND				
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	250	ND				
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	250	ND				
Naphthalene	50	1,200				
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	250	ND				
Hexachlorobutadiene	250	ND				

### % Recovery

Dibromofluoromethane	113
Toluene-d8	111
4-Bromofluorobenzene	112

ND = Not Detected

Methods: EPA SW 846-5030, 8260.

CHEMIST: AG

133

4-16-48

Director, Dr. Blair Leftwich

Date

E-Mail: lab@traceanalysis.com

6701 Aberdeen Avenue, Suite 9

Lubbock, Texas 79424 El Paso, Texas 79922

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4725 Ripley Avenue, Suite A

ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR RABA KISTNER CONSULTANTS

Attention: Jim Williams 7002 Commerce Ei Paso, TX 79915

PAGE 1 of 2

April 16, 1998

Receiving Date: 04/03/98 Sample Type: Water Project No: ANF98-002-00 Project Location: Las Cruces

Prep Date: 04/08/98 Analysis Date: 04/08/98 Sampling Date: 04/03/98 Sample Condition: Intact & Cool Sample Received by: MT

Project Name: Scott's Auto Sales

TA #: T95354/981284 FIELD CODE: MW-3

8260 Compounds	Reporting Limit	Concentration (ug/L)	QC	RPD	EA	IA
Dichlorodifluoromethane	50	ND	<del></del>	···		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Chloromethane	50	ND				
Vinyl chloride	100	ND	112			112
Bromomethane	250	ND				
Chloroethane	50	ND .			•	
Trichlorofluoromethane	50	· · ND				
1,1-Dichloroethene	50	ND	117	3	116	117
Methylene chloride	250	ND				
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	50	ND			•	+
1,1-Dichloroethane	50	ND				
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	50	ND				
Chloroform	50	ND	106			106
2,2-Dichloropropane	50	ND				
Bromochloromethane	50	ND				
1,2-Dichloroethane	50	ND				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	50	ND				
Carbon Tetrachloride	50	ND				
1,1-Dichloropropene	50	ND				
Benzene	50	64_		3	116	
1,2-Dichloropropane	50	ND	107			107
Trichloroethene	50	ND		3	118	
Dibromomethane	50	ND				
Bromodichloromethane	50	ND				
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	50	ND				
ans-1,3-Dichloropropene	50	ND				
Toluene	50	ND	112	2.	118	112
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	50	ND				
1,3-Dichloropropane	50	ND				
MTBE	50	ND				

PAGE 2 of 2

### RABA KISTNER CONSULTANTS

Project No.: ANF98-002-00 **Project Location: Las Cruces** Project Name: Scott's Auto Sales

TA #: T95354/981284

	Field Code: MW-3							
	8260 Compounds	Reporting Limit	Concentration (ug/L)	QC	RPD	ΕĄ	IA	
	Dibromochloromethane	50	ND					
	1,2-Dibromoethane	50	ND					
	Tetrachloroethene	50	ND		,			
	Chlorobenzene	50	ND	113	.1	120	113	
	1,1,1,2-Tertachloroethane	50	. ND					
	Ethylbenzene	50	1,700	120			120	
	m & p-Xylene	50	310					
	Bromoform	50	ND					
	Styrene	50	ND					
	o-Xylene	50	660					
	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	50	ND					
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	50	ND					
	Isopropylbenzene	50	240	•				
	Bromobenzene	50	ND					
X	2-Chlorotoluene	50	100 No +	ERCLA	HA2			
	n-Propylbenzene	50	700		•	n		
	4-Chlorotoluene	50	ND					
	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	50	900					
	tert-Butylbenzene	50	460					
	1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	50	3,500					
	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	100	ND					
	sec-Butylbenzene	50	<u>58</u>					
	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	100	ND				•	
	4-Isopropyltoluene	50	ND					
	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	100	ND					
	n-Butylbenzene	50	ND					
	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	250	ND					
	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	250	ND					
	Naphthalene	50	1,000					
	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	250	ND					
	Hexachlorobutadiene	250	ND					

## % Recovery

Dibromofluoromethane	110
Toluene-d8	112
4-Bromofluorobenzene	111

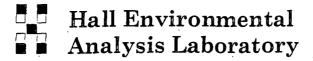
ND = Not Detected

Methods: EPA SW 846-5030, 8260.

CHEMIST: AG

4-16-98

# **REFERENCE 14**



Client:

Billings & Assoc., Inc.

Project:

Bar-F #22

Project Manager: Project Number:

Brad Billings

Client ID:

#22

Date Collected:
Date Received:

. NA

Sample Matrix:

Aqueous

Extraction Date: NA

# EPA Method - 8260 (page 1)

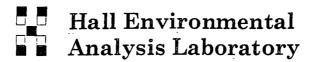
Units PPB (ug/L)

Trip Blank

		HEAL#: Analysis Date:	9904014-7 4/7/99	Reagent Blank 4/6/99
	Compound	MDL	Result	Result
	Benzene	1.0	ND	ND
	Bromobenzene	1.0	ND	. ND
	Bromochloromethane	1.0	ND	ŃD
	Bromodichloromethane	1.0	ND .	ND
4	Promoform	1.0	ND	ND
•	omomethane	1.0	ND	. ND
	n-Butylbenzene	1.0	ND	ND
	sec-Butylbenzene	1.0	ND	ND
	tert-Butylbenzene	1.0	ND	ND
	Carbon Tetracholride	1.0	ND	ND
	Chlorobenzene	1.0	ND	ND
	Chloroethane	2.0	ND	ND
	Chloroform	1.0	ND .	ND
	Chloromethane	1.0	ND	ND
	2-Chlorotoluene	1.0	ND	ND
	4-Chlorotoluene	1.0	ND	ND
	Dibromochloromethane	1.0	ND	ND ,
	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	2.0	ND	ND
	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	1.0	ND	ND
	Dibromomethane	2.0	ND	ND
	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1.0	ND	ND
	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1.0	ND	, ND
	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1.0	ND	· ND
	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.0	ND	ND
	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0	ND	ND
	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0	ND	ND
	1,1-Dichloroethene	1.0	ND	ND
	1,2-Dichloroethene (Cis)	1.0	ND	NÐ
	1,2-Dichloroethene (Trans)	1.0	ND	ND
1	chloromethane	3.0	· ND	ND
•	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	ND	ND
	1,3-Dichloropropane	1.0	ND	. ND
	2,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	ND	ND
	1,1-Dichloropropene	1.0	ND	ND
	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	ND	ND .
	•			

# (Continued) **EPA Method - 8260** (page 2)

	Client ID:	Trip Blank	•
•	HEAL#:	9904014-7	Reagent Blank
•	Analysis Date:	4/7/99	4/6/99
·	·		
Compound	MDL	Result	Result
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	ND.	ND
Ethylbenzene	1.0	ND	ND
Hexachlorobutadiene	1.0	ND	ND
Isopropylbenzene	1.0	ND	ND
4-Isopropyltoluene	1.0	ND	ND
Naphthalene	2.0	ND	ND
n-propylbenzene	1.0	ND	ND
Styrene	<sup></sup> 1.0	, ND	ND
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.0	ND	. ND
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.0	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	1.0	ND	ND
Toluene	1.0	ND	ND
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	1.0	ND	ND
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	1.0	ND	ND
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0	ND	ND
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.0	ND	ND
Trichloroethene (TCE)	1.0	ND	ND
Trichlorofluoromethane	1.0	ND	ND
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	2.0	ND	ND
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1.0	ND	ND
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1.0	ND	ND
Vinyl Chloride	2.0	ND	ND
Xylenes (Total)	1.0	ND	ND
MTBE	1.0	ND	ND
		•	
•			
Surrogates:			
Surrogates: DBFM Recovery		<u>91%</u>	91%
DBFW Recovery		<u>9176</u>	<u>3 1 76</u>
1,2-DCA-d4 Recovery		<u>114%</u>	<u>92%</u>
<u> </u>		,	
d8-Toluene Recovery		<u>100%</u>	<u>97%</u>
BFB Recovery		91%	<u>95%</u>
Dilution		1.	1



Client:

Billings & Assoc., Inc.

Bar-F #22 Project:

**Project Manager: Project Number:** 

Brad Billings

#22

**Date Collected:** 

4/2/99 Date Received:

4/2/99 ' Aqueous

Sample Matrix: **Extraction Date:** 

NA

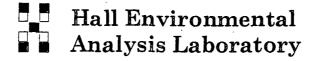
# EPA Method - 8260 (page 1)

Units PPB (ug/L)

	Client ID: HEAL#: Analysis Date:	<b>BF22-1</b> 9904014-1 4/6/99	<b>BF22-2</b> 9904014-2 4/6/99	<b>BF22-3</b> 9904014-3 4/6/99
Compound	MDL	Result	Result	Result
Benzene	1.0	ND	ND	19
Bromobenzene	1.0	ND	ND	ND
Bromochloromethane	1.0	ND	ND	ND
Bromodichloromethane	1.0	ND	ND	ND
Bromoform	1.0	ND	ND	ND
romomethane	1.0	ND	ND	ND
n-Butylbenzene	1.0	ND .	2.2	ND.
sec-Butylbenzene	1.0	ND	6.6	8.6
tert-Butylbenzene	1.0	ND	ND	ND
Carbon Tetracholride	1.0	ND	ND	ND
Chiorobenzene	1.0	ND	ND	ND
Chloroethane	2.0	ND	ND	.ND
Chloroform	1.0	ND	ND ,	ND
Chloromethane	1.0	ND	ND '	ND
2-Chlorotoluene	1.0	ND	ND	ND
4-Chlorotoluene	1.0	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	1.0	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		ND	ND	ND
✓1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	1.0	ND	ND	1.1
Dibromomethane	2.0	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1.0	ND	ND	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1.0	ND	ND	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1.0	ND	ND	ND
Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.0	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethene	1.0	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethene (Cis)	1.0	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethene (Trans)	1.0	ND	ND	ND
chloromethane	3.0	· ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	ND	ND	ND
1,3-Dichloropropane	1.0	ND	.ND	ND
2,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloropropene	1.0	ND	ND	ND
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	ND	ND	ND
•				

(Continued) **EPA Method - 8260** (page 2)

	Client ID: HEAL#: Analysis Date:	<b>BF22-1</b> 9904014-1 4/6/99	<b>BF22-2</b> 9904014-2 4/6/99	<b>BF22-3</b> 9904014-3 4/6/99
Compound	<u>MDL</u>	Result	Result	Result
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	ND	ND	ND
∠Ethylbenzene	1.0	ND	, ND	38
Hexachlorobutadiene	1.0	ND	ND	1.2
Isopropylbenzene	· 1.0	, ND	ND	. 14
4-Isopropyltoluene	1.0	ND	ND .	1.0
∨ Naphthalene	2.0	5.1	ND 🖺	4.3
n-propylbenzene	1.0	NDJ	ND	4.0
Styrene	1.0	ND	ND	ND
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.0	ND	ND	ND
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.0	ND	ND ·	· 2.2
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	1.0	1.8	<u>ND</u>	ND ND
√Toluene	1.0	ND	ND	ND
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	1.0	ND	ND	3.7
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	1.0	ND	ND	ND
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0	ND	ND	ND
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.0	ND	ND	ND
Trichloroethene (TCE)	1.0	ND	ND	ND
Trichlorofluoromethane	1.0	ND	ND	ND.
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	.2.0	ND	ND	ND
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1.0	ND	ND	3.0
✓1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1.0	ND ND	ND	3.9
Vinyl Chloride	2.0	ND	ND	ND
∠Xylenes (Total)	1.0	<u>DN</u>	ND	2.0
✓ MTBE	1.0	ND	ND	1.0
Surrogates: DBFM Recovery		<u>97%</u>	<u>95%</u>	92%
1,2-DCA-d4 Recovery		115%	88%	111%
d8-Toluene Recovery		<u>103%</u>	109%	102%
BFB Recovery		<u>97%</u>	<u>95%</u>	<u>91%</u>
Dilution		1	· 1	. 1



Client:

Billings & Assoc., Inc.

Project: Project Manager: Bar-F #22

**Project Number:** 

**Brad Billings** 

#22

**Date Collected:** Date Received: 4/2/99 4/2/99

Sample Matrix:

Aqueous

**Extraction Date:** NA

# EPA Method - 8260 (page 1)

Units PPB (ug/L)

	Client ID: HEAL#: Analysis Date:	<b>BF22-4</b> 9904014-4 4/6/99	<b>BF22-5</b> 9904014-5 4/6/99	<b>BF22-7</b> 9904014-6 4/7/99
Compound	MDL 10	Result	Result	Result
Benzene	1.0	ND ND	ND	230
Bromobenzene Bromochloromethane	1.0	ND ND	ND	<100
Bromodichloromethane	1.0 1.0	ND ND	ND ND	<100
Promoform	1.0	אָט <b>1.0</b>	1.0	<100 <100
romomethane	1.0	ND	ND	<100 <100
n-Butylbenzene	1.0	2.2	ND	<100 <100
sec-Butylbenzene	1.0	4.5	ND ND	<100 <100
tert-Butylbenzene	1.0	4.5 ND	ND	<100 <100
Carbon Tetracholride	1.0	ND ND	ND ND	<100 <100
Chlorobenzene	1.0	ND ND	ND ND	<100
Chloroethane	2.0	ND	ND ND	<200
Chloroform	1.0	ND	ND	<100
Chloromethane	1.0	ND ND	ND	<100
2-Chlorotoluene	1.0	ND	ND	<100
4-Chlorotoluene	1.0	ND	ND ND	<100
Dibromochloromethane	1.0	ND	ND	<100
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropan		ND	ND	<100
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	1.0	ND ND	1.1	<100
Dibromomethane	2.0	ND	ND	<200
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1.0	ND	ND	<100
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1.0	ND	ND	<100
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1.0	ND	ND	<100
Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.0	ND	ND	<100
1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0	ND	ND	<100
1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0	ND	ND	<100
1,1-Dichloroethene	1.0	ND	ND	<100
1,2-Dichloroethene (Cis)	1.0	ND	ND	<100
1,2-Dichloroethene (Trans)	1.0	ND	ND	<100
chloromethane	3.0	ND	ND	<300
1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	ND	ND	<100
1,3-Dichloropropane	1.0	ND	ND	<100
2,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	ND	ND	<100
1,1-Dichloropropene	1.0	ND	ND	<100
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	ND	ND	<100

(Continued)
EPA Method - 8260 (page 2)

	Client ID: HEAL#: Analysis Date:	<b>BF22-4</b> 9904014-4 4/6/99	<b>BF22-5</b> 9904014-5 4/6/99	<b>BF22-7</b> 9904014-6 4/7/99
Compound	MDL	Result	Result	Result
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	ND	ND .	<100
Ethylbenzene	1.0	14	ND	<u>3,10</u> 0
Hexachlorobutadiene	1.0	1.8	2.1	<100
Isopropylbenzene	· 1.0	2.1	ND	. 140
4-Isopropyltoluene	1.0	ND	ND :	<100
Naphthalene	2.0	6.7	4.0	470
n-propylbenzene	1.0	4.0	ND	380
Styrene	1.0	ND	ND	<100
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.0	ND	ND	<100
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.0	1.5	1.6 🕦	<100
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	1.0	ND	1.6	<100
Toluene	1.0	ND '	ND	290
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	1.0	3.3	2.0	<100
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	1.0	ND	1.4	<100
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0 .	ND	ND	<100
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.0	ND	ND	<100
Trichloroethene (TCE)	1.0	ND	ND	<100
Trichlorofluoromethane	1.0	ND	ND	<100
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	2.0	ND	ND	<200
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1.0	ND	ND	550
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1.0	ND	ND	210
Vinyl Chloride	2.0	ND	ND	<200
Xylenes (Total)	1.0	ND	/ ND	4,300
MTBE	1.0	1.2	1.5	<100
Surrogates:				
DBFM Recovery		<u>95%</u>	<u>87%</u>	<u>89%</u>
1,2-DCA-d4 Recovery		<u>98%</u>	<u>87%</u>	<u>105%</u>
d8-Toluene Recovery		<u>105%</u>	<u>104%</u>	<u>98%</u>
BFB Recovery		<u>96%</u>	94%	<u>96%</u>
Dilution		1	1	100

# **REFERENCE 15**



Pinnacle Lab ID number March 31, 2003

303043

CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC. 121 TIJERAS AVE. NE Ste 1000 ALBUQUERQUE, NM 87102

RECEIVED

MAR 3 1 2003

Project Name

N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

Project Number (NONE)

CAMP DRESSER & McKEE INC. ALBUQUERQUE

Attention:

JEFF WALKER

On 03/14/03 Pinnacle Laboratories, Inc., (ADHS License No. AZ0592 pending), received a request to analyze **aqueous** samples. The samples were analyzed with EPA methodology or equivalent methods. The results of these analyses and the quality control data, which follow each set of analyses, are enclosed.

EPA method 504.1 and 8260 analyses were performed by Pinnacle Laboratories, Inc. Albuquerque, NM.

All remaining analyses were performed by Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. Pensacola, FL.

If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact us at (505)344-3777.

H. Mitchell Rubenstein, Ph. D.

General Manager

MR: jt

**Enclosure** 



CLIENT	: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.	PINNACLE ID	: 303043
PROJECT#	: (NONE)	DATE RECEIVED	: 03/14/03
PROJECT NAME	: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)	REPORT DATE	: 03/31/03
PINNACLE			DATE
ID#	CLIENT DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	COLLECTED
303043 - 01	MW-1	AQUEOUS	03/13/03
303043 - 02	MW-5	AQUEOUS	03/13/03
303043 - 03	MW-6	AQUEOUS	03/13/03
303043 - 04	MW-1 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/14/03
303043 - 05	MW-3 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/14/03
303043 - 06	MW-6 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/13/03
303043 - 07	MW-7 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/14/03
303043 - 08	MW-9 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/14/03
303043 - 09	BF-22-2	AQUEOUS	03/13/03
303043 - 10	BF-22-3	AQUEOUS	03/14/03
303043 - 11	BF-22-7	AQUEOUS	03/13/03
303043 - 12	BF-22-4	AQUEOUS	03/13/03
303043 - 13	MW-11 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/14/03
303043 - 14	TRIP BLANK	AQUEOUS	03/06/03



# GC/MS RESULTS

TEST

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

CLIENT

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PINNACLE I.D.:

303043

PROJECT#	: (NONE)					
PROJECT NAME	: N.MAIN (INCL. S	COTT'S)			<u> </u>	
SAMPLE				DATE	DATE	DIL.
ID#	BATCH	M	ATRIX	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
REAGENT BLANK	032403A	AQI	JEOUS	N/A	03/24/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT.	UNITS		_	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	. < 1.0	ug/L	•		
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
lsopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		,
rans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	< 3.0	ug/L			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L	•		

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

110

Toluene-d8

(80 - 120) 102

Bromofluorobenzene

(88 - 110) 101



# GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

: (NONE)

PROJECT# PROJECT NAME

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

PINNACLE I.D.:

303043

SAMPLE ID #	BATCH	МА	TRIX	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
REAGENT BLANK	032403A	AQL	EOUS	N/A	03/24/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			1
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Acrolein (107-02-8)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0 . '	< 1.0	ug/L			
lodomethane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L		·	*
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			,
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	-		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)		< 1.0	ug/L			*
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
2-Hexanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1611 BOTHOLDERICHE (121-10-4)			-			
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			



# GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260 : CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PROJECT#

: (NONE)

PROJECT NAME

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

PINNACLE I.D.: 303043

SAMPLE ID#	BATCH	МА	TRIX	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
REAGENT BLANK	032103A	AQU	EOUS	N/A	03/21/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS		,	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachioroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
sopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
ert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
o-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	< 3.0	ug/L			
lexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
SURROGATE % RECOVERY		•			•	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		104				
· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(80 - 120)				
Toluene-d8		103				
·		(88 - 110)				
Bromofluorobenzene		100				,
		(86 - 115)				



303043

# GC/MS RESULTS

PINNACLE I.D. :

TEST CLIENT PROJECT #

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

: (NONE)

REAGENT BLANK PARAMETER (CAS#)  Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8) Chloromethane (74-87-3) Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4) Bromomethane (74-83-9) Chloroethane (75-00-3) Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4) Acetone (67-64-1) Acrolein (107-02-8) 1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4) Iodomethane (74-88-4) Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7) 1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)						
REAGENT BLANK PARAMETER (CAS#)  Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8) Chloromethane (74-87-3) Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4) Bromomethane (74-83-9) Chloroethane (75-00-3) Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4) Acetone (67-64-1) Acrolein (107-02-8) 1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4) lodomethane (74-88-4) Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	BATCH	MA	TRIX	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
PARAMETER (CAS#)  Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8) Chloromethane (74-87-3) Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4) Bromomethane (74-83-9) Chloroethane (75-00-3) Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4) Acetone (67-64-1) Acrolein (107-02-8) 1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4) Iodomethane (74-88-4) Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)						
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8) Chloromethane (74-87-3) Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4) Bromomethane (74-83-9) Chloroethane (75-00-3) Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4) Acetone (67-64-1) Acrolein (107-02-8) 1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4) Iodomethane (74-88-4) Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	032103A		EOUS	N/A	03/21/03	1
Chloromethane (74-87-3) Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4) Bromomethane (74-83-9) Chloroethane (75-00-3) Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4) Acetone (67-64-1) Acrolein (107-02-8) 1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4) lodomethane (74-88-4) Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	DET, LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4) Bromomethane (74-83-9) Chloroethane (75-00-3) Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4) Acetone (67-64-1) Acrolein (107-02-8) 1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4) Iodomethane (74-88-4) Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9) Chloroethane (75-00-3) Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4) Acetone (67-64-1) Acrolein (107-02-8) 1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4) Iodomethane (74-88-4) Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroethane (75-00-3) Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4) Acetone (67-64-1) Acrolein (107-02-8) 1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4) Iodomethane (74-88-4) Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4) Acetone (67-64-1) Acrolein (107-02-8) 1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4) Iodomethane (74-88-4) Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acetone (67-64-1) Acrolein (107-02-8) 1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4) lodomethane (74-88-4) Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acrolein (107-02-8)  1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)  Iodomethane (74-88-4)  Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)  Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)  cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)  Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)  1,1,2-Trichloroethane (75-34-3)  trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)  2-Butanone (78-93-3)  Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)  Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)  Chloroform (67-66-3)  2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4) Iodomethane (74-88-4) Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Iodomethane (74-88-4) Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifiuoroethane (76-13-1) 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L		•	
2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			_
	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	1.0	< 10	ug/L			
2-Hexanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L ug/L			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		and the second s				
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7) Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0 1.0	< 1.0 < 1.0	ug/L ug/L			



# GC/MS RESULTS

**TEST** 

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

CLIENT PROJECT# : CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D. : DATE RECEIVED :

303043 03/14/03

PROJECT NAME

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

SAMPLE			DATE	DATE	DATE	DIL.
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
303043-14	TRIP BLANK	AQUEOUS	03/06/03	N/A	03/21/03	11
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	, 1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	< 1.0	·ug/L			
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0 .	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	< 3.0	ug/L			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		•
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	1.0	< 1.0	· ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L	·		
SURROGATE % RECOVERY					•	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		111				
,		(80 - 120)				

Toluene-d8

104 (88 - 110)

Bromofluorobenzene



# GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT PROJECT#

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC. : (NONE) : N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

PINNACLE I.D. : DATE RECEIVED : 303043 03/14/03

PROJECT NAME

SAMPLE ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
303043-14	TRIP BLANK	AQUEOUS	03/06/03	N/A	03/21/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Acrolein (107-02-8)	5:0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1,0	< 1.0	, ug/L			
odomethane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0°	ug/L		-	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			•
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
rans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L ug/L			
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	10	< 10	ug/L ug/L			
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)		< 1.0	_			*
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0 1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
rans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)		< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0 1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)			ug/L			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0 < 1.0	ug/L			
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0		ug/L			
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
2-Hexanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	



# GC/MS RESULTS

TEST

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

CLIENT

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PROJECT#

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D.: DATE RECEIVED: 303043

PROJECT NAME

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

03/14/03

PROJECT NAME	: N.MAIN (INCL. SCO	11'S)				
SAMPLE			DATE	DATE	DATE	DIL.
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
303043-04	MW-1 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/14/03	N/A	03/24/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p_Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	1.0	510	ug/L	D10		*
o-Xylene (95 <u>-47-6)</u>	1.0	410	ug/L	D10		
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	22	ug/L	•		
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		i.	
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	67	ug/L ,			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		÷	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	110	ug/L			
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	380	ug/L	D10		
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	8.5	ug/L			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		3	
p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0 _	3.8	ug/L_	ء.	4	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	1		
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	21	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	120	ug/L			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	7 .	•	
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	110	ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	57	ug/L			

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

Toluene-d8

(80 - 120) 102

(88 - 110)

Bromofluorobenzene

102

(86 - 115)

D10 = Reported from a 10X dilution run on 03/21/03.



#### **GC/MS RESULTS**

TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PROJECT#

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D. : DATE RECEIVED: 303043 03/14/03

PROJECT NAME

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

PROJECT NAME	: N.MAIN (INCL. SCO	113)		<del></del>		· -· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SAMPLE			DATE	DATE	DATE	DIL.
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
303043-04	MW-1 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/14/03	N/A	03/24/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Acrolein (107-02-8)	5:0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	. 1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
lodomethane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	4.1	ug/L	•		
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
rans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10	ug/L	•		
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	٠		
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1:0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•	•	
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			*
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	150	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		•
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	300	ug/L	D10		
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L		•	
2-Hexanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0	310	ug/L	D10		



# GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PROJECT#

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D.:

303043

PROJECT NAME

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

DATE RECEIVED : 03/14/03

SAMPLE ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
303043-05	MW-3 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/14/03	N/A	03/24/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	1.0	1.1	ug/L_			
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	4.2	ug/L	•		
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	21	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	46	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0.	ug/L			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	29	ug/L			
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	32	ug/Ŀ			
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	5.4	ug/L			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	2.5	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	-		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	61	ug/L			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	52	ug/L '			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	50	ug/L	•		

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

110

Toluene-d8

(80 - 120) 102

(88 - 110)

Bromofluorobenzene

102



# GC/MS RESULTS

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

TEST CLIENT

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PROJECT#

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D.:

303043

PROJECT NAME

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

DATE RECEIVED : 03/14/03

SAMPLE ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
303043-05	MW-3 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/1/4/03	N/A	03/24/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS	IVA	03/24/03	
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	,		
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L		•	•
Acrolein (107-02-8)	5.0	< 5.0	υg/L		•	•
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Iodomethane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	,		•
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L	•		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	٠
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	.1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	0, 1	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	<sub>s.</sub> 1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			*
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Benzene (71-43-2)	-, 1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		•
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	. 1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)			-			
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	< 1.0 < 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1.0		ug/L			
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			-
2-Hexanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0	98	ug/L			



#### GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

PROJECT NAME

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PROJECT#

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D.: DATE RECEIVED: 303043 03/14/03

: N.MAIN (INCL: SCOTT'S)

1.0

< 1.0

ug/L

SAMPLE			DATE	DATE	DATE	DIL.
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
303043-06	MW-6 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/13/03	N/A	03/21/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Acrolein (107-02-8)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
omethane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L	•		
hylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			,
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			·
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1.1.2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
rans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		·	
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			:
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
rans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
	1.0	< 1.0	_			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
I,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L .			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3) Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
			ug/L			
(2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L	•		
xanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L			
romochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			



# GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

PROJECT#

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D.:

303043

DATE RECEIVED :

03/14/03

PROJECT#	: (NONE)			DATE RECEIVED	):	03/14/03
PROJECT NAME	: N.MAIN (INCL. SCO	AIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)				
SAMPLE			DATE	DATE	DATE	DIL.
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTO
303043-06	MW-6 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/13/03	N/A	03/21/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p Xvlenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
e-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L .			
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	÷		
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
rans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		~	
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		•
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		-	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
p-isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	. 1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	< 3.0	ug/L ,			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L "			

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

106

Toluene-d8

(80 - 120) 100

(88 - 110)

Bromofluorobenzene

98



#### GC/MS RESULTS

TEST

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

CLIENT

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PROJECT#

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D.; DATE RECEIVED: 303043

03/14/03

PROJECT#	: (NONE)			DATE RECEIVED	) :	03/14/03
PROJECT NAME	: N.MAIN (INCL. SCO	TT'S)				
SAMPLE			DATE	DATE	DATE	DIL.
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
303043-07	MW-7 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/14/03	N/A_	03/21/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L	•		
Acrolein (107-02-8)	` 5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
methane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L ug/L			,
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Fther (1634-04-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L ug/L	•		
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10	=			
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroform (67-66-3)		< 1.0	ug/L			
	1.0		ug/L			
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
lethyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
exanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			



# GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

PROJECT#

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D.: DATE RECEIVED: 303043 03/14/03

PROJECT NAME	: N.MAIN (INCL. SCO	ΓΤ'S)				
SAMPLE			DATE	DATE	DATE	DIL.
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
303043-07	MW-7 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/14/03	N/A	03/21/03	1_
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
rans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
ert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		-	
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L •			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	< 3.0	ug/L			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		****	
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

109

Toluene-d8

(80 - 120) 102

(88 - 110)

Bromofluorobenzene



# GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT PROJECT# : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D.:

303043

DATE RECEIVED:

03/14/03

PROJECT#	: (NONE)			DATE RECEIVED	) :	03/14/03
PROJECT NAME	: N.MAIN (INCL. SCO	TT'S)		· ·	·	
SAMPLE			DATE	DATE	DATE	DIL.
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
303043-08	MW-9 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/14/03	N/A	03/21/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		••	
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Acrolein (107-02-8)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
domethane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
thylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	· ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-11chloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	< 1.0	- ug/L		•	•
	1.0	< 1.0	•			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)		< 10	ug/L			
2-Butanone (78-93-3) Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	10 1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
		< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0		ug/L		,	
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		, *	-
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			, .
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)		< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			, .
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Toluene (108-88-3)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L_			
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
lexanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L			
promochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			



#### GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT PROJECT# : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D.: DATE RECEIVED: 303043 03/14/03

PROJECT NAME

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

PROJECTIVAME	. 14.141AII (IIAOE: 000	110)				
SAMPLE			DATE	DATE	DATE	DIL.
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
303043-08	MW-9 (SCOTT'S)	AQUEOUS	03/14/03	N/A	03/21/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			

1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8) < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 Bromobenzene (108-86-1) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L ug/L . < 1.0 trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6) 1.0 n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L ug/L 4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4) 1.0 < 1.0 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L ug/L 1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7) 1.0 < 1.0 p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6) < 1.0 1.0 ug/L 1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L < 1.0 n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8) 1.0 ug/L 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Naphthalene (91-20-3) 3.0 < 3.0 ug/L Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3) < 1.0 ug/L

1.0

1.0

5.0

5.0

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)

2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)

1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

109

< 1.0

< 5.0

< 5.0

Toluene-d8

(80 - 120)

ug/L

ug/L

ug/L

102

Bromofluorobenzene

(88 - 110)100



#### GC/MS RESULTS

**TEST** CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC. : (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D.: DATE RECEIVED: 303043 03/14/03

PROJECT# PROJECT NAME

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

1.0

5.0

5.0

SAMPLE DATE DATE DIL. DATE SAMPLED ID# CLIENT ID MATRIX **EXTRACTED** ANALYZED **FACTOR** 303043-13 MW-11 (SCOTT'S) **AQUEOUS** 03/14/03 N/A 03/21/03 PARAMETER (CAS#) DET. LIMIT RESULT UNITS 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L o-Xylene (95-47-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Styrene (100-42-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Bromoform (75-25-2) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5) < 1.0 1.0 ug/L 1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8) 1.0 1.0 ug/L Bromobenzene (108-86-1) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1) < 1.0 1.0 ug/L 2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8) < 1.0 ug/L 1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7) < 1.0 1.0 ug/L p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6) < 1.0 1.0 ug/L 1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8) < 1.0 ug/L 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Naphthalene (91-20-3) 3.0 < 3.0 ug/L Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)

1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

105

ug/L

ug/L

ug/L

< 1.0

< 5.0

10

Toluene-d8

(80 - 120)

98 (88 - 110)

Bromofluorobenzene

97



#### GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PINNACLE I.D. : DATE RECEIVED : 303043 03/14/03

PROJECT #

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

: (NONE)

. .

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S) **PROJECT NAME** SAMPLE DATE DATE DATE DIL. **CLIENT ID MATRIX** SAMPLED **EXTRACTED** ANALYZED **FACTOR** ID# 303043-13 MW-11 (SCOTT'S) **AQUEOUS** 03/14/03 N/A 03/21/03 RESULT UNITS DET. LIMIT PARAMETER (CAS#) Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L < 1.0 ug/L Chloromethane (74-87-3) 1.0 Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L ug/L Bromomethane (74-83-9) < 1.0 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Chloroethane (75-00-3) 1.0 ug/L Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4) 1.0 ··< 1.0 Acetone (67-64-1) 10 < 10 ug/L < 5.0 ug/L Acrolein (107-02-8) 5.0 1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4) < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 < 5.0 ug/L Iodomethane (74-88-4) 5.0 Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) 5.0 < 5.0 ug/L < 1.0 ug/L cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) 1.0 Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1.0 1.1 ug/L ug/L 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 5.0 < 5.0 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L ug/L < 10 2-Butanone (78-93-3) 10 Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 ug/L Chloroform (67-66-3) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L < 1.0 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7) 1.0 1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L ug/L Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4) 1.0 < 1.0 1,1,1-Trichtoroethane (71-55-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6) 1.0 < 10 ug/L < 1.0 ug/L Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5) 1.0 ug/L Benzene (71-43-2) 1.0 1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L ug/L < 1.0 Trichloroethene (79-01-6) 1.0 Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4) < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 < 10 ug/L 2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8) 10 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L < 1.0 ug/L trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5) 1.0 1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Dibromomethane (74-95-3) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Toluene (108-88-3) 1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4) < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 < 10 ug/L 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1) 10 2-Hexanone (591-78-6) < 10 ug/L 10 < 1.0 ug/L Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1) 1.0 Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4) < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 ug/L Chlorobenzene (108-90-7) 1.0 < 1.0

< 1.0

1.0

ug/L



# GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PINNACLE I.D. :

303043

PROJECT#

: (NONE)

DATE RECEIVED:

03/14/03

PROJECT NAME	: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

SAMPLE ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
303043-09	BF-22-2	AQUEOUS	03/13/03	N/A	03/24/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	1.0	· < 1.0	ug/L			
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			•
Acrolein (107-02-8)	5.0 "	< 5.0	ug/L			•
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
omethane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
hylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			. '
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	5.0	ug/L			•
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.Ó	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10	ug/L		•	
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L ug/L			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.0	< 1.0	•			
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)		< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0		ug/L			
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	88	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		4	
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	,		
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	* **		
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1/2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
exanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Fromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	uġ/L			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0	51	ug/L			



#### GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT PROJECT# : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC. : (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D. : DATE RECEIVED :

303043 03/14/03

PROJECT NAME

N MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

PROJECT NAME	: N.MAIN (INCL. SC	OTT'S)				
SAMPLE			DATE	DATE	DATE	DIL.
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
303043-09	BF-22-2	AQUEOUS	03/13/03	N/A	03/24/03	11
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachioroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
isopropyi Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	8.3	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	16	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	6.3 ·	yg/L			
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	1.6	ug/L			
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	13 ·	ug/L			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	-		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	2.5	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	3.5	ug/L			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L		•	

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

107 (80 - 120)

Toluene-d8

105

ug/L

roluene-as

(88 - 110)

Bromofluorobenzene

104



# GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PROJECT#

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D. :

303043

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

DATE RECEIVED:

03/14/03

PROJECT NAME	: N.MAIN (INCL. SC	OTT'S)				
SAMPLE			DATE	DATE	DATE	DIL.
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
303043-10	BF-22-3	AQUEOUS	03/14/03	N/A	03/24/03	5
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
D. 11. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17	4.0	- 5.0				
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L	•		
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	, 1.0	< 5.0	ug/L		•	
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 50	ug/L			
Acrolein (107-02-8)	5.0·	< 25	ug/L	*		•
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
methane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 25	ug/L			
ylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 25	ug/L			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	41	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 25	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 50	ug/L		•	
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L	•		
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L		•	
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L	•		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	.1.0	< 5.0	•	,	ı	
• • •		< 5.0 < 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0		ug/L			
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L	n in		
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	3100		D50_		
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L	•		
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 50	ug/L			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L	•	•	
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	340	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 50	ug/L			
xanone (591-78-6)	10	< 50	ug/L			
mochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Ethylhanzana (100-30-7)	1.0	1800	-	D50		

1800

ug/L

D50



#### GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PROJECT#

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D. :

303043

PROJECT NAME

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

DATE RECEIVED: 03/14/03

PROJECT NAME	: N.MAIN (INCL. SC	OTT'S)				
SAMPLE			DATE	DATE	DATE	DIL.
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTO
303043-10	BF-22-3	AQUEOUS	03/14/03	N/A	03/24/03	5
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	1.0	4900	ua/L	D50	•	
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	1300	ug/L	D50		
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L	<u></u>	•	
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	120	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	1.0	< 5.0 <sup>-</sup>	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	290	ug/L	,		
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	790	ug/L			
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	3000	_	D50	•	
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	27	ug/L	<del></del>		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	15	ug/L		•	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	57	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L	*		
,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	970	ug/L			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichlørobenzene (87-61-6)	1.0	< 5.0	ug/L			, ,
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	510	ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	310	ug/L.	•		

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

97

Toluene-d8

(80 - 120)

(88 - 110)

Bromofluorobenzene

93

(86 - 115)

D50 = Reported from a 50X dilution run on 03/21/03.



#### GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PROJECT#

PINNACLE I.D.:

303043

: (NONE)

DATE RECEIVED:

03/14/03

DIL.

Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

: N,MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

SAMPLE DATE DATE DATE ID# CLIENT ID **MATRIX** SAMPLED **EXTRACTED ANALYZED** FACTOR 303043-12 BF-22-4 **AQUEOUS** 03/13/03 N/A 03/24/03 1 PARAMETER (CAS#) DET, LIMIT **RESULT** UNITS Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8) < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 < 1.0 Chloromethane (74-87-3) ug/L 1.0 Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Bromomethane (74-83-9) < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 Chloroethane (75-00-3) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4) 1.0 < 1.0ug/L < 10 ug/L Acetone (67-64-1) 10 < 5.0 Acrolein (107-02-8) 5.0 ug/L 1.1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L methane (74-88-4) < 5.0 ug/L 5.0 (hylene Chloride (75-09-2) < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) 5.0 < 5.0 ug/L cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) 1.0 1.2 ug/L 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) < 5.0 5.0 ug/L 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L ug/L 2-Butanone (78-93-3) 10 < 10 < 1.0 ug/L Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) 1.0 Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L ug/L Chloroform (67-66-3) 1.0 < 1.0 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L < 1.0 1.0 ug/L Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 18 ug/L Benzene (71-43-2) 1.0 1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Trichtoroethene (79-01-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4) < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8) 10 < 10 ug/L < 1.0 ug/L cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6) 1.0 1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9) < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Dibromomethane (74-95-3) 1.0 Toluene (108-88-3) 1.0 9.5 ug/L 1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1) 10 < 10 ug/L < 10 ug/L exanone (591-78-6) 10 oforomochloromethane (124-48-1) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)

< 1.0

5.1

1.0

ug/L

ug/L



# GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT PROJECT# : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC. : (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D. : DATE RECEIVED:

303043 03/14/03

PROJECT NAME

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

SAMPLE	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
ID#	CLIENTID	IVIATAIA	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALTZED	PACION
303043-12	BF-22-4	AQUEOUS	03/13/03	N/A	03/24/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		• .	
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	1.0	23	ug/L		,	
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	11	ug/L			
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	1.9	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	<b>1.0</b>	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	1.3	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			,
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	6.0	ug/L		•	
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•	•	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	17	ug/L	•		,
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	5.3	ug/L			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	<b>1.0</b>	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	1.1	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	8.1	ug/L			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	6.7	ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	80	ug/L			

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

111

Toluene-d8

(80 - 120) 103

Bromofluorobenzene

(88 - 110) 103



# GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

PROJECT#

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D. : DATE RECEIVED :

303043 03/14/03

PROJECT NAME

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

SAMPLE ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
303043-11	BF-22-7	AQUEOUS	03/13/03	N/A	03/24/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
77.74.0		- 4.0				
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		٠	
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Acrolein (107-02-8)	5:0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	. 1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
domethane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			•
ethylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		,	
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	19	ug/L			•
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		• •	
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	, 1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		4	•
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			-
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	72	ug/L	D10 ,		
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			÷
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	110	ug/L		•	
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
lexanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L			
bromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
	4.0	000		D40		

980

ug/L

D10



#### GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PINNACLE I.D.:

303043

PROJECT# PROJECT NAME : (NONE)

DATE RECEIVED: 03/14/03

PROJECT NAME	: N.MAIN (INCL. SC	OTT'S)				
SAMPLE			DATE	DATE	DATE	DiL.
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
303043-11	BF-22-7	AQUEOUS	03/13/03	N/A	03/24/03	1
PARAMETER_(CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	1.0	340	ug/L	D10		
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	72	ug/L	D10	,	
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
sopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	41	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
rans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	100	ug/L			
-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	*
I-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	66	ug/L			
ert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L .			
,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	240	ug/L	D10_		
ec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	6.9	ug/L			
3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	<del></del>		
.4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
o-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	2.1	ug/L			
,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	<del>1:0</del>	9.4	ug/L	r		
,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		*	
,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
laphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	290	ug/L_	D10		
fexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	<del></del>		
,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		·	
-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	56	ug/L			•
I-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	90	ug/L			

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

107

Toluene-d8

(80 - 120) 101

(88 - 110)

Bromofluorobenzene

102 (86 - 115)

D10 = Reported from a 10X dilution run on 03/21/03.



#### GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

CLIENT

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PROJECT #

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D. : DATE RECEIVED : 303043 03/14/03

PROJECT NAME

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

SAMPLE DATE DATE DATE DIL. ID# CLIENT ID **MATRIX** SAMPLED **EXTRACTED ANALYZED FACTOR** 303043-01 MW-1 **AQUEOUS** 03/13/03 N/A 03/21/03 1 PARAMETER (CAS#) DET. LIMIT RESULT UNITS Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8) < 1.0 ug/L Chloromethane (74-87-3) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4) < 1.0 1.0 ug/L Bromomethane (74-83-9) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Chloroethane (75-00-3) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Acetone (67-64-1) 10 < 10 ug/L Acrolein (107-02-8) 5.0 < 5.0 ug/L 1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L domethane (74-88-4) 5.0 < 5.0 ug/L thylene Chloride (75-09-2) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) 5.0 < 5.0 ug/L cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4) < 1.0 1.0 ug/L 1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1) 5.0 < 5.0 ug/L 1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3) < 1.0 1.0 ug/L trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 2-Butanone (78-93-3) 10 < 10 ug/L Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Bromochloromethane (74-97-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Chloroform (67-66-3) 1 0 < 1.0 ug/L 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6) < 1.0 1.0 ug/L 1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6) < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Benzene (71-43-2) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Trichloroethene (79-01-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8) 10 < 10 ug/L cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Dibromomethane (74-95-3) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Toluene (108-88-3) ug/L < 1.0 (106-93-4) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1) 10 < 10 ug/L dexanone (591-78-6) 10 < 10 ug/L bromochloromethane (124-48-1) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Chlorobenzene (108-90-7) < 1.0 1.0 ug/L Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) 1.0 12 ug/L



#### **GC/MS RESULTS**

TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

PROJECT#

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PINNACLE I.D. : DATE RECEIVED :

303043 03/14/03

PROJECT #
PROJECT NAME

: (NONE) : N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

DATE DATE DIL.

SAMPLE			DATE	DATE	DATE	DIL.
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
303043-01	MW-1	AQUEOUS	03/13/03	N/A	03/21/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	8.8	ug/L			
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	1.1	ug/L	4		
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	3.1	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	3.4	ug/L			
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	1.9	ug/L			
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	úg/L			
p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	, 1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	6.1	ug/L			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	1.0	< 1.0	'ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	5.6 ;	ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

Bromofluorobenzene

106

Toluene-d8

( 80 - 120 ) 100

i oluene-uo

(88 - 110)

97



2709-D Pan American Freeway NE Albuquerque, New Mexico 87107 Phone (505) 344-3777 Fax (505) 344-4413

#### GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PROJECT #

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D. :

303043

PROJECT NAME

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

1.0

< 1.0

ug/L

DATE RECEIVED:

03/14/03

SAMPLE ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
303043-02	MW-5	AQUEOUS	03/13/03	TN/A	03/21/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			<del></del>
	······					
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		•
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			-
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			e.
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L	•		
Acrolein (107-02-8)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
omethane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
hylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L	•		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L	•		
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
rans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0	< 1.0.	ug/L			
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		,	
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•	•	
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			_
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Benzene (71-43-2)		- < 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L	•		
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
exanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L	•		
romochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L ug/L			
5111010561426116 (100-30-7)	1.0	4 4 0	ug/L			



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#### GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT PROJECT # PROJECT NAME	VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260     CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.     (NONE)     N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)			PINNACLE I.D DATE RECEIVED	303043 03/14/03	
SAMPLE	. 14.141A114 (1140E. 000	3110)	DATE	DATE	DATE	DIL.
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
303043-02	MW-5	AQUEOUS	03/13/03	N/A	03/21/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS		00/2 //00	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L_			
n-Xvlene (95-47-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Styréne (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	4.2	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	10	ug/L		-	
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/Ļ			
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	8.5	ug/L			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	3.0	ug/L			•
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	23	/ ug/L	•	•	
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	24	ug/L			
SURROGATE % RECOVERY						
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		105 ( 80 - 120 )				
Toluene-d8		102 (88 - 110)				
Bromofluorobenzene		101				

(86 - 115)



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#### GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PINNACLE I.D.:

303043

PROJECT# PROJECT NAME : (NONE)

DATE RECEIVED:

03/14/03

PROJECT#	: (NONE)			DATE RECEIVED	):	03/14/03
PROJECT NAME	: N.MAIN (INCL. SC	J11'S)	5.75	5475	DATE	0"
SAMPLE ID #	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
303043-03	MW-6	AQUEOUS	03/13/03	N/A	03/21/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			······································
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	<del></del>		
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		,	
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			*
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	• 1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1,0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	ů.		
p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			•
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	< 3.0	ug/L			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L	•		
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
SURROGATE % RECOVERY						
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		109				
·		(80 - 120)	-			•

Toluene-d8

101

(88 - 110)

Bromofluorobenzene

99

(86 - 115)



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#### GC/MS RESULTS

TEST CLIENT

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260 : CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC. : (NONE)

PROJECT#

PINNACLE I.D.:

303043

PROJECT NAME

: N.MAIN (INCL. SCOTT'S)

DATE RECEIVED : 03/14/03

SAMPLE ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
303043-03	MW-6	AQUEOUS	03/13/03	N/A	03/21/03	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS		*.	
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L	•	٠	
Acrolein (107-02-8)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
lodomethane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L ug/L		•	
•	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		• •	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)		< 5.0	ug/L ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 1.0	_			
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0		ug/L			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0	< 1.0 < 10	ug/L			
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10		ug/L			
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	. 1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		,	
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0.	ug/L			
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L		•	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	. 1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	•		
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	·		
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
2-Hexanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			

# **REFERENCE 16**



TEST CLIENT PROJECT# : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D. DATE RECEIVED : INSTRUMENT ID

606220 06/30/06 GC/MS2

PROJECT NAME

: NORTH MAIN

ANALYST

BP

SAMPLE ID #	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	DATE	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL.
606220-01	SCOTT'S MW-9	AQUEOUS	06/29/06	Ñ/Á:	07/06/06	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	5.0	<b>&lt;</b> 5.0	ug/L			
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	5.0	·< 5.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	5.0	<b>≪ 5:0</b> °	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Chlomethane (75-00-3)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	5:0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Acrolein (107-02-8)	10	< 10	uġ/L			
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Iodomethane (74-88-4)	5:0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0.	< 1.0	ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1,0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1.1.2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10	uġ/L			
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromochloromelhane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
- ABS - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	1.0	< 1.0	- ×		4	
Chloroform (67-66-3) 2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	3.0 1.0		uġ/L			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)		< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ŭĝ/Ľ			
Carbon Tetrachioride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	< 1.0	<u>ug/L</u>			
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0.	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1,0`	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	≤ 10	ug/L			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ùg/L			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1:0 ·	ug/L			
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
2-Hexanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	<b>&lt;</b> 1.0	ug/L			
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	üg/L			





TEST CLIENT PROJECT#

PROJECT NAME

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

CAMP, DRESSER & MCKEE, INC.

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D. DATE RECEIVED 606220 06/30/06 GC/MS2

: NORTH MAIN ANAI

INSTRUMENT ID : GC/ANALYST : BP

SAMPLE ID#	CLIENTID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL.
		WATER		EVILACIED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
606220-01	SCOTTS MW-9	AQUEOUS	06/29/06	N/A	07/06/06	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1,0	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	2.0	< 2,0	ug/L			
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
sopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
rans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0°	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
I-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1:0:	< 1.0	ug/L			
ert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	< 1:0	ug/L			
sec-Bultylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
-Isopropylloluene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
.2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	5.0	< 5.0	üg/L			
,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	< 3.0	ug/L			
lexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L		•	•
L-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L2			

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

101 (76 - 114)

Toluene-d8

100 ( 88 - 110 )

Bromofluorobenzene

95

(86 - 115)



TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

: CAMP, DRESSER & MCKEE, INC.

PROJECT# PROJECT NAME : NORTH MAIN

PINNACLE I.D. PINNACLE I.D.

DATE RECEIVED (NONE)

606220 06/30/06 INSTRUMENT ID GC/MS2 ANALYST BP

SAMPLE ID #	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
606220-02	SCOTTS MW-13	AQUEOUS	06/29/06	N/A	07/06/06	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS		377,00700	
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	₃5.0	<:50	ug/Ľ			
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			•
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4),	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	₹5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4):	5:0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Acrolein (107-02-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
lodomethane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	4:0	< 1.0	ug/L		_	
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L		·	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0.	ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/Ĺ			
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10,	ug/L			
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	<1.0	ug/L			
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	`1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	11:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		• •	
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	<u>&lt; 1.0'</u>	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
rans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1,0;	<b>&lt;</b> 1.0.	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0	< 1:0	üg/L			
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	uġ/L			
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		,	
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
2-Hexanona (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Tetrachlordelhene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ưg/Ŀ			
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			



TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PINNACLE I.D. DATE RECEIVED : INSTRUMENT ID

606220 06/30/06 GC/MS2

PROJECT# PROJECT NAME: ::(NONE)

: NORTH MAIN

ANALYST

BP

SAMPLE ID#	CLIENTIO	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE: ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
606220-02	SCOTTS MW-13	AQUEOUS	06/29/06	N/A	07/06/06	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0	1.5	ug/L			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	2.0	8.1,	ug/L			
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	14	ug/L			
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	∍< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
sopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	1.0	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	3.1	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
4-Chiorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	12:	ug/L			
tert-Butylbenzene (98:06:6)	1.0	< 1.0	üg/L			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	18	ug/L			
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L ,			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	3.3	ug/L			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	2,0	< 2.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	7.4	ug/L			

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

(76 - 114)

Toluene-d8

94 (88 - 110)

Bromofluorobenzene

(86 - 115)



TEST CLIENT VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PINNACLE I.D. DATE RECEIVED 606220 06/30/06 GC/MS2

BP.

PROJECT# PROJECT NAME

: (NONE) : NORTH MAIN

1.0:

< 1.0

INSTRUMENT ID ANALYST

°SAMPLE: (ID:#-	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE	DIL.
606220-03	MW-8	AQUEOUS	06/29/06		ANALYZED	FACTOR
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT			N/A	07/06/06	1
FARAMETER (CASH)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS	<del></del>		<del></del>
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L	•		
Chioromethane (74-87-3)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
3romomethane (74-83-9)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10.	ug/L			
Acrolein (107-02-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
odomethane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ųg/L ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0.	< 1.0	uġ/L			
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ng/բ ըցնե			
,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		,	
rans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10	−.		. •	- "
Carbon Disulfide:(75-15-0)	1:0	₹ 1.0°	ug/L			
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	üg/L			
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	< 1.0	,üg/L			
2,2-Dichlòropropane (594-20-7)	1.0		ug/L			
,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)		≤ 1.0°	ug/L		•	
gign alleger in the first of the control of the con	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1,0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Jenzene (7:1343-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	uģ/L			
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	il.O	< 10	ug/L			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
rans-1,3-Dichlöropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 1:0	ug/L			
(1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
I,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	uġ/L			
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10.	< 10	ug/L			
2-Hexanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chlorobonzona (100 00 7)	4.0	4.4.0	≥ <sup>™</sup> #3			

ug/L

Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)



TEST CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

: CAMP, DRESSER & MCKEE, INC. : (NONE)

PINNACLE LD. DATE RECEIVED : INSTRUMENT ID: 606220 06/30/06 GC/MS2

PROJECT# PROJECT NAME

: NORTH MAIN

ANALYST

BP

SAMPLE: ID #:	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED:	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
606220-03	8-WM	AQUEOUS	06/29/06	N/A	07/06/06	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNÍTS			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0	< 1.0	üg/L		<del></del>	
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	2.0	< 2.0.	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1,,0	<-1.0	ug/L			
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	<:1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
p-Isopropylloluene (99-87-6)	7:0	< 1.0	uĝ/L			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L_			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	5:0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	< 3.0	ug/L			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

99 (76 - 114)

Toluene-d8

98 (88 - 110)

Bromofluorobenzene

93



TEST CLIENT VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PINNACLE I.D. :
DATE RECEIVED :
INSTRUMENT ID :

606220 06/30/06 GC/MS2

PROJECT #

: (NONE)

ANALYST

GC/MS2 BP

SAMPLE	<del></del>		DATE	DATE	DATE	DIL:
ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED.	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
606220-04	MW-9	AQUEOUS	06/29/06	N/A	07/07/06	_ 1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	5.0	< 5.0	uġ/Ĺ			
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	5.0	< 5:0	ug/L			
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	5.0	< 5:0	ug/L	ē		
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	5.0	< 5.0	'ug/L			
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	:uġ/L.			
Acrolein (107-02-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Iodomethane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1.1.2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	uģ/L			
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	₹ 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ũg/L	,		
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1:0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 1.0	űġ/Ŀ			
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	\		
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L	/		
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	6.5	ug/L			
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0°	ug/L			
Bromodichioromethane (75-27-4)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L		Section 1	
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6		<1.0 ≤1.0	ug/L			
1.1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0:	<*1.0:	ug/L			
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L.			
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	1.2	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
2-Hexanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L			
	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)						
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1) Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			



TEST CLIENT PROJECT# : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

ECAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

: (NONE)

PROJECT NAME NORTH MAIN

PINNACLE I.D. : DATE RECEIVED : 606220 .06/30/06

INSTRUMENT ID ::

GC/MS2

SAMPLE			DATE.	DATE	DATE	DIL.
D#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
606220-04	MW-9	AQUEOUS	06/29/06	N/A	07/07/06	1.
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET: LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0	22	ug/L		<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>	
1, 1, 1,2-Tetrachioroethane (630-20-6)	1:0-	< 1.0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	2.0	53	üg/L			
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	16.	ug/L			
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	1.7	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	3.3	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	10	ug/L			
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	18	ug/L			
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	10	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	<.1.0.	ug/L			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1:0	ug/L			
p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0,	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Butvlbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	< 3.0	ug/L			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5:0	< 5:0	ug/L			

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 93 (76 - 114 )
Toluene-d8 95 (88 - 110 )
Bromofluorobenzene 89 (86 - 115 )



TEST

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

CLIENT

: CAMP, DRESSER & MCKEE, INC.

PROJECT#

: (NONE)

PROJECT NAME

: NORTH MAIN

PINNACLE I.D.

DATE RECEIVED : INSTRUMENT ID : 606220 06/30/06 GC/MS2

ANALYST

BP

SAMPLE ID#	CLIENTID	MATRIX	DATE: SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE	DIL.
<u> </u>					ANALYZED	FACTOR
606220 <del>-</del> 05;	MW-10	AQUEOUS	06/29/06	N/A:	07/06/06	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DETELIMIT	RESULT	UNITS:			
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	5.0	< 5.0	ượ/L			4
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	5.0	< 5.0	uġ/L			
Frichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Acrolein (107-02-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			
1.1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
odomethane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	_			•
cis-1;2-Dichloroethene (156:59-2)	1.0	≤ 1.0 < 1.0	.ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L ∷∵n`			
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	<<5.0°	ug/L			
	1.0	111 7	ug/L			
,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	* *	s/1:0]	ůg/L			
rans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0°	< 1.0	ug/L			
!-Butanone:(78-93-3)	10	10.</td <td>ug/L</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	ug/L			
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	<1.0	ug/L			
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	< 1:0	ug/L			
,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
/inyl Acetate (108-05-4)	,5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1.1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	'≤ 1.0	ug/L			
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	45	űg/L			
,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1,0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Frichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0.	ug/L			
Chloroethyl Vlnyl Ether (110-75-8)	1Ó	< 10:	ug/L			
is-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
rans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	≤ 1.0	ug/L			
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/Ľ			
oluene (108-88-3)	1.0	9.6	ug/L			
,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1:0	ug/L			
-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	- <b>≤</b> ∶10	ug/L			
-Hexanone (591-78-6)	10	₹ 10	ng/F			
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
etrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			



TEST CLIENT : VOLÁTILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

: (NONE)

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

PINNACLE I.D. :
DATE RECEIVED ::
INSTRUMENT ID ::

606220 06/30/06 GC/MS2

PROJECT # PROJECT NAME

: NORTH MAIN

ANALYST

YST : BP

SAMPLE ID#	CLIENT ID.	MATRIX!	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
606220-05	MW-10	AQÜEOUS	06/29/06	N/A	07/06/06	. 1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0	180	ug/L	<del>-,</del>		
.1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	2.0	240	ug/L			
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	88	ug/L			
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
3romaform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
sopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	1,4	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
rans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	33	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
I-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1:0	57	ug/L			
ert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	μg/L.			
,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	180	ug/L			
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	2.3	ug/L			
,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0.	ug/L			
,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0°	uġ/Ľ			
-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	1.1	ug/L			
,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
ı-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	3.9	ug/L			
,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
laphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	43	ug/L			
lexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	2.0:	< 2.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	1.1	ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	11	ug/L			

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

98 ( 76 - 114 ) 98

Toluene-d8

(88-110)

Bromofluorobenzene

94



TEST CLIENT PROJECT# PROJECT NAME VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

: CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

: (NONE)

: NORTH MAIN

PINNACLE I.D.

DATE RECEIVED INSTRUMENT ID : ANALYST

606220 06/30/06 GC/MS2 BP.

r Keore i i want.				`	· 	
SAMPLE ID#	CLIENTID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE: ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
	MW-11	AQUEQUS	06/29/06		07/06/06	
606220-06				N/A	07706/06	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS	·- <del></del>		
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	5.0	< 5:0	ug/L			
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	5:0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	5:0	< 5.0	ug/L			•
Frichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Acrolein (107-02-8)	10	<: 10.	ug/L			
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
odomelhane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	<:1.0	ug/L			_
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	uĝ/L			
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L		•	
rans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	110	< 1.0	úg/L			
-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10	ug/L			
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
per contract to the contract of the contract o	1;0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1:0	< 1.0				
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.6	< 1.0	.ug/L			
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
(2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
/inyl Acetate (108-05-4)			ug/L			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0°	ug/L			
1.1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1,0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Renzene (71-43-2)	1.0 1.0	12 < 1.0	ug/L ug/L			
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5) Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1:0	ug/L ug/L			
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
rans:1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0				
Olbromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	1.2	ug/L ug/L			
Toluene (108-88-3)	1:0	< 1.0				
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	10.	.~ 1.0. ?≤ 10	uġ/L			
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)			iig/L			
2-Hexanone (591-78-6)	10. 1.0	< 10	.uģ/L ∷.e/i			
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	<1.0°	ug/L			
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			



TEST CLIENT PROJECT#

PROJECT NAME

VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

: (NONE)

NORTH MAIN

PINNACLE I.D. DATE RECEIVED INSTRUMENT ID 606220 06/30/06 GC/MS2

ANALYST

BP

SAMPLE ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR
606220-06	MW-11	AQUEOUS	06/29/06	N/A	07/06/06	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			<u> </u>
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0	74	ug/L			
1,1,1,2-1 etrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1,0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	2.0	62	ug/L			
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	3.3	ug/L			
Styrene (100-42-5),	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/Ľ			
1,2,3-Trichtoropropane (96-18-4)	2:0	< 2.0	ug/L			
Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	8.6	ug/L_			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	6.6°	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0:	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	12	ug/L			
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	<' 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	25	ug/L			
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	1.9	ug/L			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1,0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	4.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	3.4	ug/L			
Hexachlorobotadiene (87-68-3)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			

SURROGATE % RECOVERY

1,2-Dichloroethane-d4

94 ( 76 - 114 )

Toluene-d8

93 ( 88 - 110 )

Bromofluorobenzene

88

(86 - 115)



TEST VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B CLIENT CAMP, DRESSER & MCKEE, INC.

PROJECT# :: (NONE)

PROJECT NAME : NORTH MAIN

PINNACLE I.D.

DATE RECEIVED
INSTRUMENT ID

606220 06/30/06 GC/MS2 BP

ANAL	ÝSŤ	:	

SAMPLE ID#	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE ANALYZED	DIL. FACTOR	
606220-07		TRIP BLANK AQUEOUS		ŇÁ	07/06/06	1	
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	06/23/06 UNITS			······································	
7,0,0 0,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,				<del></del>			
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
Chloromethana (74-87-3)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	<:10°	üg/L				
Acrolein (107-02-8)	10	< 10	ug/L				
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
lodomethane (74-88-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	1.0:	< 10	ug/L				
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0°	űg/L				
the state of the s	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Chloroform (67:66:3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
2,2-Dichloropropané (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0 < 1.0	ug/L				
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	5.0	≤.5.0					
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)		*** .	ug/L				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
1.1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	<:1.0	üg/L				
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	₹°1.0	ug/L				
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L				
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L				
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	< 1.0	iug/L-				
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L				
2-Hexanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L				
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	<: 1.0	ug/L				
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				



TEST CLIENT PROJECT # **VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B** 

CAMP, DRESSER & McKEE, INC.

: (NONE)

PINNACLE I.D. DATE RECEIVED : INSTRUMENT ID : 606220 06/30/06

PROJECT NAME

: NORTH MAIN

ANALYST

GC/MS2 BP

ID #:	CLIENT ID	MATRIX	SAMPLED	EXTRACTED	*****	
			OF WALLED	EVILVOTED	ANALYZED	EACTOR
606220-07	TRIP BLANK	AQUEOUS	06/23/06	N/A.	07/06/06	1
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS			
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0	<:1.0	ug/L			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1,0	ug/L			
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	2.0	< 2.0	·ug/L			
Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chilorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
4-Chlaratoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1,0	< 1.0	ug/L			
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	≤ 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
p-Isopropylloluene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	5.0	< 5,0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	< 3.0	ug/L			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	2.0	< 2.0	uġ/L			
1,2,3-Trichlarobenzene (87-61-6)	2.0	≤ 2.0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	< 5)0	ug/L			
SURROGATE % RECOVERY					,	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		99				
Sall minimum visitation and an a		(76 - 114)				
Toluene-d8		96				
i ordania da		(88 - 110 )				
Bromofluorobenzene		98				
Diguionegi gastreoita		( 86 - 115 )				



TEST

: VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

PINNACLE I.D.

606220

CLIENT PROJECT# : CAMP, DRESSER & MCKEE, INC.

INSTRUMENT ID:

GC/MS2 BP:

PROJECT NAME

: (NONE) : NORTH MAIN

ANALYST

PROJECT NAME	NORTH MAIN			ANALYSI: BP:			
SAMPLE!		<del></del>		DATE	DATE	DIL.	
ID.#	BATCH MATRIX		ATRIX	EXTRACTED	ANALÝZED	FACTOR	
REAGENT BLANK	070606A		UEOUS	N/A	07/06/06	4	
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET: LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS				
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	5.0	< 5.0	uġ/L				
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L				
Acrolein (107-02-8)	10.	< 10	ug/L				
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
lodomethane (74-88-4)	<b>5</b> .0)	< 5.0	ug/L				
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L				
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L				
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10	ug/L				
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
2;2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	5.0	< 5.0	úg/L				
1.1.1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Trichloroethene (79-01-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ùg/L				
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L				
cls-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)		< 1.0	ug/L				
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-		< 1.0	ug/L				
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79±00-5)	1,0	< 1.0:	ug/L				
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Dibromomethane (74,95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	< 10	ug/L				
2-Hexanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L				
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L				



TEST VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

CLIENT CAMP, DRESSER & MCKEE, INC.

PROJECT# : (NONE)

PROJECT NAME : NORTH MAIN

PINNACLE I.D.

ANALYST

INSTRUMENT ID : GC/MS2.

BP

606220

SAMPLE DATE DATE DIL. **BATCH** MATRIX ID# EXTRACTED ANALYZED FACTOR 070606A AQUEOUS REAGENT BLANK N/A 07/06/06 1. UNITS PARAMETER (CAS#) DET, LIMIT RESULT 1.0 < 1.0 Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) ug/L 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6) < 1.0 1:0: ug/L m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3) 2.0 < 2.0 ug/L < 1.0 o-Xylene (95-47-6) 1.0 ug/Ĺ 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L Styrene (100-42-5) Bromoform (75-25-2) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5) 2.0 < 2.0 ug/L < 2.0 1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4) 2.0 ug/L 1.0 < 1.0 Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8) ug/L < 1.0 1.0 Bromobenzene (108-86-1) ug/L trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6) 2.0 < 2.0 ug/L < 1.0 n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1) 1.0 ug/L 2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8) 1:0 < 1.0 ug/L < 1.0 4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4) 1.0 ug/L 1.0 < 1.0 1;3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8) ug/L < 1.0 tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6) 1.0 ug/L 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L < 1.0 sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8) 1.0 ug/L 1.3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L < 1.0 ug/L 1.0 1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7) p-Isopropyltoluene (99-87-6) 1.0 < 1.0 ug/L 1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1) < 1.0 1.0 ug/L 1.0 < 1.0 n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8) ug/L 1.2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8) 5.0 < 5.0 ug/L 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1) 2.0 < 2.0 ug/L < 3.0 3.0 ug/L Naphthalene (91-20-3) 2.0 < 2.0 Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3) ug/L 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6) 2.0 < 2.0 ug/L 5.0 < 5.0 2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6) ug/L 5.0 < 5.0 ug/L 1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0) SURROGATE % RECOVERY 99 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 (76 - 114)Toluene-d8 97 (88 - 110)91 Bromofluorobenzene (86 - 115)



TEST

VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

PINNACLE I.D.

606220

CLIENT

: CAMP, DRESSER & MCKEE, INC.

GC/MS2 BP

PROJECT# PROJECT NAME

(NONE) :: NORTH MAIN INSTRUMENT ID :: ANALYST

PROJECT NAME	NORTHMAIN			ANALYST	ANALYSI : BP			
SAMPLE	<del> </del>			DATE	DATE	DIL.		
ID#	BATCH	ATCH MA		EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR		
REAGENT BLANK	070706A	J.DA	JEOUS	ΝΪΑ	07/07/06	1		
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET, LIMIT	RESULT	UNITS					
Dichlorodifluoromethane (75-71-8)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L					
Chloromethane (74-87-3)	5.0	<b>&lt;</b> 5,0 ,	ug/L					
Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L					
Bromomethane (74-83-9)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L					
Chloroethane (75-00-3)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L					
Trichlorofluoromethane (75-69-4)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L					
Acetone (67-64-1)	10	< 10	ug/L					
Acrolein (107-02-8)	10	< 10	ug/L					
1,1-Dichloroethene (75-35-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
lodomethane (74-88-4)	5:0	< 5.0	ug/L					
Methylene Chloride (75-09-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
Acrylonitrile (107-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L					
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-59-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
Methyl-t-butyl Ether (1634-04-4)	1:0	<-1:0	ug/L					
1-1-2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane (76-13-1)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L					
1,1-Dichloroethane (75-34-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (156-60-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	10	< 10	ug/L					
Carbon Disulfide (75-15-0)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
Bromochloromethane (74-97-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
Chloroform (67-66-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
2,2-Dichloropropane (594-20-7)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L					
1,2-Dichloroethane (107-06-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
Vinyl Acetate (108-05-4)	5:0	< 5.0	ug/L					
1,1,1-Trichloroethane (71-55-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
1,1-Dichloropropene (563-58-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
Benzene (71-43-2)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
1,2-Dichloropropane (78-87-5)	1.0	< 1.0	üğ/L					
Trichloroethene (79-01:6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
Bromodichloromethane (75-27-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether (110-75-8)	10	< 10	ug/L					
cls-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-01-5)	1,0	< 1.0	ug/L					
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (10061-02-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
1,1,2-Trichloroethane (79-00-5)	1,0	< 1.0	ug/L					
1,3-Dichloropropane (142-28-9)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
Dibromomethane (74-95-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
Toluene (108-88-3)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
1,2-Dibromoethane (106-93-4)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L					
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone (108-10-1)	10	<:10	ug/L					
2-Hexanone (591-78-6)	10	< 10	ug/L					
Dibromochloromethane (124-48-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/Ľ					
Tetrachloroethene (127-18-4)	1:0	< 1.0	ug/L					
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4.0	12 m						

ug/L

1.0

< 1.0

Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)



TEŚT CLIENT : VOLATILE ORGANICS EPA METHOD 8260B

CAMP, DRESSER & MCKEE, INC.

PINNACLE I.D. ;

606220

(NONE)

INSTRUMENT ID :

GC/MS2 BP

٣	Ķ	Ų	JE	Ų	Ŀ	#-		
P	R	O	JΕ	Ċ.	T.	NAME		

: NORTH MAIN

ANALYST

SAMPLE ID#	BATCH	M	IATRÍX	DATE	DATE	DIL.
REAGENT BLANK	070706A		UEOUS	EXTRACTED	ANALYZED	FACTOR
PARAMETER (CAS#)	DET. LIMIT	RESULT		N/A	07/07/06	1
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	1.0	< 1.0	UNITS			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (630-20-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			_
m&p Xylenes (108-38-3, 106-42-3)	2.0	< 2.0	rig/L			
o-Xylene (95-47-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Styrene (100-42-5)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromoform (75-25-2)	1::0	< 1.0	ug/L ug/L			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (79-34-5)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (96-18-4)	2.0	< 2.0	-			
Isopropyl Benzene (98-82-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
Bromobenzene (108-86-1)	1.0	₹ 1.0	ug/L			
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene (110-57-6)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
n-Propylbenzene (103-65-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
2-Chlorotoluene (95-49-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L ug/L			
4-Chlorotoluene (106-43-4)	1.0	< 1.0				
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L ug/L			
tert-Butylbenzene (98-06-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
sec-Butylbenzene (135-98-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene (541-73-1)	10:	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
p-Isopropyltölűene (99-87-6)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
n-Butylbenzene (104-51-8)	1.0	< 1.0	ug/L			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (96-12-8)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L	•		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (120-82-1)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	3.0	< 3.0	ug/L			
Hexachlorobutadiene (87-68-3)	2.0	< 2.0	ug/L			
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (87-61-6)	2.0	<:2:0	ug/L			
2-Methyl Naphthalene (91-57-6)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L ug/L			
1-Methyl Naphthalene (90-12-0)	5.0	< 5.0	ug/L			
SURROGATE % RECOVERY						
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4		99				
The Art County of County to the Section (County)		( 76 - 114)				
Foluerie-d8		98				
		( 88 - 110°)				
Bromofluorobenzene		( 0,0 - ( 10 ) 91				
		31				

(86 - 115)

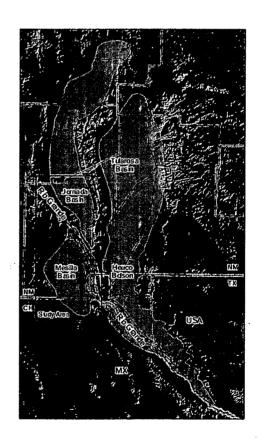
# **REFERENCE 17**

#### **JUNE 2004**

# CREATION OF A DIGITAL HYDROGEOLOGIC FRAMEWORK MODEL OF THE MESILLA BASIN AND SOUTHERN JORNADA DEL MUERTO BASIN

**WRRI Technical Completion Report No. 332** 

John W. Hawley John F. Kennedy



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# CREATION OF A DIGITAL HYDROGEOLOGIC FRAMEWORK MODEL OF THE MESILLA BASIN AND SOUTHERN JORNADA DEL MUERTO BASIN

By

John W. Hawley
Senior Hydrogeologist
New Mexico Water Resources Research Institute
New Mexico State University

and

John F. Kennedy
GIS Coordinator / Hydrogeologist
New Mexico Water Resources Research Institute
New Mexico State University

for

Lower Rio Grande Water Users Organization

TECHNICAL COMPLETION REPORT

Account Number 01-4-23987b

June 2004

New Mexico Water Resources Research Institute

The research on which this report is based was financed in part by the Environmental Protection Agency, Region 6, and by the U.S. Department of the Interior, Geological Survey, through the New Mexico Water Resources Research Institute.

The Mesilla Basin, including the Mesilla Valley between Selden Canyon and El Paso del Norte (or El Paso Narrows), occupies most of the study area. To the north, the southern section of the Jornada del Muerto (or Jornada) topographic and structural basin is east of the lower Rincon Valley to upper Mesilla Valley reaches of the Rio Grande. Leasburg (irrigation-diversion) Dam, at the lower end of Selden Canyon (about 3,960 ft elev.), marks the northern boundary of both the Mesilla Valley and the "structural" Mesilla Basin. The very narrow El Paso del Norte segment of the Rio Grande Valley (floodplain elev. 3,715-25 ft) opens southeastward into the broad El Paso Valley section of the western Hueco Bolson. The river channel forms the International Boundary between El Paso del Norte and the Gulf of Mexico. Both the Selden Canyon and Paso del Norte constrictions are bedrock-floored features characterized by narrow valley floors (500-1,000 ft width range) and saturated-alluvial fills that are less than 75 ft thick.

#### 1.3.2 Mesilla Basin and Valley

Excluding local mountain watersheds, the (topographic and structural) Mesilla Basin has an area of about 1,100 mi<sup>2</sup>, including as much as 200 mi<sup>2</sup> in Chihuahua. <u>It is bounded on the east by the Organ-Franklin-Sierra Juárez mountain chain</u> and on the west by fault-block and volcanic uplands, which extend northward from the East Potrillo Mountains (near the International Boundary) to the Aden and Sleeping Lady Hills. El Paso del Norte occupies the narrow saddle between the Juárez–Cristo Rey and Franklin uplifts. Fillmore Pass (elev. ~4,200 ft) is a wide, alluvial-filled gap between the Franklin and Organ. Organ Needle (elev. 9,012 ft), in the central Organ Mountains, is the highest point on the basin perimeter. The Robledo and Doña Ana Mountains form the respective western and eastern boundaries in the upper Mesilla Valley section of the basin.

The Mesilla Basin extends southward about 65 mi from the mouth of Selden Canyon (Leasburg Dam site), to a poorly defined groundwater divide located about 20 mi south of the International Boundary southwest of the Santa Teresa Port of Entry and west of Sierra Juárez (Figs. 1-2, 1-3). The southern end of the topographic (and structural) basin merges southward with the floor of Bolson de Los Muertos in north-central Chihuahua (Córdoba et al. 1969; Hawley 1969; Morrison 1969; Reeves 1969; Hawley et al. 2000). Basin width varies from about 5 mi at its northern end to about 25 mi in its

central part. The extensive, undissected basin floor west of the Mesilla Valley is locally designated the West Mesa or "La Mesa". The former name is used in this report, following USGS-WRD practice (e.g., Wilson et al. 1981; Nickerson and Myers 1993), and "La Mesa" is used only in reference to the relict fluvial plain of the ancestral Rio Grande (Plio-Pleistocene) La Mesa geomorphic surface (Hawley 1975; Hawley and Kottlowski 1969; Gile et al. 1981; Gile, Hawley et al. 1995).

The entrenched Mesilla Valley segment of the Rio Grande Valley occupies much of the eastern part of the Mesilla Basin and includes the Las Cruces area. The northwestern El Paso-Ciudad Juárez "metroplex" extends through El Paso del Norte into the southern end of the valley. The valley-floor geohydrologic unit (Rio Grande floodplain and channel) is about 60 mi long and up to 5 mi wide, and its area is about 215 mi² (135,000 acres); and the river's drainage basin above Leasburg Dam comprises about 28,000 mi² of New Mexico and southern Colorado (excluding the 2,940 mi² closed basin section of the San Luis Valley, Ortiz et al. 2001).

#### 1.3.3 Jornada del Muerto Basin

The southern Jornada del Muerto Basin (area ~600 mi²) is bounded on the east by the southern San Andres range and the north end of the Organ Mountains (between San Augustine Pass and Fillmore-Ice Canyon). The Doña Ana Mountains are the only major highland on the southwestern edge of the Jornada Basin. The dominant basin landforms comprise an extensive remnant of the ancestral Rio Grande fluvial plain (Plio-Pleistocene La Mesa geomorphic surface), and broad alluvial-fan-piedmont surfaces flanking the San Andres Range and Doña Ana Mountains (Gile et al. 1981, 1995; Gile 2002; Seager et al. 1987). The isolated Goat Mountain and Tortugas Mountain "hills" to the south of the Doña Ana's (eastern Las Cruces metro-area) are the sole surface expression of the discontinuous bedrock high that separates the Mesilla and Jornada structural basins (Fig. 1-2, Plates 1, 3a-d, 5a). At the northern project border, near the Doña Ana-Sierra County Line (Fig. 1-2), the level of the Jornada Basin floor topography is "disrupted" by the Point of Rocks uplift and outlying hilly uplands in the Jornada Draw-Flat Lake area to the east. In the northwestern part of the study area, another buried-bedrock high connects the Doña Ana, Selden Hills, and Tonuco uplifts (Plate 3a). The Jornada Basin merges with

#### 1.4 REGIONAL GEOLOGIC SETTING

The study region is located in the southern part of the Rio Grande rift tectonic province, which is characterized by north-south-trending series deep structural basins between tilted-fault-block ranges and volcanic highlands. This major continental rift zone extends through central New Mexico from southern Colorado to Trans-Pecos Texas and northern Chihuahua (Chapin and Seager 1975; Hawley 1978; Chapin and Cather 1994; Fig. 1-1). The primary aquifer systems of the Rio Grande rift region comprise 1) thin Upper Quaternary fluvial deposits of the inner Rio Grande Valley (valley-fill aquifer system), and 2) the thick sedimentary fill of intermontane basins (basin-fill aquifer system). The Upper Cenozoic Santa Fe Group forms the bulk of the latter unit. The hydrogeologic framework formed by 1) the lithofacies and stratigraphic subdivisions of these two aguifer systems and 2) associated rift – basin and range structures has a profound influence on groundwater and surface-water flow and quality in the entire region. Valley- and basin-fill aquifer systems are locally linked with respect to both surface and subsurface flow (Bryan 1938; King et al. 1971; Wilson et al. 1981; Nickerson and Myers 1993; Hawley and Kernodle 2000; Hawley et al. 2001). In the Las Cruces area and upstream, the entrenched Mesilla Valley of the Rio Grande provides an inter-basin connection for both surface-water and shallow-groundwater flow between the Jornada del Muerto and Mesilla Basins; while linkage for deeper groundwater flow is furnished by several "paleo-valleys" across a buried bedrock ridge east of the city.

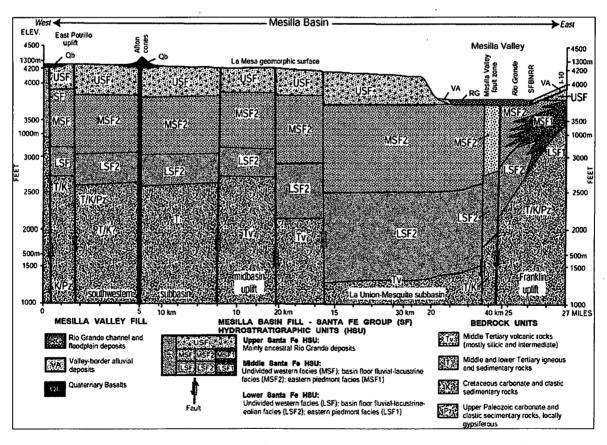
#### 1.5 HISTORY OF HYDROGEOLOGIC INVESTIGATIONS

#### 1.5.1 Early Work

Major early sources of information on the geology and geohydrology of the Mesilla Basin area include reports by Hill (1900), Keyes (1905), Slichter (1905), Lee (1907), Richardson (1909), Dunham (1935), Bryan (1938) and Sayre and Livingston (1945). Slichter's investigation of the Mesilla Valley shallow-aquifer zone included a definitive study of underflow conditions through El Paso Narrows (Sections 4.3.1, 7.3). Lee (1907) developed the earliest model of ancestral Rio Grande evolution in the New Mexico region; and he emphasized the potential for locating a dam at the Elephant Butte site for irrigation-water storage and flood control.

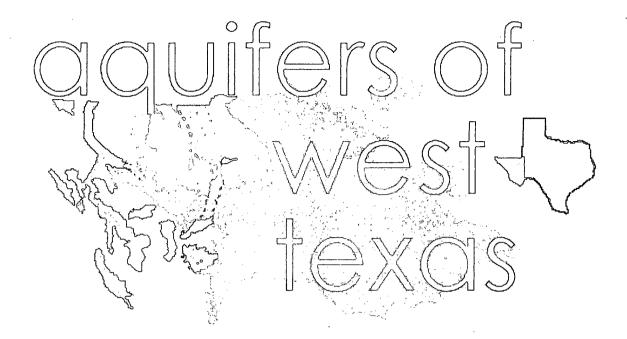
#### 5.0 HYDROGEOLOGIC FRAMEWORK OF THE AQUIFER SYSTEM

From a geohydrologic perspective, the Mesilla and southern Jornada Basins occupy broad topographic depressions that are separated as well as linked by the entrenched Mesilla and Rincon Valleys of the Rio Grande. Both topographic basins, in turn, overlie a geohydrologically linked group of deep structural subbasins and intervening buried-bedrock highs (Plate 1, Figs. 4-1, 4-2a,b). Both intrabasin and basin-boundary structures play a major role in terms of groundwater flow and geochemistry. Figure 5-1 is a schematic hydrogeologic cross-section of the south-central Mesilla Basin, and it is aligned approximately along the 32<sup>nd</sup> Parallel and close to the position of Figure 4-2b and Plate 4c. Basic concepts of hydrogeologic framework and groundwater flow in incompletely *closed* and *partly drained* intermontane-basin systems like the Mesilla Basin have been introduced in Sections 3.1 and 2.5 (Figs. 3-1 to 3-3; Tables 3-1 to 3-3).



**Figure 5-1.** Schematic hydrogeologic cross section of the south-central Mesilla Basin near the 32<sup>nd</sup> Parallel in Doña Ana County, N M and El Paso County, TX, Vertical exaggeration about 10x. Modified from Plate 4c.

# **REFERENCE 18**



# Report 356

edited by Robert E. Mace William F. Mullican III Edward S. Angle

# **Texas Water Development Board**

P.O. Box 13231, Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711-3231

December 2001





# Texas Water Development Board Report 356

# **Aquifers of West Texas**

edited by Robert E. Mace William F. Mullican III Edward S. Angle

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## Chapter 7

# The Mesilla Basin Aquifer System of New Mexico, West Texas, and Chihuahua— An Overview of Its Hydrogeologic Framework and Related Aspects of Groundwater Flow and Chemistry

John W. Hawley<sup>1</sup>, John F. Kennedy<sup>1</sup>, and Bobby J. Creel<sup>1</sup>

#### Introduction

Our brief overview of the hydrogeology and geohydrology of basin-fill aquifers in the Mesilla Basin (Bolson) covers a large area of south-central New Mexico and adjacent parts of western Texas and northern Chihuahua (figs. 7-1, 7-2). Emphasis is on the hydrogeologic framework of this major intermontane basin and the controls exerted by basin-fill stratigraphy and structure on the distribution of major aquifer zones, the groundwater-flow regime, and related aspects of water chemistry. The 1,100-mi<sup>2</sup> Mesilla Basin is near the southern end of the river-linked series of structural basins that form the Rio Grande rift (RGR) tectonic province (Keller and Cather, 1994). The RGR extends southward from the San Luis Basin, which is flanked by the southern Rocky Mountains, to at least as far south as the Hueco Bolson in the southeastern sector of the Basin and Range province (Hawley, 1978; 1986).

The broad structural depression that forms the Mesilla Basin is bounded on the east by the Organ-Franklin-Juarez Mountain chain, and its western border includes fault-block and volcanic uplands that extend northward from the East Potrillo Mountains and West Potrillo basalt field to the Aden and Sleeping Lady Hills (figs. 7-1, 7-2). The entrenched Mesilla Valley of the Rio Grande, which has a valley-floor area of about 215 mi², crosses the eastern part of the basin. The metropolitan areas of Las Cruces and northwestern El Paso-Ciudad Juarez are located, respectively, in the northern part and at the southern end of the Mesilla Valley. The Robledo and Doña Ana mountains bound the northern end of the valley, but the northeastern basin boundary is transitional with the Jornada del Muerto Basin (Seager and others, 1987). The southern basin-boundary with the Bolson de los Muertos in north-central Chihuahua has still not been studied in detail. Regional groundwater and surface flow is toward "El Paso del Norte," the topographic and structural gap between the Franklin Mountains and Sierra Juarez that separates the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New Mexico Water Resources Research Institute, New Mexico State University

Mesilla Basin from the Hueco Bolson (fig. 7-2). <u>Underflow contribution from the Jornada Basin is restricted by a buried bedrock high between the Doña Ana and Tortugas Mountains east of Las Cruces (King and others, 1971; Wilson and others, 1981; Woodward and Myers, 1997).</u>

# **Background—Development of Basic Hydrogeologic and Geohydrologic Models**

We open this discussion with a brief review of how the present conceptual model of basin hydrogeology has developed over the past century. In terms of modern concepts of groundwater flow in basin-fill aquifers, W. T. Lee (1907) and Kirk Bryan (1938) are the two most important early workers to characterize the Rio Grande Valley and RGR region between Colorado and Trans-Pecos Texas. However, we must note here that the contributions of Lee and Bryan are just one product of the great amount of cross-fertilization of geological and hydrological concepts that occurred throughout the American Southwest during the late 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> centuries. Very important contributions by contemporary workers include Hill (1896, 1900), Slichter (1905), Richardson (1909), Tolman (1909, 1937), Meinzer and Hare (1915), Darton (1916), Schwennesen (1918), Dunham (1935), Theis (1938), and Sayre and Livingston (1945).

Lee (1907) developed an early scenario for evolution of the Rio Grande Valley system in New Mexico and emphasized the potential for building a large dam at the Elephant Butte site for irrigation water storage. Bryan's (1938) most significant hydrogeologic contributions include development of the earliest synoptic models of the RGR structural province (his "Rio Grande depression") and evolution of the northern Rio Grande fluvial system. He observed that (1) the main body of sedimentary deposits of the Rio Grande depression, from the north end of the San Luis valley to and beyond El Paso, is considered to be the same general age and to belong to the Santa Fe Formation (p. 205); (2) in general, the basins appear to have been elongated into ovals and to be divisible into two major types—basins with a through-flowing river and basins with enclosed drainage (p. 205); and, (3) [Rio Grande depression basins] differ from other basins [in the Basin and Range province] principally in being strung like beads on a string along the line of the Rio Grande (p. 221).

On the basis of observations in adjacent parts of Mexico and the American Southwest, Tolman (1909, 1937) also made a major contribution in developing a better definition of the fundamental hydrogeologic distinction between depositional systems in aggrading intermontane basins with topographic closure (bolsons) and those that are open in terms of both surface and subsurface flow (semibolsons). Both Bryan and Tolman recognized three basic classes of lithofacies assemblages in this continuum of closed and open basin landforms. Piedmont-slope facies (e.g., alluvial-fan) are present along the margins of both basin types, while basin floors in closed systems include alluvial flats that grade to terminal, playa-lake plains. Floors of basins that are integrated with surface-flow systems, in marked contrast, include alluvial flats and fluvial plains that grade to basin outlets.

faults and lithofacies distribution patterns (depending, of course, on existing flow gradients). Fault zones and fine-grained facies commonly form effective barriers to interbasin flow. However, a small amount of flow may enter or leave the basin at low barrier points associated with zones of relatively high permeability.

The Mesilla Basin aquifer system comprises three major hydrostratigraphic subdivisions (HSU's) of the Santa Fe Group (Hawley and others, 1969; Hawley, 1978, charts 1 and 2). These units are ordered in upper to lower (younger to older) stratigraphic sequence (fig. 7-6). The upper Santa Fe unit (USF1,2) is generally correlative with the Camp Rice Formation (fig. 7-6), and its most productive aquifer zone consists of ancestral Rio Grande channel sand and gravel (HSU-USF2). However, the lower part of this unit is only saturated in the northeastern basin area near Las Cruces (Hawley and Lozinsky, 1992). The middle Santa Fe unit (MSF1,2) correlates with much of the Fort Hancock Formation in the Hueco Bolson, which is dominated by fine-grained, alluvial-flat, and playa-lake sediments. In the Mesilla Basin, however, the dominant facies assemblage (MSF2) includes extensive layers of clean sand that are interbedded with silty clay. The middle unit is less permeable than the upper unit because of a greater degree of cementation and the widespread presence of the fine-grained interbeds. HSU-MSF2, however, probably forms the major aquifer zone in the basin because it is almost entirely below the water table. The long-recognized "medial aquifer" zone of Leggat and others (1962) below the southern Mesilla Valley forms part of this unit (Cliett, 1969).

The lower Santa Fe unit (LSF) is primarily fine grained and party consolidated throughout much of the basin, and it only forms a significant part of the aquifer system in the lower Mesilla Valley area that extends from near Mesquite, New Mexico to Canutillo, Texas and La Union, New Mexico. This LSF unit was first identified in the El Paso Water Utilities-Canutillo well field by Leggat and others (1962) and was informally named the "deep aquifer" zone (HSU-LSF 2, fig. 7-6). The major component of the zone is a distinctive eolian-sand facies (LFA 4) that intertongues mountainward with piedmont fanglomerates (LFA's 7-8) and basinward with basin-floor facies assemblages (LFA's 3, 9 and 10?). The latter facies are here interpreted as fluvial-deltaic and playa-lake deposits (fig. 7-5, table 7-1). The sand facies is locally as much as 600 ft thick, and its base ranges from 1,000 to 1,500 ft below the Mesilla Valley floor. This extensive basin-floor to distal piedmont-slope deposit is interpreted as a buried dune field with an extent and thickness similar to that of *los Médanos de Samalayuca* dune complex in north-central Chihuahua (Cliett, 1969; Schmidt and Marston, 1981; Wilson and others, 1981; Hawley and Lozinsky, 1992).

#### Concluding Comments on Groundwater Flow and Quality Conditions

The near-surface components (general elevation and direction) of the groundwater-flow system are shown on figure 7-2. Hydraulic conditions range from unconfined to semiconfined to confined in most basin-fill aquifer zones. In the central part of the basin west of the Mesilla Valley, which is designated the West Mesa in many reports, a transmissivity of 5,900 ft<sup>2</sup>/d was calculated for a well screened at selected depth intervals between 710 and 1,210 ft. In the northern part of the West Mesa area, aquifer

transmissivity was estimated to be  $10,000 \, \text{ft}^2/\text{d}$ , with a (confined) storage coefficient of  $2\times10^{-5}$ . According to aquifer tests, maximum values of transmissivity in the central Mesilla Basin ranged from  $10,900 \, \text{to} \, 40,000 \, \text{ft}^2/\text{d}$ . The average horizontal hydraulic conductivity was 67 ft/d. This range in values, however, is probably only representative of the upper to middle parts of the Santa Fe Group aquifer system because these aquifer tests also provided evidence that the horizontal hydraulic conductivity decreases with depth. Vertical hydraulic conductivity values were found to range from  $0.21 \, \text{ft/d}$  to  $3.0 \, \text{ft/d}$  for the entire thickness of the confining layers at the aquifer-test sites.

Because of the limited scope of this paper, only a few comments on groundwater quality can be made. Water quality in the upper Santa Fe unit (HSU-USF2) in the eastern part of the basin generally reflects groundwater chemistry in the shallow valley-fill aquifer (HSU-RG) because this unit is the most significant recharge source for the upper part of the basin-fill aquifer system. Much of the groundwater pumped for irrigation is derived from the unconfined to semiconfined part of the (shallow) aguifer system that includes the river-valley fill (RG) and contiguous parts of HSU's USF2 and MSF2. A major influence on basinwide spatial variability in quality is due to irregular distribution patterns of fine-grained confining zones. Water in the middle Santa Fe unit (MSF2) is generally of better quality than in overlying valley-fill and basin-fill units, particularly in the northern part of the basin. Near the basin's southern end, however, available information indicates a significant deterioration in groundwater quality. The middle unit is the most heavily developed aquifer zone in terms of public and private drinking-water production. Water quality in the lower Santa Fe unit (LSF) is generally poorer than the middle unit except beneath the Mesilla Valley area between Mesquite and Canutillo. The majority of the discharge from the lower Santa Fe unit occurs as municipal and industrial pumping in the Anthony to Canutillo, Texas, area.

On the basis of review of data in the Frenzel and Kaehler (1992) groundwater-flow model, Balleau (1999, p. 46) estimated that about 14 million acre-ft of available water is stored in the upper 100 ft of saturated basin fill in the West Mesa area ( $\sim$  360,000 acres in New Mexico). This value is about twice our estimate, which assumes an effective aquifer porosity of 20 percent. Because saturated parts of HSU's USF2 and MSF2 in the West Mesa area range up to 1,000 ft in thickness, there is an enormous amount of potable to slightly saline groundwater stored in this part of the basin. Available fresh to slightly saline water stored in the upper 1,000 ft of Santa Fe Group hydrostratigraphic units, much of it very old, is probably no more than  $100 \times 10^6$  acre-ft. Moreover, it has probably not been effectively recharged during the past 10,000 to 15,000 yr, except in areas contiguous to major streams.

The majority of recharge occurs through mountain-front mechanisms and through vertical groundwater flow from river-valley fill that forms the "shallow" alluvial aquifer. Except for a few perennial springs and seeps and short reaches of intermittent mountain streams, there are no permanent surface-water bodies in the small highland watersheds that flank the Mesilla Basin. Mountain-front recharge is, therefore, very low; and losing reaches of the Rio Grande channel and associated irrigation-canal systems are the major present sources of groundwater replenishment. Annual aquifer recharge in the 1,100-mi<sup>2</sup>Mesilla Basin, exclusive of the 215-mi<sup>2</sup> Mesilla Valley area, is probably less than 10,000 acre-ft.

# **REFERENCE 19**



Albuquerque, New Mexico 87110 tel: 505:243:3200 fax: -505:243:2700



July 20, 2006

Mr. Gary Moore Sharp Oil Company 7522 El Morro Road NE Albuquerque, New Mexico 87109

Subject: Fourth Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Report at the Sharp Oil Company

North Main Self-Serve Site Located at 1875 North Main Street,

Las Cruces, New Mexico

CDM Project No. 17347-47189-MON.REPT

NMED Facility No. 30518

WPID No. 14007

Dear Mr. Moore:

On behalf of Sharp Oil Company (Sharp), Camp Dresser & McKee Inc. (CDM) conducted a quarterly monitoring event at the above-referenced site on June 29, 2006. CDM performed groundwater gauging and sampling at site-related monitoring wells at the Scott's Auto Sales and North Main Self-Serve sites. The activities reported herein were conducted in accordance with the CDM work plan proposal dated August 26, 2005, with New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) approval received September 9, 2005.

The report includes a site status summary with recommendations, an aerial photo site map, a groundwater elevation contour map, a groundwater contaminant concentration map, a non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL) apparent thickness contour map and cumulative water level and laboratory analytical tables.

Please contact CDM at (505) 243-3200 with any inquiries regarding the contents of this submittal.

Sincerely,

C. Tyler Irwin, C.P.G.

Project Manager

Camp Dresser & McKee Inc.

cc: Chris Holmes, PSTB

File

Charlotte Salazar
Staff Engineer

Camp Dresser & McKee Inc.

# Sharp Oil Company North Main Self-Serve and Scott's Auto Sales Las Cruces, New Mexico Fourth Quarter Report

#### SITE STATUS SUMMARY

- At the request of the NMED, positions of monitoring wells and locations of buildings and the other structures were checked with a surveyor's wheel during the June 29, 2006 monitoring event (Figure 1).
- Twenty site monitoring wells (Sharp MW-1 through MW-11; Scott's MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-6, MW-7, MW-9, MW-11 and MW-13; and the Jack Key monitoring well) were gauged on June 29, 2006. Groundwater elevations have decreased on average 0.56 foot since the previous gauging event. A summary of groundwater elevation data is included as Table 1 and a Groundwater Elevation Contour Map is provided as Figure 2.
- The direction of groundwater flow is generally to the southeast at a calculated gradient of 0.002 foot per foot.
- NAPL was detected in Sharp wells MW-1, MW-3, MW-4, MW-7, and in Scott's wells MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3 during the June 2006 sampling event. NAPL thickness ranged from 0.01 foot to 1.23 feet. NAPL measurements are included in Table 1 and an Apparent NAPL Thickness Map is presented in Figure 3.
- NAPL was hand-bailed by CDM's subcontractor, Precision Engineering Inc. (PEI), from Sharp wells MW-2, MW-4, and MW-7, and from Scott's well MW-2. NAPL thickness was reduced to less than 0.01 foot in these wells on April 25, May 19, and June 16, 2006. To date, 7.88 liters of NAPL have been hand-bailed from site wells as part of the current work plan. Logs of NAPL recovery events were electronically mailed to the NMED on July 5, 2006 and are also attached to this report.
- Six site wells (Sharp MW-8 through MW-11; Scott's MW-9 and MW-13) were sampled on June 29, 2006 (Scott's well MW-9 was substituted for Scott's MW-1 which contained NAPL). Collected groundwater samples were analyzed for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes (BTEX), methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE), 1,2-dibromoethane (EDB), 1,2-dichloroethane (EDC), total naphthalenes, and other compounds by EPA Test Method 8260 PBMS. The laboratory analyses report is attached to this report.
- Benzene in wells Sharp MW-10 and Sharp MW-11 exceeds the applicable State standard. Other BTEX compounds in these wells occur below applicable State standards. BTEX in well Sharp MW-9 occurs below applicable State standards. BTEX compounds in wells Sharp MW-8, Scott's MW-9, and Scott's MW-13 occur near or below laboratory detection limits.
- Concentrations of MTBE in all sampled wells occur below laboratory detection limits.
- The concentration of total naphthalenes in Sharp MW-10 exceeds the applicable State standard.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

 CDM recommends that NAPL recovery and quarterly monitoring be continued to observe changes in groundwater quality.

Table 1 Sharp Oil Company North Main Self-Serve and Scott's Auto Sales Summary of Groundwater Elevation Data (all data in feet)

Monitoring Well Location*	Date	Top of Casing Elevation (A)	Depth to Product (B)	Depth to Water (C)	NAPL Thickness**	Groundwater Elevation (D)
Sharp MW-1	02/14/02	3908.14	·	36.62	÷	3871.52
	08/15/02			36.73		3871.41
	03/13/03			37.04	<del></del> -	3871.10
	06/05/03	·		37.69	<u></u>	3870.45
	09/09/03		37.87	39.35	1.48	3869.96
	12/08/03		38.50	38.86	0.36	3869.56
	6/25/04		39.43	39.61	0.18	3868.67
	2/23/05		40.04	40.08	0.04	3868.09
	6/16/05		40.23	40.25	0.02	3867.91
	10/5/05	is.	, <del>, -</del> ,	39.88		3868.26
	12/22/05		. *	40.13	# #	3868.01
	3/7/06			40.33		3867.81
	6/29/06		40.89	40.90	0.01	3867.25
Sharp MW-2	02/14/02	3908.37	:	37.08		3871.29
	08/15/02		<u></u> -	37:23	41.5 41.5 41.5	3871.14
	03/14/03		37.25	38.54	1.29	3870.85
	06/05/03		38.10	38.38	0.28	3870.21
	09/09/03		38.20	40.25	2.05	3869.74
	12/08/03		38.80	39.42	0.62	3869.44
	6/25/04	;	39.81	40.26	0.45	3868.47
	2/23/05		NM	NM	<b>!</b>	NM
	6/16/05		40.64	40.72	0.08	3867.71
	10/5/05		40.17	40.83	0.66	3868.06
	12/22/05		40.55	40.57	0.02	3867.82
	3/7/06		40.77	40.79	0.02	3867.60
	6/29/06		<del></del>	41,31		3867.06
Sharp MW-3	02/14/02	3908.61	37.09	37.41	0.32	3871.77
	08/15/02		37.14	37.67	0.55	3871.35
	03/13/03		37.33	38.55	1.22	3871.02
	06/05/03		38.19	38,50	0.31	3870.35
	09/09/03	·	38.35	40.02	1.67	3869.91
	12/08/03		38.71	40.44	1.73	3869.54
Í	6/25/04		39.86	40.51	0.65	3868.61
) :	2/23/05		40:14	40.22	0.08	3868.45
	6/16/05		40.71	40.96	0.25	3867.85
	10/5/05		40.38	40.45	0.07	3868.22
	12/22/05		40.61	40.62	0.01	3868.00
	3/7/06		40.83	40.94	0:11	3867.76
<u> </u>	6/29/06		41.36	41.58	0.22	3867.20
Sharp MW-4	02/14/02	3909.53	37.97	38.37	0.40	3871.48
• • •	08/15/02		38.08	38.47	0.39	3871.37
	03/13/03		38.28	39.17	0.89	3871.06
2	06/05/03		38.84	40.23	1.39	3870.40
:	09/09/03		39.29	40.79	1.50	3869.93
	12/08/03		39.65	41.22	1.57	3869,55

Table 1 Sharp Oil Company North Main Self-Serve and Scott's Auto Sales Summary of Groundwater Elevation Data (all data in feet)

Monitoring Well Location*	Date	Top of Casing Elevation (A)	Depth to Product (B)	Depth to Water (C)	NAPL Thickness**	Groundwater Elevation (D)
Sharp MW-4	6/25/04	3909.53	40.55	42.15	1.60	3868.64
,	2/23/05		40.81	42.08	1.27	3868.45
	6/16/05		41.50	42.31	0.81	3867.86
	10/5/05		41.11	42.04	0.93	3868.22
	12/22/05		41.41	42.12	0.71	3867.97
	3/7/06		41.73	41.92	0.19	3867.76
	6/29/06		42.05	43.28	1.23	3867.22
Sharp MW-5	02/14/02	3908.76	<b></b>	37.06	·	3871.70
	08/15/02			37.18	<del>-</del>	3871.58
	03/13/03			37.49	<del></del>	3871.27
	06/05/03			38.13	, <del>".</del> 8	3870.63
•	09/09/03			38.65		3870.11
	12/08/03			39.00		3869.76
	6/25/04		39.85	40.27	0.42	3868.82
	2/23/05		<del>12</del>	40.13	<del>)</del>	3868.63
	6/16/05		40.69	40.74	0.05	3868.06
	10/5/05			40.35	, <del>-i.,</del> :	3868.41
	12/22/05		40.56	40.57	0.01	3868.20
	3/7/06			40.81	#	3867.95
	6/29/06		<del>, .</del> ,	41.34		3867.42
Sharp MW-6	08/15/02	3909.72	<del>.</del>	38.28		3871.44
?'	03/13/03		<del>,</del>	ММ		ŇM
	06/05/03	Ī		39.22	,	3870.50
	09/09/03			39.74	<del></del> .	3869.98
	12/08/03			40.09		3869.63
	6/25/04	1	<b></b> .	41.03	:	3868.69
	2/23/05			41.21	=-	3868.51
	6/16/05			41.79		3867,93
	10/5/05			41.45	ŗ÷.	3868.27
	12/22/05			41.67		3868.05
	3/7/06			41.89		3867.83
	6/29/06	Ī	<b></b> ,	42.44		3867,28
Sharp MW-7	06/05/03	NM:	38.81	39.96	1.15	NM
	09/09/03	· [	39.18	40.81	1.63	NM
	12/08/03	[	39.53	41.24	1.71	NM
. :	6/25/04		40.40	42.34	1.94	NM
	2/23/05	Ī	40.85	41.55	0.70	ŅM
	6/16/05	3909,40	41.29	42.67	1:38	3867.82
	10/5/05	·	41.03	41.95	0.92	3868.18
	12/22/05	Ī	41.45	41.54	0.09	3867.93
ļ	3/7/06	<u> </u>	41.67	41.76	0.09	3867.71
	6/29/06		42:23	42.31	0.08	3867.15
Sharp MW-8	6/16/05	3909.55		41.83		3867.72
	10/5/05	Ţ	•••	41,46	*-	3868.09
,	12/22/05	Ī		41.71		3867.84
·	3/7/06	Ī		41.93		3867.62
İ	6/29/06	1		42.50		y 3867.05

Table 1 Sharp Oil Company North Main Self-Serve and Scott's Auto Sales Summary of Groundwater Elevation Data (all data in feet)

Monitoring Well Location*	Date	Top of Casing Elevation (A)	Depth to Product (B)	Depth to Water (C)	NAPL Thickness**	Groundwater Elevation (D)
Sharp MW-9	6/16/05	3908.61		40.97		3867.64
	10/5/05		FD.	40.59		3868.02
	12/22/05	Ï		40.87		3867.74
	3/7/06			41.07		3867.54
	6/29/06		-	41.64	<del>'</del>	3866.97
Sharp MW-10	6/16/05	3908.11		40.58	; 44-44	3867.53
	10/5/05			40.20	=	3867.91
	12/22/05			40.48		3867.63
	3/7/06		2.5	40.71	<u> </u>	3867.40
	6/29/06			41.27	<u> </u>	3866.84
Sharp MW-11	6/16/05	3908.00		40.55	<i>z</i> -	3867.45
	10/5/05			40.08		3867.92
	12/22/05	ĺ	, j. jan	40.46	. <del>(34</del> -	3867.54
:	3/7/06			40.69	i	3867.31
	6/29/06	<u> </u>	÷	41.24	<del>(44</del>	3866.76
Scott's MW-1	03/14/03	3907.59		36.80	, in a	3870.79
	06/05/03		. 24	37.44	% <del>±-</del>	3870.15
	09/09/03			37.93		3869.66
	12/08/03		38.03	39.33	1.30	3869.29
	6/25/04	1	39.15	39.28	0.13	3868.41
	2/23/05		39.34	39.36	0.02	3868.25
	6/16/05		39.94	39.99	0.05	3867.64
	10/5/05		<del></del>	39.57	-	3868.02
	12/22/05			39.86		3867.73
	3/7/06		40.06	40.16	0.10	3867.51
	6/29/06		40.60	40.77	0.17	3866.95
Scott's MW-2	03/14/03	ŇŇ	36.51	37.89	1.38	ÑM
	06/05/03		37.09	38.68	1.59	ŅŅ
	09/09/03		37.80	38.03	0.23	ŇM
2	12/08/03		38.07	38.81	0.74	NM
	6/25/04	:	39.08	39.22	0.14	NM
	2/23/05			39.28		ЙЙ
	6/16/05	3907.56	39.81	40.06	0.25	3867.70
•	10/5/05		39.43	39.80	0.37	3868.05
	12/22/05		39.78	39.80	0.02	3867.78
	3/7/06		39.98	40.02	0.04	3867.57
٠	6/29/06		40.53	40.59	0.06	3867.02
Scott's MW-3	03/14/03	3907.44	.=-	36.78		3870.66
***************************************	06/05/03	'''	<del>-</del> -	37.43	>=-	3870.01
	09/09/03		37.88	38.02	0:14	3869.53
	12/08/03	,	38.25	38.45	0.20	3869.15
*	6/25/04		39.14	39.17	0.03	3868.29
	2/23/05			39.32		3868.12
	6/16/05			39.93		3867.51
,	10/5/05			39.55		3867.89
T <sub>i</sub>	12/22/05		39.85	39.86	0.01	3867:59
	3/7/06		40.06	40.08	0.02	<sup>v</sup> 3867:38
	6/29/06	1	40.61	40.62	0.01	3866.83

Table 1 Sharp Oil Company North Main Self-Serve and Scott's Auto Sales Summary of Groundwater Elevation Data (all data in feet)

Monitoring Well Location*	Date	Top of Casing Elevation (A)	Depth to Product (B)	Depth to Water (C)	NAPL Thickness**	Groundwater Elevation (D)
Scott's MW-6	03/13/03	3908.59	<del></del>	36,19	,==	3872.40
:	06/05/03		;	36.83	· <u></u> -	3871.76
	09/09/03		· <del>**</del>	37.34		3871.25
	12/08/03		·	37.69		3870.90
	6/25/04		-=	38.63		3869.96
	2/23/05			38.31	<del>=</del>	3870.28
	6/16/05			DF	₹Y	
	10/5/05			39.04	<u>.</u>	3869.55
•	12/22/05			ÐF	RY	
	3/7/06			DF	₹Ŷ	
	6/29/06			DF	₹Y	
Scott's MW-7	03/14/03	3903.58		32.70		3870.88
	06/05/03		<del></del>	33.38		3870.20
	09/09/03			33.78	<del>-</del>	3869.80
	12/08/03		.=-	33.84		3869.74
	6/25/04	,		34.05	<del>'</del>	3869.53
	2/23/05	,-	<del></del>	34.08		3869.50
	6/16/05			34.09	5-1	3869.49
	10/5/05			34.09		3869.49
	12/22/05			34.09	44.	3869.49
	3/7/06			DF	₹Y	
	6/29/06			DF	₹Y`	
Scott's MW-9	03/14/03	3904.23		33.95		3870.28
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	06/05/03			34.54		3869.69
	09/09/03		,	35.03		3869.20
	12/08/03			35.39	<u></u>	3868.84
	6/25/04			36.26		3867.97
İ	2/23/05			36.40	· <del></del>	3867.83
	6/16/05			37.03		3867.20
	10/5/05			36.65	<b>##</b>	3867.58
	12/22/05		••	37.00		3867.23
	3/7/06			37.21	<del>-</del> -	3867.02
	6/29/06			37.79	W-11	3866.44
Scott's MW-11	03/14/03	3906.47		NM.		NM
ļ	06/05/03	1	***	36.80	***	3869.67
	09/09/03			37.27		3869.20
ľ	12/08/03			37.62	<del></del>	3868.85
	6/25/04			38.48		3867.99
	2/23/05		,	38,63		3867:84
	6/16/05		·	39.26	-	3867.21
	10/5/05			DΕ	<del> </del>	
ļ	12/22/05	ļ		DF	RY.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	3/7/06	Ì		<b>D</b> F	ξΥ'	
Ì	6/29/06	, <b>,</b>		DF	₹Ŷ	***

Table 1 Sharp Oil Company North Main Self-Serve and Scott's Auto Sales Summary of Groundwater Elevation Data (all data in feet)

Monitoring Well Location*	Date	Top of Casing Elevation (A)	Depth to Product (B)	Depth to Water (C)	NAPL Thickness**	Groundwater Elevation (D)
Scott's MW-13	06/05/03	NM	.₹ <sup>™</sup>	37.48		ŇM.
	09/09/03		37.93	38.07	0.14	NM
	12/08/03		38.30	38,44	0.14	NM
	6/25/04	,	39.21	39.23	0.02	NM
	2/23/05			39.39	<del></del> .	NM
	6/16/05	3907.66		39.99		3867.67
	10/5/05			39.62		3868.04
	12/22/05			39.89		3867.77
	3/7/06		· <del></del> -	40.10	<del></del> ,	3867.56
	6/29/06		` <b></b>	40.66	<del>**</del>	3867.00
Bar-F BF-22-2	03/13/03	3908.80		37.85		3870.95
i thad en eyann a million i	06/05/03			38.53		3870.27
	09/09/03		38.65	39.26	0.61	3870.02
	12/08/03		39.02	39.31	0.29	3869.72
	6/25/04		39.25	39.31	0.06	3869.54
	12/2004	<del> </del>	1 2 22 13	SED AND ABAND	ONED	
Bar-F BF-22-3	03/14/03	3908.24		37.42		3770.82
a principal and a second	06/05/03	,	38.14	38.18	0.04	3870.09
	09/09/03		38.16	39.48	1.32	3869.80
	12/08/03		38.55	39.45	0.90	3869.50
	6/25/04		39.42	39.55	0.13	3868.79
	12/2004			SED AND ABAND		- 33 - 7
Bar-F BF-22-4	03/13/03	3908.89	,	38.18		3870.71
4-1-1-1	12/2004		PLUG	GED AND ABAND	ONED	
Bar-F BF-22-5	03/14/03	3909.43		38.74		3870.69
,-,-,, =,- <	12/2004		PLUG	SED AND ABAND	ONED	
Bar-F BF-22-6	03/13/03	3909.29		38.57		3870.72
THE STATE OF	06/05/03		38.78 +	NM	in a	NM
	09/09/03		·-	DRY	:	<del></del>
	12/08/03			DRY	411	
	6/25/04	·		DRY		<u></u>
	12/2004	<u></u> !	PLUGO	SED AND ABAND	ONED	
Bar-F BF-22-7	03/13/03	3908.15		37.68		3870.47
	06/05/03	+ <del></del>	:	38.22		3869.93
	09/09/03		38.23	39:30	1.07	3869.70
	12/08/03		38.64	39.30	0.66	3869.37
	6/25/04			DRY	- 0.55	
	12/2004		PLUG	SED AND ABAND	ONED	
Bar-F BF-22-8	03/14/03	3909.01		NM		NM
مرز ا کار حرح ۱	12/2004	0000.01		GED AND ABAND	ONED	TAIRI
Bar-F BF-22-9	03/14/03	3909.44		NM	- I	ΝM
nau ni see-a	12/2004	9999,44		SED AND ABAND		i AiAi
Jack Key Well	06/05/03	ŃM	- 1	37:99		NM
Gach Ivey would	09/09/03	raiài		38.47	·	NM
	12/08/03	<b> </b>		38:84		NM
	6/25/04		<del></del>	39.67	ļ	ŇM

Table 1 Sharp Oil Company North Main Self-Serve and Scott's Auto Sales Summary of Groundwater Elevation Data (all data in feet)

Monitoring Well Location*	Date	Top of Casing Elevation (A)	Depth to Product (B)	Depth to Water (C)	NAPL Thickness**	Groundwater Elevation (D)
Jack Key Well	2/23/05	NM		39.77	<u></u>	, <del></del> .
	6/16/05			40.44	,	
	10/5/05			40.00		<b>;-</b> ,
	12/22/05			40.39		
	3/7/06		:	40.62	-	
	6/29/06			41.12		

#### Notes:

NM: Not Measured.

\* Monitoring Well Designation:
Sharp = Sharp Oil Company North Main Self Serve
Scott's = Scott's Auto Sales (Scott's MW-11 located across Main Street on Jack Key Dealership property)
\*\*NAPL: Non-aqueous-phase liquid.

If NAPL is present, Groundwater Elevation is calculated using the following formula: D = (A-C) + 0.79(C-B)

+: No water encountered before reaching bottom of well at 39.00 feet.

# **REFERENCE 20**

## Water Quality in the Rio Grande Valley, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas, 1992-95

By Gary W. Levings, Denis F. Healy, Steven F. Richey, and Lisa F. Carter

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CIRCULAR 1162

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Major issues and findings	6
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Table 1.—Rio Grande Valley Study Unit Basic Fixed Sites

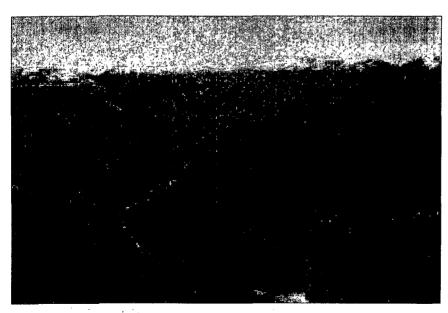
[Main-stem sites shown in blue]

Site number	Station name
1	Rio Grande near Del Norte, Colo.
2	Saguache Creek near Saguache, Colo.
3	Medano Creek near Mosca, Colo.
4	Rio Grande above mouth of Trinchera Creek, near Lasauses, Colo.
5	Conejos River near Lasauses, Colo.
.6	Rio Grande near Lobatos, Colo.
7	Rio Grande below Taos Junction Bridge, near Taos, N. Mex.
.8	Rio Chama near Chamita, N. Mex.
9	Rio Grande at Otowi Bridge near San Ildefonso, N. Mex.
10	Rito de los Frijoles in Bandelier National Monument, N. Mex.
11	Santa Fe River above Cochiti Lake, N. Mex.
12	Rio Grande at Isleta, N. Mex.
13	Rio Puèrco near Bernardo, N. Mex.
14	Rio Grande Conveyance Channel at San Marcial, N. Mex.
ے 15	Rio Grande Floodway at San Marcial, N. Mex.
→ <u>16</u>	Rio Grande below Leasburg Dam near Leasburg, N. Mex.
17	Rio Grande at El Paso, Tex.

Texas. One land-use study was conducted in the basin-fill deposits in the San Luis Valley in Colorado. Only when the hydrologic system along the Rio Grande is understood can the complexity of the many influences that affect water quality throughout the Study Unit be appreciated. A detailed discussion of the ground-water system in the Study Unit is presented in Ellis

and others (1993). The following is a brief description of the ground-water system to aid in understanding the following water-quality discussions.

Complex interactions occur between ground water and surface water in the Rio Grande flood plain. A system of canals distributes surface water for agricultural irrigation and a system of drains intercepts shallow



Rio Grande Reservoir, in the headwaters of the Rio Grande, is used to store runoff for irrigation at surface-water diversions in the San Luis Valley (photograph by Sherman R. Ellis, U.S. Geological Survey).

ground water and returns it to the Rio Grande. Surface water leaks from the Rio Grande and canals to recharge the shallow ground-water system. In places, deeper ground water flows upward to recharge the shallow ground-water system and/or to contribute flow to the Rio Grande. In addition, excess applied irrigation water infiltrates and recharges the shallow ground-water system. Evapotranspiration losses from vegetation, land, and water surfaces, can have a major effect on the quality of ground water.

Two land-use studies, in the Albuquerque area and in the Rincon Valley, focused on the upper 10-15 feet of ground water in the flood-plain alluvium (referred to as shallow ground water in this report). This water generally is not used for domestic supply. However, because of the interaction with surface water and, in isolated areas, because declines in the water level in the deeper aguifer have caused the shallow aquifer to be a recharge source in some areas, knowing the quality of the shallow ground water is important in making management decisions.

The aquifer subunit survey, from Cochiti Lake to El Paso, focused on deeper water underlying the floodplain (referred to as deeper ground water in this report). This water is used for domestic supply in some areas.

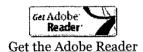
The land-use study in the San Luis Valley was not entirely in the Rio Grande flood plain. Most of the area is in the San Luis Closed Basin, which is both a ground-water and surface-water closed basin. Neither ground water nor surface water flows out of the Closed Basin. The shallow ground water is in unconsolidated basin-fill deposits. The water in these basin-fill deposits is used extensively for irrigation and, on a limited basis, for domestic supply. However, these wells generally tap several tens of feet of the aquifer. The study wells were completed in the upper 10-15 feet of the saturated basinfill deposits.

# **REFERENCE 21**

#### Regional Water Plan

- Cost of Service Analysis
   Water, Wastewater,
   Jolid Waste and Gas: Final
   Report to the City of Las
   Cruces (PDF, 1.9 MB)
- · Water Quality Report
- <u>East Mesa Reclamation</u>
   Project
- <u>Draft Environmental</u>
   <u>Impact Statement</u> (External Site)
- Recycle Las Cruces A
   Printable Brochure in PDF format

#### FOR YOUR CONVENIENCE



and indicates the susceptibility of our water system to contamination. Because we pump water from a deep aquifer the likelihood of this kind of contamination is low, but it can equiple under some circumstances and must be evaluated.

### <u>Source Water Assessment and Assessment and Protection Program</u> (SWAPP)

The City of Las Cruces, Water System is well maintained and operated, and sources of drinking water are generally protected from potential sources of contamination based on well construction, hydro geologic settings, and system operations and management. The susceptibility rank of the entire water system is **Moderately high** please contact the city Water Resources Section of Utilities to discuss the findings of the SWAPP report.

#### The List of What Is in Your Water

#### **Regulated Contaminants**

The table (below) presents a summary of results of water testing done by NMED Drinking Water Bureau and by the City during the 2005 calendar year. Detected contaminants from 2002 and 2003 are also listed, if not sampled in 2004. The table contains the name of each contaminant, the highest level allowed by regulation (MCL), the ideal goals for public health (MCLG), the highest amount detected in **all samples taken**, the expected sources of such contamination, and the incidence of violations.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below, which there is no known or expected risk to health, i.e. zero risk. The MCL usually accepts a risk of 1 in 1,000,000 or 1 in 100,000 persons.

**Action Level (AL):** The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that the water supply system must follow.

**Key to units: ppm** = parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L) **ppb** = parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (μg/L) **pCi/L** = picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

#### **Test Results**

Inorganic Contaminants (2005)

Contaminant	Units	MCL	MCLG	_	Major Sources	Violations
	1			Detected		
				Levels [1]		
Total Coliform		48	0	2*	Naturally present in	None
					the environment	(

Contaminant	Units	MCL	MCLG	Highest Detected Levels [1]	Major Sources	Violations
Arsenic	ppb	10	0	4.7	Erosion of natural deposits	None
Barium	ppb	2000	2000	117	Erosion of natural deposits	None
Chromium	ppb	100	100	6.1	Erosion of natural deposits	None
Fluoride	ppm	4	4	1.19	Erosion of natural deposits	None
Nickel [2]	ppb	100	-	5.93	Erosion of natural deposits	None
Nitrate/Nitrite	ppm	10	10	5.82	Leaching from septic tanks, Erosion of natural deposits	None
Selenium	ppb	50	50	14.4	Erosion of natural deposits	None
Thallium	ppb	2	0.5	0.20	Unknown	None

[1] The Highest Detected Level is the highest amount found among all samples taken.

[2] The State of New Mexico has an MCL for Nickel at 100 ppb, but has not adopted an MCLG.

Contaminant	Units	MCL	MCLG	Highest	Major Sources	Violations
				Detected		
				Levels [1]		
Alpha emitters	pCi/L	15	О	15.2	Erosion of natural deposits	yes
Radium 228	pCi/L	5	0	3.04	Erosion of natural deposits	None
Uranium	ppb	30	0	132	Erosion of natural deposits	Yes

Contaminant	Units	MCL	MCLG	Highest	Major Sources	Violations
				Detected		
				Levels [1]		
Tetrachloroethylene	ppb	5	0	4.9	Under investigation by EPA	None
Trihalomethanes	ppb	80	0	45.2	By-products of chlorinated drinking water	None
Haloacetic Acids	ppb	60	30	8.8	By-products of chlorinated drinking water	None

Trichloroethylene	ppn	n 5		o	.6	82	Breakdown product of PCE	None
Di(2-ethylhexyl)- phtalate	ppn	n 6		0 5.06		06	Plasticizer for PVC	None
	<u> </u>		1				<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Lead and Copper	Rule (2	003)						
Parameter	Units	Action le (AL)	Action level (AL)		90th % tile		Major Sources	Required
Copper [3]	ppb	1300			203	p.	rosion of household lumbing systems, rosion of natural deposits	None
Lead [4]	ppb	15		8.7		p]	rosion of household lumbing systems, rosion of natural deposits	None <sup>*</sup>
					_		ites exceeded the Actions exceeded the Action	

#### **Concerning Lead and Copper**

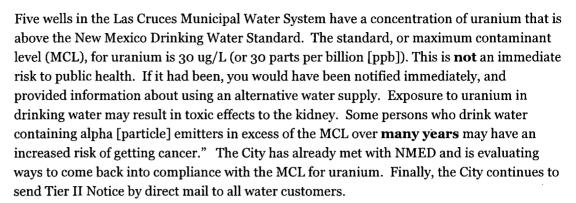
Lead in our source water is less than 10 ppb; copper is less than 250 ppb. Because of the low occurrence of lead and copper, the City is required to sample once every three years (the minimum monitoring required). The Action Level (AL) triggers required measures when more than 10% of the sites sampled exceed the AL. Sampling has been done at homes built during 1983-86. These homes are in the category of higher risk because some materials used in plumbing during this period may leach these metals. Homes built after this period do not have this potential problem because changes in building codes eliminated the source materials. Sufficient leaching or corrosion has occurred to no longer be a problem in homes before this period.

Infants and young children are typically more vulnerable to lead in drinking water than the general population. Lead or copper levels at your home may be higher than at other homes in our community as a result of materials used in your home's plumbing. If you are concerned about possible elevated levels at your home, you may want to have your water tested by the Drinking Water and Community Services Bureau, NMED District Office in Las Cruces.

#### Arsenic

While your drinking water meets EPA's standard for Arsenic, it does contain low levels of Arsenic. EPA's standard balances the current understanding of Arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing Arsenic from drinking water. EPA continues research the health effects of low levels of Arsenic which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems (40 CFR 141.154(b)(1)).

#### Uranium



#### **Unregulated Contaminants**

Monitoring of unregulated contaminants helps EPA to determine where certain contaminants occur and whether it needs to regulate those contaminants. No unregulated contaminants were detected. The City does not test for *Cryptosporidium* in the Municipal Water Supply System because our source of water is ground water, which is not influenced by surface waters. We avoid this and other potential problems with microorganisms because we pump drinking water from deep in the Mesilla aquifer.

EPA is in the process of promulgating new regulations for radon in drinking water. Radon is a radioactive gas that occurs naturally in the ground, absorbs in water, and is released into indoor air during household use. Radon can also move up through the ground and into the home through cracks and holes in the foundation. Compared to entering the home through the soil, radon entering through tap water, in most cases, will be a small source of radon in indoor air. High exposure levels in indoor air can cause lung cancer, and in drinking water can increase the risk of stomach cancer. No sampling for radon was conducted during 2005.

#### **Additional Information**

EPA prescribes limits on the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water. Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain small amounts of certain contaminants.

Sources of drinking water for both tap water and bottled water include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and radioactive material, as well as, substances resulting from the presence of animals or human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- (a) **Microbial contaminants**, such as viruses, bacteria, and protozoa (e.g. *Cryptosporidium, Ecoli, Giardia*) may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- (b) **Inorganic contaminants**, such as salts and metals, can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, and farming.
- (c) **Pesticides and herbicides** may come from sources such as agriculture, storm-water runoff, and residential uses.
- (d) Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals,

are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and may also come from gas stations, urban storm-water runoff, and septic systems.

(e) **Radioactive contaminants** can be naturally occurring or result from oil and gamining and production activities.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. Guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* are available from EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can also be obtained via the Hotline.

#### **Learn More about Your Drinking Water**

Amendments to the SDWA in 1996 require all public water supply systems to provide an annual "Consumer Confidence Report" to their customers. We encourage public interest and participation in our community's water quality and decisions affecting drinking water. The Water Resources Section of Utilities holds public meetings as needed when specific issues concerning drinking water affect our community. Otherwise, the most effective way to make comments or suggestions is to telephone or write directly to the Administrator of Water Resources (528-3515). Concerns may also be brought before the City Council in their biweekly public meeting. The Water Resources Section does not, at this time, cond regular public meetings, which are devoted to drinking water issues. Water quality data for the Municipal Water Supply System and more information about the Water Resources Section are available at www.las-cruces.org. The Administrator and his staff will be happy to answer any questions, or discuss suggestions you may have, about our drinking water.

#### **Contacts for Information:**

Gilbert Morales, Administrator, Water Resources Section Utilities Department P.O. Box 20000, Las Cruces 88004	505-424-6300 www.las-cruces.org
NMED Drinking Water and Community Services Bureau 1001 N. Solano, Las Cruces 88005	505-524-6300 www.nmenv.state.nm.us
EPA Safe Drinking Water Hotline: 800-426-4791	www.epa.gov/safewater/dwhealth.html www.epa.gov/ogwdw/agua/apsalud.html (in Spanish)
EPA Office of Ground Water and Drinking Water	www.epa.gov/ogwdw www.epa.gov/safewater/agua.html (in Spanis
American Water Works Association	www.awwa.org
The Groundwater Foundation	www.groundwater.org

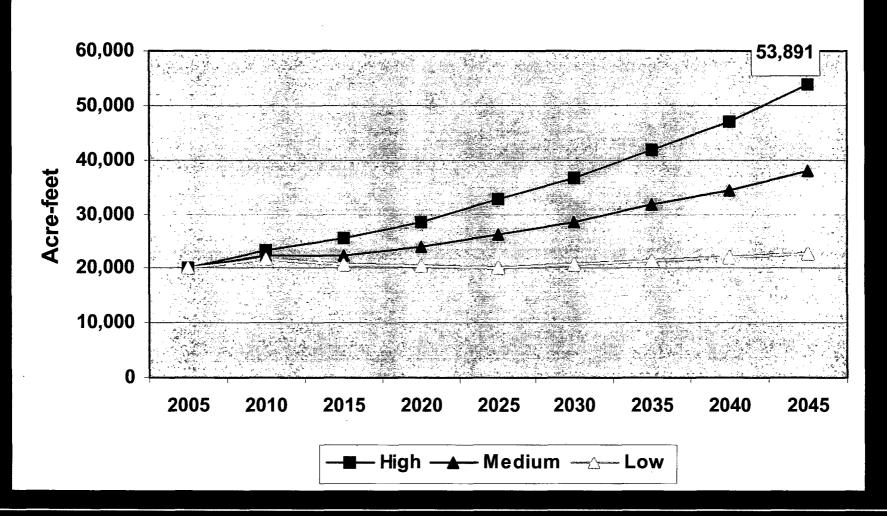
# **REFERENCE 22**







## **Water Plan Demand Projections**



# Projected demand and water rights

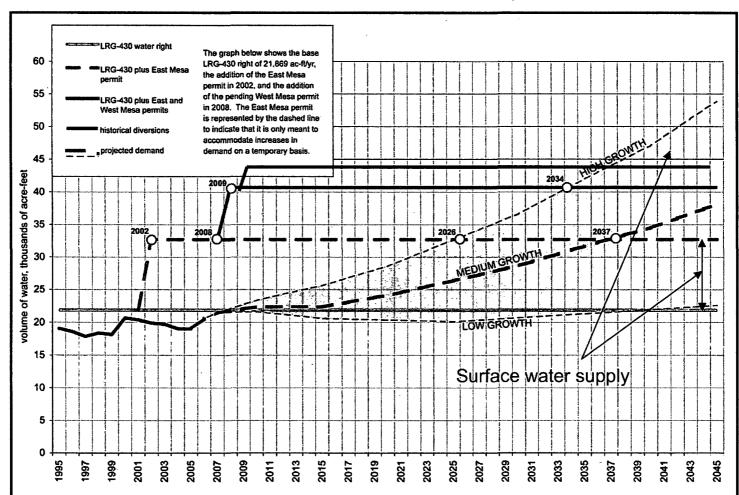


Figure 10. Graph showing City of Las Cruces historical water diversions for 1960 to 2005 and projected water demands for 2006 to 2045 represented by a band representing low to high growth rates, City of Las Cruces's total existing adjudicated water rights, and current and pending permits.

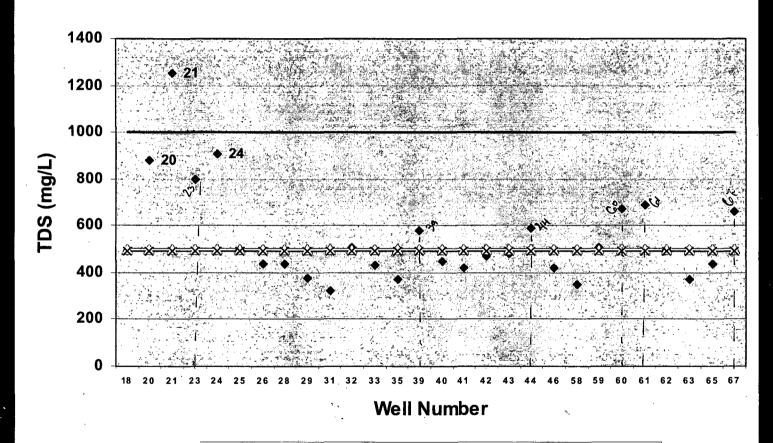
JOHN SHOMAKER & ASSOCIATES, INC. WATER-RESOURCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS

# Water Use by Sector in LRG



- 1.27%
- ☐ Irrigated Agriculture
- Public Water Systems
- □ Commercial
- 0.76%
  - Domestic wells
  - **■** Power
- O.49%
- Industrial/Mining

### **Well TDS Data**



◆ TDS (mg/L) ——TDS limit

Standard  $\longrightarrow$  Average(2)

# **REFERENCE 23**







## **Drinking Water Bureau**

### **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform Samples

Water System Detail

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map



Water System No.: NM3511707 Federal Type: C
LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER

Water System Name:

Cas CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER
SYSTEM

State Type:

Cas CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER
System Syste

Principal County Served : DONA ANA Primary Source : GW Status : A Activity Date : 06-01-1977

Lab Sample No.: AB86167 Collection Date: 07-11-2006

Analyte Code	Analyte Name	Method Code	Less than Indicator	Level Type		Concentration level	Monitoring Period Begin Date	Peri
2378	1,2,4- TRICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2378	1,2,4- TRICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2380	CIS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2380	CIS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2955	XYLENES, TOTAL	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2955	XYLENES, TOTAL	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-3
2964	DICHLOROMETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-3
2964	DICHLOROMETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2968	O-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2968	O-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2969	P-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2969	P-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2976	VINYL CHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.4 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2976	VINYL CHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.4 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2977	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2977	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	l.	07-01-2006	09-:
	TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	-	07-01-2006	09-:
2070	TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2980	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-3

1	1	<b>l</b> .	1	1	ł	I		]
2981	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2981	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	. Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2982	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2982	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2983	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2983	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-3
2984	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2984	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2985	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-1
2985	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-1
2987	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	N	MRL	0.5 UG/L	2.251 UG/L	07-01-2006	09-3
2987	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	N	MRL	0.5 UG/L	2.251 UG/L	07-01-2006	09-3
2989	CHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-3
2989	CHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-3
2990	BENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-3
2990	BENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL.	0.5 UG/L		07-01-200	09-3
2991	TOLUENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	-	07-01-2006	09-3
2991	TOLUENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-3
2992	ETHYLBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-1
2992	ETHYLBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:
2996	STYRENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-3
2996	STYRENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		07-01-2006	09-:

#### **Total Number of Records Fetched = 42**

Well # 18



## **Drinking Water Bureau**

### **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform Samples

Water System Detail

Water Systems

Water System Search

G ty Map

Water System No. :	NM3511707	Federal Type :	C
	LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATE	ER	_

Water System Name: LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER State Type:

Principal County Served: DONA ANA Primary Source: GW

 Status :
 A
 Activity Date :
 06-01-1977

 Lab Sample No. :
 AC01986
 Collection Date :
 10-30-2007

Analyte Code	Analyte Name	Method Code	Less than Indicator	Level Type		Concentration level	Monitoring Period Begin Date	Peri
2378	1,2,4- TRICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2378	1,2,4- TRICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2380	CIS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2380	CIS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2955	XYLENES, TOTAL	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2955	XYLENES, TOTAL	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2964	DICHLOROMETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2964	DICHLOROMETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
2968	O-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2968	O-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2969	P-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	700		
2969	P-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		·	
2976	VINYL CHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.4 UG/L	•		
2976	VINYL CHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.4 UG/L	, ,		
2977	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	, <u> </u>		
2977	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
	TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2070	TRANS-1,2-	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			

	DICHLOROETHYLENE							
2980	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2980	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2981	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2981	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2982	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2982	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2983	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2983	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2984	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2984	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2985	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2985	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2987	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	N	MRL	0.5 UG/L	33.0 UG/L		
2987	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	N	MRL	0.5 UG/L	33.0 UG/L	,	
2989	CHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2989	CHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2990	BENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2990	BENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2991	TOLUENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2991	TOLUENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2992	ETHYLBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2992	ETHYLBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2996	STYRENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2996	STYRENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			

**Total Number of Records Fetched = 42** 



## **Drinking Water Bureau**

### **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform Samples

Water System Detail

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map



NM3511707

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER

**SYSTEM** 

**Principal County Served:** DONA ANA

Status: Lab Sample No.:

Water System No. :

Water System Name:

Α

AB89544

Federal Type:

C

State Type:

C

**Primary Source: Activity Date:** 

GW 06-01-1977

**Collection Date:** 10-03-2006

Analyte Code	Analyte Name	Method Code	Less than Indicator	Tyne	•	Concentration level	Monitoring Period Begin Date	Peri
2378	1,2,4- TRICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2378	1,2,4- TRICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2380	CIS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2380	CIS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2955	XYLENES, TOTAL	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-:
2955	XYLENES, TOTAL	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-:
2964	DICHLOROMETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-9
2964	DICHLOROMETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2968	O-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2968	O-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2969	P-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2969	P-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-:
2976	VINYL CHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.4 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2976	VINYL CHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.4 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-6
2977	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2977	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-1
1 7070	TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-:
2070	TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-:
	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	-	10-01-2006	12-:
2980	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3

<u> </u>			<u> </u>					<u></u>
2981	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2981	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-:
2982	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-0
2982	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2983	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2983	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2984	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2984	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2985	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2985	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2987	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	N	MRL	0.5 UG/L	4.490 UG/L	10-01-2006	12-:
2987	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	N	MRL	0.5 UG/L	4.490 UG/L	10-01-2006	12-3
2989	CHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2989	CHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-:
2990	BENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	3.1	10-01-2006	12-3
2990	BENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-200	12-3
2991	TOLUENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-:
2991	TOLUENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-:
2992	ETHYLBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2992	ETHYLBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10-01-2006	12-3
2996	STYRENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-3
2996	STYRENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		10-01-2006	12-:

**Total Number of Records Fetched = 42** 



## **Drinking Water Bureau**

### **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform Samples

Water System Detail

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Water System No. :	NM3511707	Federal Type :	C

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER State Type : Water System Name: C

**SYSTEM** GW **Principal County Served: Primary Source:** DONA ANA

Status: Activity Date : 06-01-1977 Α

AB89545 **Collection Date:** 10-03-200€ Lab Sample No. :

Analyte Code	Analyte Name	Method Code	Less than Indicator	Level Type	Reporting Level	Concentration level	Monitoring Period Begin Date	Mor Peri I
2378	1,2,4- TRICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2378	1,2,4- TRICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2380	CIS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	·		
	CIS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2955	XYLENES, TOTAL	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2955	XYLENES, TOTAL	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2964	DICHLOROMETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2964	DICHLOROMETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	-		
2968	O-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2968	O-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2969	P-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2969	P-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2976	VINYL CHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.4 UG/L			
2976	VINYL CHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.4 UG/L			
2977	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2977	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
	TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L		***	
	TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2980	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			

			1	1				1 .
2981	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2981	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2982	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2982	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2983	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2983	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2984	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2984	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2985	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2985	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2987	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	N	MRL	0.5 UG/L	0.996 UG/L		
2987	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	N	MRL	0.5 UG/L	0.996 UG/L		
2989	CHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2989	CHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2990	BENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2990	BENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2991	TOLUENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2991	TOLUENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2992	ETHYLBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2992	ETHYLBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2996	STYRENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2996	STYRENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			

**Total Number of Records Fetched = 42** 



## **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform Samples

Water System Detail

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map



Water System No.: NM3511707

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER

**SYSTEM** 

**Principal County Served:** DONA ANA

Status: Α

Water System Name:

AB87772 Lab Sample No.:

Federal Type:

C State Type: C

GW

**Primary Source: Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

**Collection Date:** 08-15-200€

Analyte Code	Analyte Name	Method Code	Less than Indicator	Level Type		Concentration level	Monitoring Period Begin Date	Peri
2378	1,2,4- TRICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2378	1,2,4- TRICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2380	CIS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	. Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2380	CIS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2955	XYLENES, TOTAL	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2955	XYLENES, TOTAL	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2964	DICHLOROMETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2964	DICHLOROMETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			_
2968	O-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2968	O-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2969	P-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2969	P-DICHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2976	VINYL CHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.4 UG/L	,		
2976	VINYL CHLORIDE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.4 UG/L			
2977	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2977	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
	TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2070	TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2980	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			<del></del>
2980	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			

	1		I				1	1
2981	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2981	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2982	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE		Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2982	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	524.2	Υ .	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2983	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2983	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2984	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2984	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2985	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2985	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2987	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	N	MRL	0.5 UG/L	5.297 UG/L	·	
2987	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	524.2	N	MRL	0.5 UG/L	5.297 UG/L		
2989	CHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2989	CHLOROBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2990	BENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2990	BENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2991	TOLUENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2991	TOLUENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2992	ETHYLBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2992	ETHYLBENZENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2996	STYRENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			
2996	STYRENE	524.2	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L			

**Total Number of Records Fetched = 42** 

Well #67



## **Drinking Water Bureau**

## **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform Samples

Water System Detail

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Water System No. :	NM3511707	Fede

NM3511707

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER SYSTEM

DONA ANA

RC200600203 Lab Sample No.:

Water System Name:

**Principal County** 

Served: Status:

Federal Type:

C

State Type:

C

**Primary Source:** GW

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

**Collection Date:** 04-25-2006

	Analyte Name		Less than Indicator		Concentration level	 Monitoring Period End Date	
4004	RADON	913.0- DRAFT	N	6.8 PCI/L	539 PCI/L		

#### Glossary





## **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform Samples

Water System Detail

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Water System No. :	NM3511707	Federal Type :

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL

State Type:

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

Water System Name:

WATER SYSTEM

C

**Principal County** Served:

Lab Sample No.:

DONA ANA

**Primary Source:** 

GW

Status:

RC200600369

**Activity Date: Collection Date:**  06-01-1977 10-03-2006

Analyte Code	Analyte Name	Method Code	Less than Indicator	Type		Concentration level	Monitoring Period Begin Date	Period End	
4000	GROSS ALPHA, EXCL. RADON & U	null	null		null null	16.90 PCI/L		,	15 PCI/L
	GROSS ALPHA, EXCL. RADON & U	null	null		null null	16.90 PCI/L			СІЛ
	GROSS ALPHA, EXCL. RADON & U	900	N	MRL	2.5 PCI/L	57.1 PCI/L			15 PCI/L
	GROSS ALPHA, EXCL. RADON & U	900	N	MRL	2.5 PCI/L	57.1 PCI/L			3 PCI/I
1 /10/06	COMBINED URANIUM	200.8	N		2 UG/L	60. UG/L			30 UG/L
4100	GROSS BETA PARTICLE ACTIVITY	900	N	MRL	1.6 PCI/L	21.9 PCI/L			4 MREMY
4100	GROSS BETA PARTICLE ACTIVITY	900	N	MRL	1.6 PCI/L	21.9 PCI/L			4 PCI/I

30

UG/L



## **Drinking Water Bureau**

## **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform

Samples

Water System

Detail

Water Systems

Water System

Search

County Map

Water System No. :

NM3511707

RC200600368

Federal Type :

C

Water System Name:

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER SYSTEM

State Type:

C

**Principal County** 

Lab Sample No.:

COMBINED

URANIUM

4006

DONA ANA

Primary Source :

GW

Served : Status :

Α

Activity Date : Collection Date :

45. UG/L

06-01-1977 10-03-2006

Analyte	Analyte	Method	Less	Level	Reporting	Concentration	1 9	Monitoring	
Code	Name	Code	than Indicator	Tyne	Level	lovol	Perioa	Period End	MCL
Couc	Manne	Couc	Indicator	Lype	Levei	icvei	Begin Date	Date	.

1 UG/L

Glary

**Total Number of Records Fetched = 1** 

200.8



## **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform

Samples

Water System

Detail

Water Systems

Water System

Search

County Map

Water System No. :

NM3511707

Federa

Federal Type :

С

Water System Name :

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER SYSTEM

State Type:

C

Principal County Served :

DONA ANA

**Primary Source:** 

GW

Status:

Α

Activity Date :

06-01-1977 10-03-2006

Lab Sample No. :

RC200600370

**Collection Date:** 

\_\_\_\_

Analyte Code	Analyte Name		Less than Indicator		Concentration level		Monitoring Period End Date	
1 /11/11/16	COMBINED URANIUM	200.8	N	1 UG/L	33. UG/L	,		30 UG/L



## **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform Samples

Water System Detail

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Water System No. :

NM3511707

Federal Type :

C

Water System Name :

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER SYSTEM

State Type:

C

Principal County

DONA ANA

**Primary Source:** 

GW

Served : Status :

Α

Activity Date : Collection Date :

06-01-1977 10-03-2006

Lab Sample No. :	RC200600.
	,

Concentration	Monitor	ing	Monito	ring	
concentration	Perio	ľъ	Period	End	MCL

Analyte Code	Analyte Name	Code	i rnan	Typa	, <b>.</b> .	Concentration level	' ' ' ' ' '	Monitoring Period End Date	1 I
4006	COMBINEI URANIUM	200.8	N		2 UG/L	81. UG/L			30 UG/L



Water System Name:

Method

Code

200.8

**Principal County** 

Lab Sample No. :

Analyte

Name

COMBINED

URANIUM

Served: Status:

Analyte

Code

4006



## **Drinking Water Bureau**



30

UG/L

## **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

1 UG/L

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform Samples

Water System Detail

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Water System No. : NM3511707

> LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER SYSTEM

Well # 38

DONA ANA

Less

than

Indicator

N

RC200600372

Federal Type:

**State Type:** 

29 UG/L

C

GW **Primary Source:** 

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977 **Collection Date:** 10-03-2006

1	T aval	Domontino	Concentration	Monitoring	Monitoring	
		_ ~	l	Period	Period End	MCL
r	Type Lo	Level	level	<b>Begin Date</b>	Date	



## **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform

. Water System Detail

Samples

Water System No. :

NM3511707

DONA ANA

AB89148

Federal Type:

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

Water System Name:

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER SYSTEM

State Type:

C

**Principal County** Served:

Lab Sample No. :

**Primary Source:** 

GW

Status:

**Activity Date: Collection Date:** 

06-01-1977 09-18-2006

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Glossary

- 1	Analyte Code	Analyte Name		Less than Indicator			Concentration level	Ç	Monitoring Period End Date	
	11177	COPPER, FREE	200.8			0.27 UG/L	227.02 UG/L	01-01-2004	12-31-2006	0.02 MG/L
	1030	LEAD	200.8	N	MRL	0.04 UG/L	6.95 UG/L	01-01-2004		0.001 MG/I





## **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform Samples

Water System Detail

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Glossary

Water System No. :	NM3511707	Federal Type :	С
	TACODITOECAMBILODA	T	

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL Water System Name:

**Principal County** 

Lab Sample No. :

Served:

Status:

**WATER SYSTEM** 

DONA ANA

AB89142

**Primary Source:** 

**State Type:** 

GW

C

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977 **Collection Date:** 

09-18-2006

- 1	Analyte Code	Analyte Name		Less than Indicator			Concentration level	O	Monitoring Period End Date	1
	10122	COPPER, FREE	200.8	N	MRL		201.49 UG/L	01-01-2004	12-31-2006	0.02 MG/L
	1030	LEAD	200.8	N	MRL	0.04 UG/L	1.28 UG/L	01-01-2004	12-31-2006	0.001 MG/L



## **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform Samples

Water System Detail

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Glossary

Water System No. : NM3511707

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL

Water System Name: WATER SYSTEM

**Principal County** DONA ANA

Served:

Status:

Lab Sample No. : AB89133 Federal Type: C

State Type: C

**Primary Source:** GW

06-01-1977 **Activity Date:** 

**Collection Date:** 09-20-2006

Analyte Code	Analyte Name	Codo	i inan	Tyma		Concentration level	Monitoring Period Begin Date	Period End	1 1
11177	COPPER, FREE	200.8	N	MRL	0.27 UG/L	175.16 UG/L	01-01-2004	12-31-2006	0.02 MG/L
1030	LEAD	200.8	N	MRL	0.04 UG/L	0.63 UG/L	01-01-2004		0.001 MG/L





## **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform Samples

Water System Detail

Water System No. :

**Principal County** 

Served: Status:

Water System Name:

NM3511707

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL

WATER SYSTEM

DONA ANA

Α

Lab Sample No. :

Federal Type:

State Type:

C

C

GW

**Primary Source: Activity Date:** 

06-01-1977

AB89729

**Collection Date:** 

09-27-2006

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Glossary

Analyte Code	Analyte Name	Method Code	Less than Indicator	Level Type	Reporting Level	Concentration level	Monitoring Period Begin Date	Period End	MCL
1 1077	COPPER, FREE	200.8	N		0.27 UG/L	111.15 UG/L	01-01-2004	12-31-2006	0.02 MG/L
1030	LEAD	200.8	N	MRL	0.04 UG/L	3.08 UG/L	01-01-2004	12-31-2006	0.001 <b>MG/L</b>



## **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform Samples

Water System Detail

Water System No.:

NM3511707

Federal Type:

C

Water System Name:

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER SYSTEM

State Type:

C

**Principal County** 

Lab Sample No. :

DONA ANA

AB89730

**Primary Source:** 

GW

Served: Status:

**Activity Date: Collection Date:**  06-01-1977 09-30-2006

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Glossary

	Analyte Name	Method Code	Less than Indicator			Concentration level		Monitoring Period End Date	7 1
1022	COPPER, FREE	200.8	N	i	0.27 UG/L	70.4 UG/L	01-01-2004	12-31-2006	0.02 MG/L
1030	LEAD	200.8	N	MRL	0.04 UG/L	7.84 UG/L	01-01-2004		0.001 MG/I





## **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform Samples

Water System Detail

Water System No. :

NM3511707

DONA ANA

AB89703

Federal Type:

C

Water System Name:

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER SYSTEM

State Type:

C

**Principal County** 

Lab Sample No. :

**Primary Source:** 

GW

Served: Status:

**Activity Date: Collection Date:**  06-01-1977 10-02-2006

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Glossary

Analyte Code	Analyte Name	C- 1-	i than	Tr		Concentration	,	Monitoring Period End Date	1 1
1 10177	COPPER, FREE	200.8	N	MRL	0.27 UG/L	102.95 UG/L	01-01-2004	12-31-2006	0.02 MG/L
1030	LEAD	200.8	N	MRL	0.04 UG/L	2.41 UG/L	01-01-2004	12-31-2006	0.001 MG/L

Well # 10



## **Drinking Water Bureau**

## **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

**Return Links** 

Non-Coliform Samples

Analyte List

Water System Detail

Water Systems

Water System Search

nty Map

Water System No.: NM3511707

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER

Water System Name: **SYSTEM** 

**Principal County Served:** DONA ANA

Status:

Lab Sample No.: AA85679 Federal Type:

State Type:  $\mathsf{C}$ 

**Primary Source:** GW

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1 **Collection Date:** 08-19-1

C

L	Lab Sample No. :	AA85679	<del>)</del>			Collection Date	: 08-19-
<u> </u>							1997
Analyte Code	Analyte Name	Method Code	Less than Indicator	Level Type	~	Concentration level	Manitaring
2030	P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	nuli	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	1,
2216	CHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
	TRANS-1,3- DICHLOROPROPENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2232	1,2-DIBROMOETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2378	1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2378	1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
	CIS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
	CIS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	:
2408	DIBROMOMETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2410	1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2412	1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2413	1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2416	2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2418	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2420	1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2422	N-BUTYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2426	TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2428	SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
	1,2-DIBROMO-3- CHLOROPROPANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null .	
	1,2-DIBROMO-3- CHLOROPROPANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2941	CHLOROFORM	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2942	BROMOFORM	null	N		0.5 UG/L	2.6 UG/L	
2943	BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2944	DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	null	N		0.5 UG/L	.8 UG/L	
2955	XYLENES, TOTAL	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	

29	955	XYLENES, TOTAL	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	964	DICHLOROMETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	964	DICHLOROMETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	968	O-DICHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	968	O-DICHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	969	P-DICHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	969	P-DICHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	976	VINYL CHLORIDE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	, null	
29	976	VINYL CHLORIDE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	977	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	977	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	978	1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	nuil	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
	979	TRANS-1,2-	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
L		DICHLOROETHYLENE	Hull	1	MIKL	0.5 UG/L	nun	
29	979	TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	980	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	980	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	981	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	981	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	982	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	982	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	983	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	983	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	984	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	84	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	85	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	85	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	87	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null .	
29	87	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	88	1,1,2,2- TETRACHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29		CHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	89	CHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
29	90	BENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	



2990	BENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		
2991	TOLUENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		
2991	TOLUENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		
2992	ETHYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		
2992	ETHYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		
2993	BROMOBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		
2994	ISOPROPYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		
2996	STYRENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	_	
2996	STYRENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		_ <del>_</del>
2998	N-PROPYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		

Water System No. :

Water System Name:



## **Drinking Water Bureau**



## **Non-Coliform Sample Results**

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C )ty Map

Glossary

NM3511707

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER

SYSTEM DONA ANA

Principal County Served : DC Status : A

Lab Sample No.: OR9601889

Federal Type :

State Type : C

Primary Source :

GW

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

Activity Date : Collection Date :

06-01-19 05-28-19

(00)

Analyte Code	Analyte Name	Method Code	Less than Indicator	Level Type		Concentration level	Monitoring Period Begin Date	P
2030	P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		
	CHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		$\mathbb{L}$
	TRANS-1,3- DICHLOROPROPENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		
2247	METHYL ETHYL KETONE	null	Y	MRL	5 UG/L	null		
7771	METHYL TERT-BUTYL ETHER	null	Y	MRL	5 UG/L	null		
2263	TETRAHYDROFURAN	null	Y	MRL	5 UG/L	null		
2378	1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	)	
2378	1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		
2380	CIS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		
	CIS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		Γ
2408	DIBROMOMETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		Τ
2410	1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		$\Box$
2412	1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		$\Box$
2413	1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	null	Y	MRL	0,5 UG/L	null		
2416	2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		$oxed{\Box}$
2418	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		$oxed{\Box}$
2420	1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		Π
2422	N-BUTYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		oxdot
2426	TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		Г
2428	SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		Г
2941	CHLOROFORM	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		Γ
2942	BROMOFORM	null	N	· •	0.5 UG/L	2.7 UG/L		Γ
2943	BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		Γ
2944	DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	null	N		0.5 UG/L	1.7 UG/L		$\prod$
2955	XYLENES, TOTAL	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null		Γ

2955	XYLENES, TOTAL	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	1
2964	DICHLOROMETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2964	DICHLOROMETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2968	O-DICHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2968	O-DICHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2969	P-DICHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2969	P-DICHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2976	VINYL CHLORIDE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2976	VINYL CHLORIDE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2977	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	nuli	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2977	1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2978	1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2979	TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2979	TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2980	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2980	1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2981	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2981	1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	nuli	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2982	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2982	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	null	Y.	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2983	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2983	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2984	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2984	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2985	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2985	1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2987	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2987	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	null	. Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2988	1,1,2,2- TETRACHLOROETHANE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2989	CHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2989	CHLOROBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2000				1			
2990	BENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	

2990	BENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	-
2991	TOLUENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2991	TOLUENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2992	ETHYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2992	ETHYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2993	BROMOBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2994	ISOPROPYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2996	STYRENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2996	STYRENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	null	
2998	N-PROPYLBENZENE	null	Y	MRL	0.5 UG/L	nuli	

# **REFERENCE 24**



WATER-RESOURCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS

2703 BROADBENT PARKWAY NE, SUITE B ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO 87107 (505) 345-3407, FAX (505) 345-9920

July 5, 2006

Dan Santantonio, Ph.D.
Regulatory Compliance/Joint Superfund Project Manager
Utilities Division
City of Las Cruces
680 N. Motel Boulevard
Las Cruces, New Mexico 88004

Re: Source of naturally occurring uranium in the Mesilla Basin within the City of Las Cruces area

Dear Dr. Santantonio:

John Shomaker & Associates, Inc. (JSAI) has performed a preliminary literature review and investigation on the source of naturally occurring uranium in the Mesilla Basin along the Interstate 25 (I-25) corridor.

The literature review identified several publications by the New Mexico Energy Research Development Institute on the Las Cruces East Mesa Geothermal Field near Tortugas Mountain. The primary reference describing the occurrence of natural uranium concentrations in Mesilla Basin ground water is Whittier et al. (1985). A copy of the reference is enclosed. A list of other relative publications reviewed is attached.

#### Sources of Uranium

Uranium is typically concentrated in the felsic end of the igneous series, such as granite, thereby suggesting uranium from weathered rock would likely come from the igneous rocks of the Organ Mountains. There are three primary natural deposits of uraninite (the chief ore mineral for uranium) (Nash et al., 1981):

- 1. hydrothermal veins (possibly found in the monzonite rocks of the Organ Mountains)
- 2. flat lying deposits in bedded sedimentary rocks, such as the Santa Fe Group sediments that filled the Mesilla and Jornada Basins
- 3. pyritic conglomerate beds of Precambrian-age (not likely in the area)

#### Occurrence of Uranium in Ground Water

Uranium minerals are dissolved into ground water by oxidation, and dissolved uranium is commonly precipitated in reducing (oxygen poor) environments. Formation of uranium ore deposits, commonly known as "role front deposits," occurs in unconsolidated sediments or sandstones containing lenses of organic matter.

The geothermal water upwelling along the Jornada Horst contains low uranium concentrations, as determined by sampling at the Old Las Cruces Landfill (JSAI, 2005) and the East Mesa Geothermal Well Field (Whittier et al., 1985).

Whittier et al. (1985) performed a detailed analysis of uranium concentrations in ground water from the Mesilla Basin, Jornada Basin, and geothermal upwelling. They found that high uranium concentrations overlie the cone of depression in the water table that occurs along I-25, and suggested the two phenomena are related. Whittier et al. (1985) also noted increasing uranium concentrations during continued pumping of water wells at New Mexico State University. The source of uranium is possibly related to layers of organic material in the alluvium, where it was accumulated over time by filtration of ground water containing low uranium concentrations. When the water table is lowered below uranium-rich organic deposits, the chemical environment becomes more oxidizing and uranium is released. The organic material is most likely preserved in floodplain deposits and clayey sediments associated with buried oxbow lakes (Whittier et al., 1985).

The distribution of ground-water uranium concentrations in the Las Cruces area is shown on the enclosed map (Fig. 1). The uranium concentration contours were adopted from figure 5 in Whittier et al. (1985), and refined to reflect the recent data obtained from City Wells 10, 19, 20, 21, 24, 38, and 44. The uranium data are easily contoured, and an area of high concentrations is defined along the western side of Interstate 25 from City Well 21 to the area of New Mexico State University (NMSU). City Well 61 has not revealed elevated uranium, although it is located in an area that should have greater than 50 micrograms per liter ( $\mu$ g/L). City Well 61 is completed much deeper in the aquifer (total depth is 1,070 ft) than the adjacent wells (total depth typically less than 600 ft), which may explain the difference.

A graph of time-series uranium concentration trends in selected City wells is shown as Figure 2. There are no trends that would indicate increasing uranium concentrations over time, although some seasonal trends may be inferred and potentially related to pumping cycles.

Other water-quality data from City wells and from the monitoring network at the Griggs and Walnut Site were reviewed for characteristics or trends that may be correlated to observed uranium concentrations. No significant changes in general chemistry at individual wells could be determined. Dissolved oxygen and temperature data from the Griggs and Walnut Site multi-port wells did reveal significant trends that would indicate alternating oxidizing and reducing environments or geothermal gradients.

#### **Conclusions**

The zone of naturally occurring elevated uranium can easily be defined laterally with the existing data; although, the vertical distribution and source of uranium appears to be not well understood. The following conclusions were drawn from the literature review and understanding of available data:

- 1. Elevated uranium concentrations are localized in an area of the Mesilla Basin trending along the west side of I-25 from City Well 21 to NMSU (see Fig. 1).
- 2. The source of naturally occurring uranium appears to be from localized oxygen-poor stratigraphic intervals containing organic material, such as over-bank and oxbow lake deposits associated with the (1) the Rio Grande alluvium, or (2) Santa Fe Group sediments.
- 3. The lack of elevated uranium from City Well 61 suggests the source of uranium is in the shallow aquifer where dewatering and oxidation of uranium rich sediments occurs. Similar occurrence of elevated uranium occurs in the Española Basin between Española and Santa Fe, where the shallow aquifer contains naturally occurring concentrations of elevated dissolved uranium (>100 µg/L).
- 4. There maybe other geologic controls that would explain the observed distribution of elevated uranium, such as areas of geochemical mixing along fault zones. The zone of elevated uranium shown on Figure 1 also correlates with the area of significant inflow of geothermal water along the west side of the Jornada Horst (see Fig. 1).
- 5. Elevated uranium concentrations in City wells do not appear to be increasing over time (Fig. 2); although, there appears to be some seasonal variation potentially related to pumping cycles.

#### Recommendations

JSAI recommends additional investigation to better understand the occurrence of elevated uranium that may help develop operational procedures to mitigate production of elevated uranium from affected City wells and also help in the design of treatment systems.

- 1. Develop a geologic model of the zone of elevated uranium using available lithologic and geophysical logs.
- 2. Perform additional uranium sampling on selected monitor wells at the Griggs and Walnut Site.
- 3. Perform discrete-zone sampling on City Wells 38 and 44. Also perform sampling program on Wells 10 and 44, where samples are collected at various pumping rates (step-drawdown test).

If you have any questions or comments, please let us know.

Sincerely,

JOHN SHOMAKER & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Steven T. Finch, Jr. V.P., Senior Geochemist/Hydrogeologist

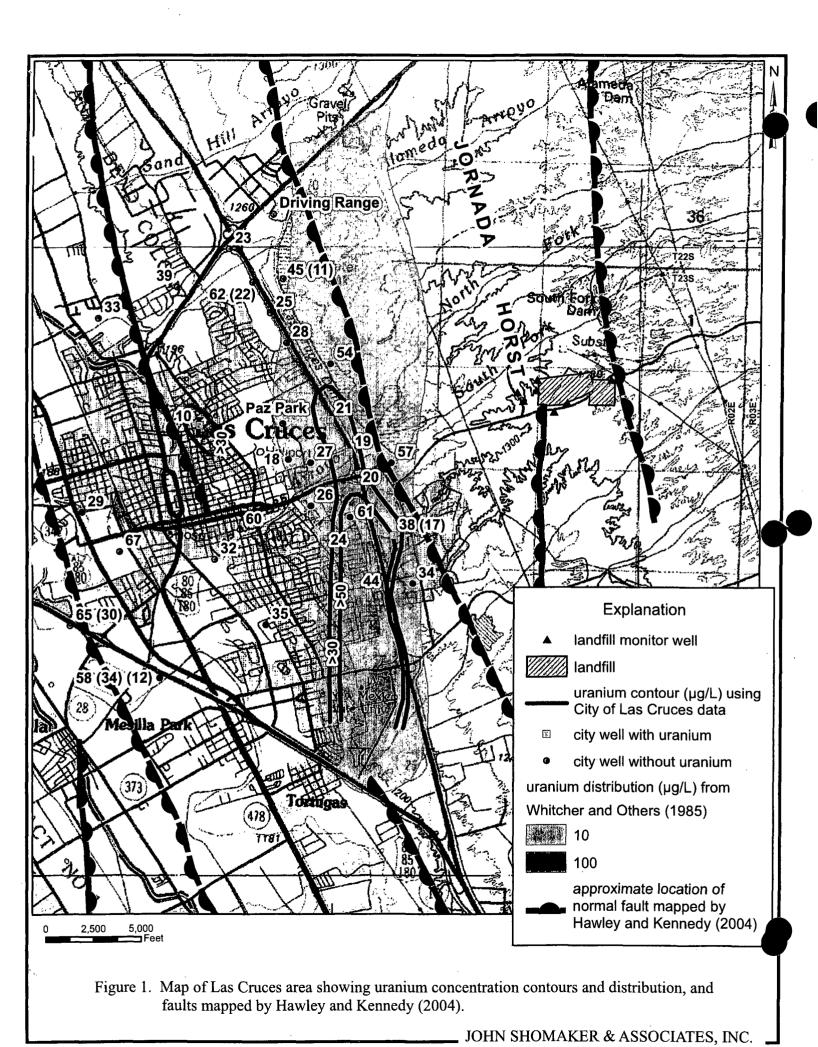
STF:sf

**Enclosures:** 

Figures 1 and 2 Copy of report prepared by Whittier et al. (1985) -->(not included in this copy)

#### References

- JSAI (John Shomaker & Associates, Inc.), 2005, Annual ground-water monitoring report for year 2004, Las Cruces Landfill, Las Cruces, New Mexico: consultant's report prepared by John Shomaker & Associates, Inc. for the City of Las Cruces, 21 p.
- Gross, J., and Icerman, L., 1983, Subsurface investigations for the area surrounding Tortugas Mountain, Doña Ana County, New Mexico: New Mexico Energy Research and Development Institute, NMERDI 2-67-2238(2), 50 p.
- Hawley, J.W., and Kennedy, J.F., 2004, Creation of a digital hydrogeologic framework model of the Mesilla Basin and Southern Jornada del Muerto Basin: New Mexico Water Resources Research Institute Technical Completion Report No. 332, 105 p. plus CD.
- King, W.E., Hawley, J.W., Taylor, A.M., and Wilson, R.P., 1971, Geology and ground-water resources of central and western Doña Ana County, New Mexico: Hydrologic Report 1, Water Resources Research Institute in cooperation with New Mexico State Bureau of Mineral and Mineral Resources, 64 p. plus plate.
- Lohse, R.L., Schoenmackers, R., Whittier, J., and Gross, J.T., 1985, Geothermal low-temperature reservoir assessment in northern Doña Ana County, New Mexico: New Mexico Energy Research and Development Institute, NMERDI 2-71-4220, 150 p.
- Nash, J.T., Granger, H.C., and Adams, S.S., 1981, Geology and concepts of genesis of important types of uranium deposits: Economic Geology, Seventy-Fifth Anniversary Volume, edited by B.J. Skinner, The Economic Geology Publishing Company, El Paso, Texas, pp. 63-116.
- Whittier, J., Gross, J., Cochran, J., and Icerman, L., 1985, Uranium disequilibrium investigation of the Las Cruces East Mesa Geothermal Field: New Mexico Energy Research and Development Institute, NMERDI 2-67-2238(3), 50 p.



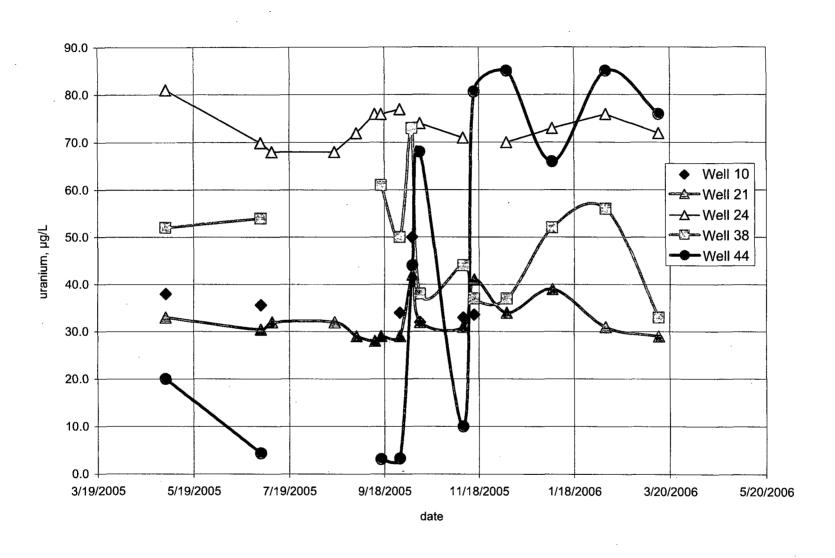


Figure 2. Graph showing time-series data for City of Las Cruces water-supply wells with elevated uranium.

# **REFERENCE 25**



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Water System No.: NM3511707

**Water System** 

Name:

**Principal County** 

Served:

Status:

LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL State Type:

WATER SYSTEM

DONA ANA

Α

Federal Type: C

**Primary** 

Source:

GW

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
MORALES, GILBERT	WATER RESOURCE ADMIN	AC	505-528- 3514	680 Motel Blvd., LAS CRUCES, NM-88004	Not Available
MORALES, GILBERT	WATER RESOURCE ADMIN	EC	505-528- 3514	680 Motel Blvd., LAS CRUCES, NM-88004	Not Available
MARTINEZ, LORENZO		OP	505-528- 3506	680 N MOTEL BLVD, LAS CRUCES, NM-88007	Not Available
MARTINEZ, LORENZO		DO	505-528- 3506	680 N MOTEL BLVD, LAS CRUCES, NM-88007	Not Available

#### **Annual Operating Periods & Population** Served

Service **Connections** 

				Population	Population
Month	Day	Month	Day	Type	Served
1	1	12	31	R	81025

Type	Count
CB	25063

#### **Sources of Water**

**Service Areas** 

Name	Type Code	Status
WELL #27	WL	I
<b>★</b> WELL #28	WL	Α
<b>≯</b> WELL #29	WL	A
WELL #30	WL	I
<b>★</b> WELL #31	WL	Α
<b>★</b> WELL #32	WL	Α

-	Code	Name
	R	MUNICIPALITY

<b>★</b> WELL #33	WL	A
¥ WELL #35	WL	Α
WELL #38	WL	I
<b>★</b> WELL #39	WL	A
WELL #44	WL	I
WELL #45	WL	I
WELL #54	WL	I
WELL #57	WL	I
<b>≯</b> WELL #59	WL	Α
WELL #40	WL	A
WELL #41	WL	A
₩ WELL #58	WL	Α
¥ WELL #62	WL	A
<u>#60</u>	WL	I
<b>≯</b> WELL #61	WL	Α
¥ WELL #65	WL	Α
WELL #43	WL	Α
WELL #42	WL	Α
WELL #10	WL	I
WELL #18	WL	I
WELL #19	WL	I
WELL #20	WL	I
WELL #21	WL	I
WELL #22	WL	I
<b>★</b> WELL #23	WL	A
WELL #24	WL	I
<b>★</b> WELL #25	WL	A
<b>★</b> WELL #26	WL	A
WELL #67	WL	I

Seller Water System No.	Water System Name	Seller Water Type	Purchase Date	Seller Facility Type	Seller State Asgn ID No.	Buyer Facility Type	Buyer State Asgn ID No.
----------------------------------	----------------------	-------------------------	------------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------	---------------------------	----------------------------------



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Gleary

Water System No.: NM3500407

Water System

Name :

**Principal County** 

Served : Status : TERESA MORENO WATER SYSTEM

DONA ANA

A

Federal Type: C

State Type:

Primary

Source:

**Activity Date:** 01-29-1999

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
MORENO, TERESA		AC	505-527- 0665	PO BOX 306, LAS CRUCES, NM-88004	Not Available
MORENO, TERESA		OP	505-527- 0665	PO BOX 306, LAS CRUCES, NM-88004	Not Available

# Annual Operating Periods & Population Served

Start Start End End Population Population
Month Day Month Day Type Served

1 1 12 31 R 25

,	Туре	Count
	CB	10

Service

**Connections** 

#### **Sources of Water**

Name	Type Code	Status
★ WELL#1	WL	Α
₩ WELL #2	WL	A

#### **Service Areas**

Code	Name
	OTHER
R	RESIDENTIAL
	AREA

Seller Water Water System System Name No.	Seller Water Type	Purchase Date	Seller Facility Type	Seller State Asgn ID No.	Buyer Facility Type	Buyer State Asgn ID No.
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Water System No.: NM3554307

Water System

Name:

**Principal County** 

Served:

Status:

DONA ANA MDWCA

**DONA ANA** 

Α

Federal Type: C

State Type:

**Primary** Source:

GW

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
MARTINEZ, MARIANO	null	AC	505-526- 3491	PO DRAWER 866, DONA ANA, NM-88032	Not Available
FORBES, STEVE	WS SUPERVISOR	OP	505-644- 6192	PO BOX 866, DONA ANA, NM-88007	Not Available

#### **Annual Operating Periods & Population** Served

Start Month				Population Type	Population Served
1	1	12	31	R	8929

#### Service **Connections**

Туре	Count	
CB	3133	

#### **Sources of Water**

Name	Type Code	Status
WELL #1	WL	I
WELL #2	WL	I
WELL #3	WL	I
WELL #4	WL	I
WELL #5	WL	A
WELL #6	WL	Α
★ WELL #7	WL	A
WELL #2A	WL	A
WELL #8	WL	A

#### Service Areas

Code	Name
R	RESIDENTIAL
	AREA_

Seller Water System No.	Water System Name	Seller Water Type	Purchase Date	Seller Facility Type	Seller State Asgn ID No.	Buyer Facility Type	Buyer State Asgn ID No
----------------------------------	----------------------	-------------------------	------------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------	---------------------------	---------------------------------



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Coliform Sample

Results

Coliform Sample Summary Results

Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results

N Coliform Samples/Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

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## Glary

## **Water System Details**

Water System No.: NM3501207

Water System

Name :

Principal County

Served : Status :

DONA ANA

MOONGATE WEST

Α

Federal Type: C

State Type :

Primary Source:

GW

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

**Activity Date**: 11-18-2003

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
GARIANO, JEFFERY		AC	505-382- 7001	P.O. Box 243, ORGAN, NM-88052	Not Available
GARIANO, JEFFERY		ОР	505-382- 7001	P.O. Box 243, ORGAN, NM-88052	Not Available

# Annual Operating Periods & Population Served

StartStartEndEndPopulationPopulationMonthDayMonthDayTypeServed111231R3785

#### Service Connections

Туре	Count
RS	1328

#### **Sources of Water**

#### Type **Status** Name Code **WELL #10** WL A **WELL #14** WL Ι **WELL #12** WL A **WELL #13** WL Α **WELL #14A** WL

#### **Service Areas**

Code	Name
R	RESIDENTIAL
	AREA

Seller Water System No.	Water System Name	Seller Water Type	Purchase Date	Seller Facility Type	Seller State Asgn ID No.	Buyer Facility Type	Buyer State Asgn ID No.
----------------------------------	----------------------	-------------------------	------------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------	---------------------------	----------------------------------



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County Map

## **Drinking Water Bureau**

## **Water System Details**

Water System No.: NM3500407

Water System

Name:

**Principal County** 

Served:

TERESA MORENO WATER SYSTEM

**DONA ANA** 

A

Status:

Federal Type: C

State Type:

**Primary** 

GW Source:

**Activity Date:** 01-29-1999

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Туре	Phone	Address	Email
MORENO, TERESA		AC	505-527- 0665	PO BOX 306, LAS CRUCES, NM-88004	Not Available
MORENO, TERESA		ОР	505-527- 0665	PO BOX 306, LAS CRUCES, NM-88004	Not Available

#### **Annual Operating Periods & Population Served**

Start | Start | End | End | Population | Population Month Day Month Day **Type** Served R 25

#### Service **Connections**

Туре	Count		
CB	10		

#### **Sources of Water**

#### Type Status Name Code WELL #1 WL A WELL #2 WL

#### **Service Areas**

Code	Name				
R	OTHER				
	RESIDENTIAL				
	AREA				

Seller Water Water System System Name No.	Seller Water Type	Purchase Date	Seller Facility Type	Seller State Asgn ID No.	Buyer Facility Type	Buyer State Asgn ID No.
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# **Drinking Water Bureau**

#### **Water System Details**

Water System Facilities

Water System No.: NM3510207

Federal Type: C

Water System Name:

**EL PATIO MHP #2** 

State Type:

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

Sample Schedules

**Principal County** 

DONA ANA

**Primary** Source:

GW

Coliform Sample Results

Served: Status:

A

**Activity Date: 01-01-1980** 

Coliform Sample

**Summary Results** 

Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results

Coliform Samples/Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

Violations/Enforcement Actions

Site Visits

Milestones

Return Links

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
MICHAEL, JIMMY	null	OP	505-642- 5515	2265 Avalon, LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available
МІСНАЕL, ЛІММУ	null	ow	505-642- 5515	2265 Avalon, LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available
MICHAEL, JIMMY	null	AC	505-642- 5515	2265 Avalon, LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available

#### **Annual Operating Periods & Population** Served

#### Service **Connections**

Start Month				Population Type	Population Served
1	1	12	31	R	86

Count
30

#### Sources of Water

#### Type **Status** Name Code WELL #1 WL

Code	Name
R	MOBILE HOME PARK

**Service Areas** 

#### County Map

Water Systems

Water System Search



Seller Water System No.	Water System Name	Seller Water Type	Purchase Date	Seller Facility Type	Seller State Asgn ID No.	Buyer Facility Type	Buyer State Asgn ID No.
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# **Drinking Water Bureau**

#### Links

**Water System Details** 

Water System Facilities

Water System No.: NM3511907

Federal Type: C

Sample Schedules

Water System
Name :

MESILLA PARK MANOR
WATER SYSTEM

State Type:

C

Principal County Served :

DONA ANA

Α

WATER SYSTEM

Primary

GW

Coliform Sample Results

.4....

Source:

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

Coliform Sample Summary Results Status:

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
ROGERS, PAT	null	OP	505-524- 2920	SUITE 15, 225 E. IDAHO AVE, LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available
ROGERS, DENNY	null	AC	505-524- 2920	Suite 15, 225 E. IDAHO, LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available

Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results

N Coliform Samples/Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

Violations/Enforcement Actions

Site Visits

Milestones

Annual Operating Periods & Population Served

Service Connections

Start Month				Population Type	Population Served
1	1	12	31	R	848

Туре	Count
СВ	298

#### **Sources of Water**

#### **Service Areas**

Name	Type Code	Status
WELL #1	WL	I
WELL #2	WL	A
WELL #3	WL	I
WELL #4	WL	Α

Code	Name
R	RESIDENTIAL
	AREA

#### Return Links

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map





Seller Water System Water Name System	Seller Water Type	Purchase Date	Seller Facility Type	Seller State Asgn ID No.	Buyer Facility Type	Buyer State Asgn ID
---------------------------------------	-------------------------	------------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------	---------------------------	---------------------------

No. No.



**Drinking Water Bureau** 

#### **Water System Details**

Water System Facilities

Water System No.: NM3513307

Federal Type: C

Sample Schedules

Water System Name:

MADRID MHP

State Type:

C

Coliform Sample

Results

Served:

DONA ANA

**Primary** Source:

GW

Status:

**Principal County** 

Α

**Activity Date:** 01-09-1986

Coliform Sample **Summary Results** 

Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results

Coliform Samples/Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

Violations/Enforcement Actions

Site Visits

Milestones

**Points of Contact** 

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
MADRID, PHILLIP	null	AC	505-524- 0790	4028 SAN YSIDRO RD Space #20, LAS CRUCES, NM-88007	Not Available
MADRID, PHILLIP	null	OP	505-524- 0790	4028 SAN YSIDRO RD Space #20, LAS CRUCES, NM-88007	Not Available
MADRID, PHILLIP	null	ow	505-524- 0790	4028 SAN YSIDRO RD Space #20, LAS CRUCES, NM-88007	Not Available

**Population** 

Served

72

# Return Links

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

**Sources of Water** 

**Annual Operating Periods & Population** 

Served

Type

R

Count Type CB 25

Service Connections

31

Start Start End End Population

12

Month Day Month Day

Name	Type Code	Status
WELL #1	WL	A
WELL #2	WL	I

**Service Areas** 

Code	Name
р	MOBILE HOME
K	PARK

	Seller							Buyer
1	Water	Water System	Seller	Purchase	Seller	Seller State	Buyer	State

1	1			l			ا سنا
System	Name	Water	Date	Facility	Asgn ID No.	Facility	Asgn ID
No.		Type		Type	,	Type	No.



SAN ANDRES ESTATES

Federal Type: C

**Primary** 

GW

Source:

Water System Facilities

Sample Schedules

Coliform Sample Results

Coliform Sample Summary Results

Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results

Coliform Samples/Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

Violations/Enforcement Actions

Site Visits

Milestones

Return Links

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

### **Drinking Water Bureau**

### **Water System Details**

Water System No.: NM3531207

**Water System** 

State Type:

**Principal County** DONA ANA

WATER SYSTEM

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

Served: Status:

Name:

A

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
ROGERS, PAT	null	ОР	505-524- 2920	SUITE 15, 225 E. IDAHO AVE, LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available
ROGERS, DENNY	null	AC	505-524- 2920	Suite 15, 225 E. IDAHO, LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available

#### **Annual Operating Periods & Population** Served

Service Connections

		End Month		Population Type	Population Served
1	1	12	31	R	741

Туре	Count
CB	260

#### **Sources of Water**

# **Service Areas**

Name	Type Code	Status
WELL #2	WL	Α
WELL #1	WL	Α
WELL #3	WL	A

Name
RESIDENTIAL
AREA



Water System Details

**Drinking Water Bureau** 

Water System Facilities

Sample Schedules

Coliform Sample Results

Coliform Sample Summary Results

Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results

N Coliform Samples/Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

Violations/Enforcement Actions

Site Visits

Milestones

Return Links

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Glary

Water System No.: NM3528707

Water System

Name:

**Principal County** 

Served:

Status :

11113326707

NEW MEXICO STATE UNIVERSITY

DONA ANA

Α

Federal Type: C

State Type :

Primary Source:

GW

C

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
BARELA, ALBERT	null	OP	505-642- 2122	804 South Rio Grande, LAS CRUCES, NM-88001	Not Available
BOLLSCHWEILER, DAVID	null	AC	505-646- 2101	PO BOX 30001 - MSC 3545, LAS CRUCES, NM-88003	Not Available

# Annual Operating Periods & Population Served

Start	Start	End	End	Population	<b>Population</b>
Month	Day	Month	Day	Type	Served
1	1	12	31	R	24302

#### Service Connections

Type	Count
CB	3000

#### **Sources of Water**

Name	Type Code	Status
WELL#1	WL	I
WELL #9	WL	I
WELL #10	WL	Α
WELL #14	WL	A
WELL #17	WL	A
WELL #16	WL	I

#### **Service Areas**

Code	Name
R	OTHER RESIDENTIAL
	AREA

#### **Water Purchases**

11

Seller Water	Water System	Seller	Purchase	Seller	Seller State	Buver	Buyer State
AAGICI	Water System	Center	i di citase	Cellel	Ocher State	Duyer	Juace

System	Name	Water	Date	Facility	Asgn ID No.	Facility	Asgn ID
No.		Type		Type		Type	No.



### **Drinking Water Bureau**

#### **Water System Details**

Water System Facilities

Sample Schedules

Coliform Sample

Results

Coliform Sample Summary Results

Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results

N Coliform Samples/Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

Violations/Enforcement Actions

Site Visits

Milestones

**Return Links** 

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Glary

Water System No.: NM3554107

**Water System** 

Name:

Principal County

Served:

Status :

141713337107

COUNTRY MOBILE MANOR

DONIA ANIA

DONA ANA

Α

Federal Type: C

State Type:

C

Primary Source:

GW

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
MORALES, GILBERT	null	OP	505-521- 7425	2682 LOS MISIONEROS, LAS CRUCES, NM-88011	Not Available
SCOGGIN, JERRY	null	null AC 505-524-4617		5501 SANTA GERTREUDIS DR, LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available
SCOGGIN, JERRY	null	ow	505-524- 4617	5501 SANTA GERTREUDIS DR, LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available

#### Annual Operating Periods & Population Served

Service Connections

Start Month				Population Type	Population Served
1	1	12	31	R	222

Туре	Count	
СВ	78	

#### **Sources of Water**

 Name
 Type Code
 Status

 WELL #1
 WL
 I

 WELL #2
 WL
 A

#### **Service Areas**

Code	Name
D	MOBILE HOME
K	PARK

#### Water Purchases

A

Buyer

Seller | | | |

WL

WELL #1A

Water System No. Water System Name	Seller Water Type	Purchase Date	Seller Facility Type	Seller State Asgn ID No.	Buyer Facility Type	State Asgn ID No.
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Water System Facilities

Sample Schedules

Coliform Sample Results

Coliform Sample Summary Results

Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results

N Coliform Samples/Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

Violations/Enforcement Actions

Site Visits

Milestones

#### Return Links

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

### Gleary

### Drinking Water Bureau

#### **Water System Details**

Water System No.: NM3554507

Water System

Name:

**Principal County** 

Served:

Status :

WATER SYSTEM

**FAIRVIEW ESTATES** 

DONA ANA

Α

Federal Type: C

State Type :

**Primary** 

Source :

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

GW

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
WILLIAMS, LT	null	ow	505-523- 2829	PO BOX 244, FAIRACRES, NM-88033	Not Available
WILLIAMS, LT	null	AC	505-523- 2829	PO BOX 244, FAIRACRES, NM-88033	Not Available
HERNANDEZ, JOSE	OPERATOR	ОР	505-642- 0218	PO Box 244, FAIRACRES, NM-88033	Not Available

# Annual Operating Periods & Population Served

Start	Start	End	End	Population	<b>Population</b>
Month	Day	Month	Day	Type	Served
1	1	12	31	R	152

### Service Connections

Type	Count
СВ	46

#### **Sources of Water**

# Name Type Code Status WELL #1 WL A WELL #2 WL A WELL #3 WL I

Code	Name
D	RESIDENTIAL
Κ	AREA

Service Areas

#### Water Purchases

13

Seller Water Water System System Name No.	Seller Water Type	Purchase Date	Seller Facility Type	Seller State Asgn ID No.	Buyer Facility Type	Buyer State Asgn ID No.
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### **Drinking Water Bureau**

#### Links

### **Water System Details**

Water System Facilities

Water System No.: NM3539307

Federal Type: C

Sample Schedules

Water System Name:

ALAMEDA ACRES MHP

State Type:

C

**Principal County** Served:

**DONA ANA** 

**Primary** Source:

GW

Coliform Sample Results

Status:

Α

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

Coliform Sample

## **Summary Results**

Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results

Coliform Samples/Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

Violations/Enforcement Actions

Site Visits

Milestones

**Points of Contact** 

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
HIGGINS, MAXWELL	null	ow	949-293- 5485	P.O. Box 74112, SAN CLEMENTE, CA-92673	Not Available
MEDRANO, MEGUEL	null	OP	505-523- 2703	230 Three Crosses Ave, LAS CRUICES, NM-88005	Not Available
KRULL, BOB		AC	505-523- 0282	230 THREE CROSSES AVE, LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available

#### **Annual Operating Periods & Population** Served

<u>Service</u>
<b>Connections</b>

Start Month				Population Type	Population Served
1	1	12	31	R	285

Туре	Count		
CB	100		

#### Return Links

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

#### **Sources of Water**

#### Type **Status** Name Code WELL #1 WL I WELL #2 WL A CONSECUTIVE I CC **CONNECTION #1**

Code	Name
R	MOBILE HOME PARK

**Service Areas** 

#### **Water Purchases**

Seller Seller Buyer **Buyer** 

Seller Water System No.	Water System Name	Water Type	Purchase Date	Facility Type	Seller State Asgn ID No.	Facility Type	State Asgn ID No.
NM3511707	LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER SYSTEM	GW		DS	11707000	CC	39307005



# **Drinking Water Bureau**

#### **Water System Details**

Sample Schedules

Coliform Sample

Results

Coliform Sample **Summary Results** 

Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results

Coliform Samples/Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

Violations/Enforcement Actions

Site Visits

Milestones

Return Links

Water System Facilities

Water System No.: NM3539807 **Water System** 

LAS CRUCES MOBILE **HOME PARK** 

Name: **Principal County** 

Served:

**DONA ANA** 

Α

Status:

Federal Type: C

**State Type:** 

**Primary** Source:

GW

C

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
STUART, RANDY		AC	505-526- 3924	PO BOX 194, FAIRACRES, NM-88033	Not Available
STUART, RANDY	·	ow	505-526- 3924	PO BOX 194, FAIRACRES, NM-88033	Not Available
ROBERTS, DORTHY		ОР	505-526- 3820	PO BOX 194, FAIRACRES, NM-88033	Not Available

#### **Annual Operating Periods & Population** Served

Start	Start	End	End	Population	<b>Population</b>
Month					Served
1	1	12	21	D	174

#### Service Connections

Туре	Count
СВ	61

#### **Sources of Water**

Name	Type Code	Status
WELL #1	WL	Α
WELL #2	WL	A

Code	Name
D	MOBILE HOME
K	D A D V

**Service Areas** 

#### County Map

Water Systems

Water System Search

Seller Water Water System System Name No.	Seller Water Type	Purchase Date	Seller Facility Type	Seller State Asgn ID No.	Buyer Facility Type	Buyer State Asgn ID No.
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## **Drinking Water Bureau**

#### Links

Water System Facilities

Sample Schedules

Coliform Sample

Results

Coliform Sample **Summary Results** 

Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results

Coliform Samples/Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

Violations/Enforcement Actions

Site Visits

Milestones

#### **Return Links**

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

#### **Water System Details**

Water System No.: NM3540007

Federal Type: C

Water System

Name:

ST JOHNS MHP

State Type:

**Principal County** 

Served:

**DONA ANA** 

**Primary** Source:

GW

Status:

Α

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
ST JOHN, EDWIN	null	ОР	505-526- 6290	SPACE 1, 31115 EL CAMINO REAL, LAS CRUCES, NM-88007	Not Available
ST JOHN, EDWIN	null	ow	505-526- 6290	SPACE 1, 31115 EL CAMINO REAL, LAS CRUCES, NM-88007	Not Available
ST. JOHN, EDWIN	null	AC	505-526- 6290	1114 Vilita Loop, LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available

#### **Annual Operating Periods & Population** Served

Service **Connections** 

		End Month		Population	Population Served
MOLITIE	Day	MOURI	Day	Type	Serveu
1	1	12	31	R	476

Type	Count
СВ	176

#### **Sources of Water**

**Service Areas** 

Name	Type Code	Status
WELL #1	WL	Α
WELL #2	WL	Α
WELL #3	WL	Α

Name
MOBILE HOME PARK

Seller Water Water System System Name No.	Seller Water Type	Purchase Date	Seller Facility Type	Seller State Asgn ID No.	Buyer Facility Type	Buyer State Asgn ID No
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# **Drinking Water Bureau**

#### **Water System Details**

Water System Facilities

Sample Schedules

Coliform Sample Results

Coliform Sample

Summary Results

Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results

Coliform Samples/Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

Violations/Enforcement Actions

Site Visits

Milestones

Return Links

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Water System No.: NM3540307

Water System

Name:

**Principal County** 

Served:

Status:

**COVERED WAGON** MOBILE HOME MANOR

**DONA ANA** 

Α

Federal Type: C

State Type: C

**Primary** 

**GW** Source:

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
MORALES, GILBERT	null	OP	505-521- 7425	2682 LOS MISIONEROS, LAS CRUCES, NM-88011	Not Available
SCOGGIN, JERRY	null	AC	505-524- 4617	5501 SANTA GERTREUDIS DR, LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available
SCOGGIN, JERRY	null	ow	505-524- 4617	5501 SANTA GERTREUDIS DR, LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available

#### **Annual Operating Periods & Population** Served

Service Connections

Start Month		l		Population Type	Population Served
1	1	12	31	R	100

Туре	Count	
СВ	41	

#### **Sources of Water**

Type **Status** Name Code WELL #1 WL

#### Code Name

MOBILE HOME

**PARK** 

**Service Areas** 

R

#### **Water Purchases**

18

									ı
	Seller		Seller		Seller		Buyer	Buver	ı
Ì	Water	Water System		Purchase		Saller State			ı
	TVACCI	water bystem	1 Marci	i di ciidase	i acinty	Ocher Otate	i active	Otate	i

System No.	Name	Туре	Date	Туре	Asgn ID No.	Type	Asgn ID No.
J NO.	1	1	1	}	J :	j '	J NO. J



## **Drinking Water Bureau**

#### Links

#### **Water System Details**

Water System Facilities

Water System No.: NM3541007

Federal Type: C

Sample Schedules

Water System Name:

RANCHO VISTA MHP

State Type:

**Principal County** 

**Primary** 

GW

Coliform Sample

Served:

**DONA ANA** 

Source:

Results

Status:

Α

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

#### Coliform Sample Summary Results

#### Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results



#### Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

Violations/Enforcement Actions

Site Visits

Milestones

# **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
THOMAS, LAURA	null	AC	505-527- 4833	715 E IDAHO SUITE 1F, LAS CRUCES, NM-88001	Not Available
ARELLANO, CARLOS		ОР	915-892- 8029	PO Box 1628, ANTHONY, NM-88021	Not Available

#### **Annual Operating Periods & Population** Served

<u>Servi</u>	<u>ce</u>
Connect	tions

		End End Month Day		Population Type	Population Served	
1	1	12	31	R	120	

Type	Count
CB	42

#### **Sources of Water**

#### **Service Areas**

Name	Type Code	Status
WELL #1	WL	Α
WATER METER	CC	I

Code	Name
R	MOBILE HOME
	PARK

#### **Return Links**

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Seller Water System No.	Water System Name	Seller Water Type	Purchase Date	Seller Facility Type	Seller State Asgn ID No.	Buyer Facility Type	Buyer State Asgn ID No.
NM3511707	LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL	GW		null	null	null	null

WATER			
SYSTEM			



Water System Facilities

Sample Schedules

Coliform Sample Results

Trobatto

Coliform Sample Summary Results

Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results

N Coliform Samples/Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

Violations/Enforcement Actions

Site Visits

Milestones

#### **Return Links**

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

### Geary

### **Drinking Water Bureau**

#### **Water System Details**

Water System No.: NM3577107

**Water System** 

Name:

**Principal County** 

Served:

Status :

HOLLY GARDEN MHP

DONA ANA

Α

Federal Type: C

State Type :

Primary Source :

GW

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
JOHNSON, DENNIS	null	ОР	505-541- 7403	850 Holly Drive, LAS CRUCES, NM-88007	Not Available
JOHNSON, DENNIS	null	AC	505-541- 7403	850 Holly Drive, LAS CRUCES, NM-88007	Not Available
AGUIRRE, FELIPE	null	ow	505-541- 7403	850 Holly Drive, LAS CRUCES, NM-88007	Not Available

# Annual Operating Periods & Population Served

	rt Start			Population Type	Population Served
1	1	12	31	R	311

	<u> 5er</u>	vice	<u>}</u>
Co	nne	ctic	ns

Туре	Count
CB	109

#### **Sources of Water**

# Name Type Code Status WELL #2 WL A WELL #1 WL I WATER METER CC I

#### **Service Areas**

Code	Name
R	MOBILE HOME PARK

Seller Water System No.	Water System Name	Seller Water Type	Purchase Date	Seller Facility Type	Seller State Asgn ID No.	Buyer Facility Type	Buyer State Asgn ID No.	2
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NM3511707 LAS CRUCES MUNICIPAL WATER SYSTEM	GW		null	null	null	null	
--	----	--	------	------	------	------	--



# **Water System Details**

**Drinking Water Bureau** 

Water System Facilities

Sample Schedules

Coliform Sample

Results

Coliform Sample Summary Results

Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results

Coliform Samples/Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

Violations/Enforcement Actions

Site Visits

Milestones

#### **Return Links**

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Water System No.: NM3555407

**Water System** 

Name:

**Principal County** 

Served:

Status:

WINTERHAVEN MDWC AND SWA

**DONA ANA** 

Α

Federal Type: C

State Type:

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

**Primary** Source:

GW

**Activity Date:** 06-01-1977

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Type	Phone	Address	Email
FLORES, R. Y.	null	AC	505-523- 5734	3414 WINTERHAVEN, LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available
MARTINEZ, SAL	null	ОР	505-523- 5734	3414 Winterhaven, LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available

#### **Annual Operating Periods & Population** Served

				Population	<b>Population</b>
Month	Day	Month	Day	Type	Served
1	4	10	2.1	D	163

#### **Service** Connections

Туре	Count
CB	57

#### **Sources of Water**

Name	Type Code	Status
WELL #1	WL	I
WELL #2	WL	Α

Code	Name	
R	RESIDENTIAL	
K	ADEA	

Service Areas

Seller Water V System No.	Water System Name	Seller Water Type	Purchase Date	Seller Facility Type	Seller State Asgn ID No.	Buyer Facility Type	Buyer State Asgn ID No.
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### **Drinking Water Bureau**

#### Links

Water System Facilities

Sample Schedules

Coliform Sample Results

Coliform Sample **Summary Results** 

Lead And Copper Sample Summary Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results

Non-Coliform Samples/Results by Analyte

Violations/Enforcement Actions

Site Visits

Milestones

#### **Return Links**

Water Systems

Water System Search

County Map

Glossary

#### **Water System Details**

**Water System** 

NM3592807

**Federal** Type:

NC

No.: Water System

Name:

**COACHLIGHT INN** 

State Type: NC

**Primary** 

GW

Principal County DONA ANA Served: Status:

Α

Source: Activity

06-01-1977

Date:

#### **Points of Contact**

Name	Job Title	Туре	Phone	Address	Email
MORALES, GILBERT	null	OP	575-521- 7425	2682 LOS MISIONEROS, LAS CRUCES, NM-88011	Not Available
SUNDAHL, PEGGY	null	AC	575-526- 3301	301 South Motel Blvd., LAS CRUCES, NM-88005	Not Available

#### **Annual Operating Periods & Population Served**

Service **Connections** 

Count

142

Type

CB

Start	Start	End	End	<b>Population</b>	<b>Population</b>
Month	Day	Month	Day	Туре	Served
1	1	12	31	T	100

#### **Sources of Water**

**Service Areas** 

Name	Type Code	Status
WELL #1	WL	Α

Code	Name
T	HOTEL/MOTEL

	I					ſ	
Seller	<u> </u>	Seller		Seller	Seller	Buyer	Buver
Motor	Motor Cyctom	Mator	1	l	6	, ,	,
Water	Water System	Water	Purchase	Facility	State	Facility	

# **REFERENCE 26**



# U.S. Census Bureau American FactFinder



#### Dona Ana County, New Mexico

2006 American Community Survey Data Profile Highlights:

NOTE. Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Social Characteristics - show more >>	Estimate	Percent	U.S.	Margin of Error
Average household size Average family size	2.81 3.36	(X) (X)	2.61 3.20	+/-0.06 +/-0.11
Population 25 years and over High school graduate or higher Bachelor's degree or higher	113,002 (X) (X)	73.8 24.9	84.1% 27.0%	+/-857 (X) (X)
Civilian veterans (civilian population 18 years and over)	13,967	10.1	10.4%	+/-1,857
Disability status (population 5 years and over) Foreign born	24,033 38,938	13.8 20.1	15.1% 12.5%	+/-2,298 +/-3,986
Male, Now married, except separated (population 15 years and over)	37,132	51.5	52.4%	+/-2,102
Female, Now married, except separated (population 15 years and over)	35,585	47.1	48.4%	+/-2,516
Speak a language other than English at home (population 5 years and over)	100,841	56.8	19.7%	+/-3,561
Household population Group quarters population	188,517 (X)	(X)	(X)	+/-221 (X)
Economic Characteristics - show more >>	Estimate	Percent	U.S.	Margin of Error
In labor force (population 16 years and over)	88,709	61.4	65.0%	+/-2,532
Mean travel time to work in minutes (workers 16 years and over)	19.2	(X)	25.0	+/-1.1
Median household income (in 2006 inflationadjusted dollars)	33,952	(X)	48,451	+/-3,031
Median family income (in 2006 inflation-adjusted dollars)	39,455	(X)	58,526	+/-3,256
Per capita income (in 2006 inflation-adjusted dollars)	15,859	(X)	25,267	+/-898
Families below poverty level Individuals below poverty level	(X) (X)	20.2 24.4	9.8% 13.3%	(X) (X)
Housing Characteristics - show more >>	Estimate	Percent	U.S.	Margin of Error
Total housing units Occupied housing units	74,661 67,125	89.9	88.4%	+/-92 +/-1,537
Owner-occupied housing units	42,887	63.9	67.3%	+/-2,053
Renter-occupied housing units	24,238	36.1	32.7%	+/-1,943
Vacant housing units	7,536	10.1	11.6%	+/-1,538 +/-2,053
Owner-occupied homes Median value (dollars) Median of selected monthly owner costs	42,887 117,100	(X)	185,200	+/-2,055 +/-10,206
With a mortgage (dollars) Not mortgaged (dollars)	944 297	(X) (X)	1,402 399	+/-39 +/-22
ACS Demographic Estimates - show more >>	Estimate	Percent	U.S.	Margin of Error
Total population	193,888 95,468	49.2	49.2%	***** +/-558
ale Female	95,468 98,420	50.8	50.8%	+/-558
Median age (years)	30.7	(X)	36.4	+/-0.4
Under 5 years	16,388	8.5	6.8%	+/-227
18 years and over 65 years and over	138,616 22,313	71.5 11.5	75.4% 12.4%	+/-733 +/-337

One race	191,207	98.6	98.0%	+/-1,142
White	165,604	85.4	73.9%	+/-3,712
Black or African American	4,205	2.2	12.4%	+/-803
American Indian and Alaska Native	2,365	1.2	0.8%	+/-491
Asian	2,095	1.1	4.4%	+/-811
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	58	0.0	0.1%	+/-96
Some other race	16,880	8.7	6.3%	+/-2,882
Two or more races	2,681	1.4	2.0%	+/-1,142
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	126,102	65.0	14.8%	****

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey

The letters PDF or symbol indicate a document is in the Portable Document Format (PDF). To view the file you will need the Adobe® Acrobat® Reader, which is available for **free** from the Adobe web site.

Explanation of Symbols:

\*\*\*\*\* - The median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\* - The estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

\*N' - Data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;(X)' - The value is not applicable or not available.

# **REFERENCE 27**

Regional Water
Planning for the
Lower Rio Grande
Region of
New Mexico



Planning for Current and Future Water Needs

The following is a brief synopsis of the five areas covered in the Doña Ana Regional Water Plan.

- Analysis of the Surface and Groundwater Supply Available to the Region
- Demographic Analysis
- Population
   Projections to 2040
- Current Water
   Use and Project
   Water Demand
- Strategies for Future Management of the Region's Water.



## ANALYSIS OF THE SURFACE AND GROUNDWATER SUPPLY AVAILABLE TO THE REGION

The average annual precipitation in the Las Cruces area is approximately 8.49 inches. More than one half the annual precipitation occurs during the summer months, particularly in the period between July and September. There are several drainage basins within the planning region. Upland watersheds drain to the basins in the direction of the Rio Grande. Few actually reach the river, the majority 'dead-end' into the sandy bottoms of the main drainage basins.

The Rio Grande is the sole perennial surface water source and the primary source of surface water in the planning region. The Rio Grande flows through a valley that is part of a narrow structural depression. The Rio Grande Project (constructed in the early 1900's) developed all the remaining flows of the Rio Grande and its tributaries from Elephant Butte Reservoir to Fort Quitman, Texas. Within the planning region, the Elephant Butte Irrigation District (EBID) administers the Project. The volume of surface runoff is included in identification of available surface water resources for the Rio Grande.

The National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) regulated by the New Mexico Environmental Department (NMED) Surface Water Bureau indicate that permits have been issued to six municipal and other wastewater treatment plants/systems along the Rio Grande. Hatch, Las Cruces, Gadsden ISD, Anthony, Santa Teresa, and Sunland Park hold permits from the NMED and NPDES. Treated wastewater is required to conform to the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulatory standards. The total permitted discharge of approximately 19.1 MGD from the six plants, which represents a return flow of approximately fifty-nine acrefeet per day of treated wastewater to the Rio Grande.

The NMED Groundwater Division has issued groundwater discharge permits to commercial and industrial entities in the planning region. The majority of industries with groundwater discharge permits are diary, food processing facilities, or rural smaller industrial/ commercial operations. These permit holders are allowed to store their wastewater in lined ponds, to utilize land-application and/or discharge to septic systems. Dona Ana County also operates a septage disposal facility in Mesquite, consisting of lined evaporation basins. These discharges do not directly discharge into the Rio Grande, or any canals or drains. Therefore, they do not directly impact the available surface water supplies within the Rio Grande.

Within the planning region there are no major storage reservoirs. The City of Las Cruces maintains Burn Lake (recreational), which is fed via irrigation and irrigation drain water. Stormwater runoff from west central sections of Las Cruces also drain into Burn Lake. The approximate capacity of this recreational facility is 390 acre-feet. Storm water dam facilities are also located within the planning region, but are only designed as detention facilities, and therefore do not maintain a permanent pool behind them.

Recent studies within the planning region indicate that there is a link between the surface water system of the Rio Grande and the groundwater supplies. Agriculture provides the major source of groundwater recharge in the plan area, in return the aquifer provides water to the river under certain conditions. Issues which affect the relations between the surface water sources and the underlying shallow aquifer include irrigation practices, weather and precipitation patterns, releases of water from the Caballo Reservoir upstream, and well pumping rates.

Agriculture is the dominant use of land within the Rincon and Mesilla Valley. Irrigation consumes the largest amount of water. Major crops include cotton, pecans, alfalfa, cereal grains, and vegetables. The EBID distributes irrigation waters from the Rio Grande for the Mesilla Valley. Groundwater is also used to supplement surface water where needed. Annual groundwater withdrawals for irrigation, municipal, industrial and domestic wells vary depending on the amount of surface irrigation water available from the river.

# The four-groundwater basins in the planning region include:

- Jornada del Muerto
- Mesilla Basin
- Hueco Bolson
- Rincon Valley Basin

MESILLA BASIN is an important hydrologic basin for economic development in southern New Mexico. The Mesilla Basin occupies the central portion of Dona Ana County, covering approximately 1,110 square miles. The main aquifers of the Mesilla Basin consist of the Rio Grande deposits and the Santa Fe group basin-fill. Water levels in the Mesilla Basin range from 10 feet below ground level (bgl) near the Rio Grande to 300 feet or more bgl the western and east-central part of the basin. Groundwater flow in the Mesilla Basin is generally to the southeast, parallel to the trend of the Rio Grande with groundwater flowing from higher elevations to lower elevations. Natural discharge from the Mesilla Basin occurs near the El Paso Narrows. The majority of groundwater is discharged as drain flow and evaporation. Groundwater recharge in the Mesilla Basin occurs along arroyos during precipitation events. This process is known as 'slope-front recharge'. Recharge also occurs from the Rio Grande and associated irrigation canals. According to previous studies there are approximately 20 million acre-feet of freshwater and 2.7 million acre-feet of slightly saline water available for pumping in the Mesilla Basin.

JORNADA DEL MUERTO lies between the San Andres Mountains to the east and Caballo, San Diego, and Dona Ana Mountains, and the Mesilla Basin to the west. Water levels in the Jornada del Muerto Basin range from 50 to over 500 feet bgl. The direction of groundwater flow in the Jornada Basin is west to southwest towards the Rio Grande Valley. Natural discharge

# The two broad water demand categories in Doña Ana County are:

- The use of surface water supply developed under the US Bureau of Reclamation Rio Grande Project; and
- The use of regional groundwater supply as developed by private individuals, industrialcommercial interests, semi-public entities, and municipalities.

#### **CURRENT WATER USE AND PROJECT WATER DEMAND**

During the periods of low river flow when releases are not being made from Elephant Butte Reservoir, the Rio Grande gains base-flow from the surrounding shallow aquifers. All surface water demands for irrigation under the EBID are met by water delivered by EBID. Water releases are from storage in Elephant Butte and Caballo Reservoirs located 30 miles north of the Region in Sierra County. However, not all releases from these reservoirs are used in the region. Some of the water is lost due to evaporation, and forty-three percent is committed to the El Paso County Water Improvement District No. 1 (EPCWID) in Texas. The consumptive use of the surface

water supply available to New Mexico from Elephant Butte Reservoir is currently allocated exclusively for irrigated agriculture. There is also the non-consumptive use of the Reservoir water for power generation. A significant amount of consumptive water use is associated with the maintenance of the non-beneficial vegetation that grows along ditches and drains maintained by EBID and in the bosque areas.

Adjudication of water rights in the Lower Rio Grande began in 1986, but no final date has been set for the completion. The adjudication will determine how much groundwater can be pumped without affecting senior surface water rights.

The main source of surface water in the planning region is from flows stored he Elephant Butte Reservoir. This reservoir is the basic storage unit for the Grande Project established in 1906 to provide irrigation water to farms in texas and New Mexico by capturing flood-flows and storing them in the Reservoir.

The Rio Grande Project was also established to ensure that the United States could deliver water to Mexico. The 1906 Treaty negotiated with Mexico required 60,000 acre-feet of water to be delivered to Mexico at the Acequia Madre. The United States has been able to deliver this amount in most years, however the amount is sometimes reduced during periods of short supply from the Elephant Butte Reservoir.

Colorado, Texas and New Mexico entered into an interstate compact that divided the supply of the Rio Grande between the three states by providing a sliding scale delivery system. New Mexico's deliveries at Elephant Butte were to the Rio Grande Project. It did include deliveries to Mexico. The compact also contains provisions on volumes of water to be released from storage under certain circumstances.

The Rio Grande Project lands, canal system, drains and diversion dams are located on a narrow 150-mile river reach of the Rio Grande from Elephant Butte Reservoir to the southern line of El Paso County and these facilities are adequate to meet current demands.

Prior to the start of the irrigation season each year, the EBID announces the anticipated allocations to District farmers in terms of acre-feet per acre. The irrigation District must limit diversions at Perchas, Leasburg and Mesilla dams based on the storage available for release in Elephant Butte and Caballo reservoirs. The district must ensure that sufficient water will be available to provide equity to Texas irrigators and to make deliveries to Mexico. At the end of the water year, if there is unused water, it is allowed to remain in storage for reallocation the following year.

Irrigation water demands in the District are based on crop consumptive use crop evapo-transpiration. Factors that affect demand for water in the District include the cropping patterns and associated length of the growing seasons, the weather and the effective rainfall for each crop. In making farm deliveries, the District does not differentiate between crops, but distributes the annual allotment pro-rated for the 90,640 acres on its Assessment Roll depending on the Project water supply available.

Ground water is used in all categories of demands, in the region including irrigation, which represents the largest source of demand followed by municipal requirements and by small public water supplies.

Water demands for public water supplies include those exerted by water utilities, both publicly or privately owned, and that have at least 15 service connections, or that regularly serve an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Most of the public water supplies in the planning region serve a relatively small number of connections where uses are limited to household and garden purposes. Public water supplies also provide water for parks, playing fields, golf courses and recreational activities.

Domestic wells serve single family or multiple housing units as long as the total demand does not exceed 3 acre-feet per year. If more

#### Today there are eight categories of water use. These categories include:

- · Public water supply
- Domestic Use
- Industrial
- Commercial
- Irrigated Agriculture
- Livestock
- Mining
- Power

than 25 occupants are served, the supply would be classified as a public water system. Water from domestic wells is used for drinking, food preparations, bathing, washing clothes and dishes, flushing toilets and watering lawns and gardens

Industrial uses of water are met by diversions from groundwater. The Office of the State Engineer (OSE) identifies twenty-five industrial wells in the region with a total use of approximately 77-acre feet per year.

Commercial uses within the planning region include agricultural product processing, institutions, businesses, campgrounds, picnic areas and visitor centers. The total for industrial and commercial uses listed in 1997 was approximately 6,000 acre-feet per year.

Irrigated agriculture uses ground water to process agricultural products, to clean facilities and to provide cooling water. The OSE lists 1,738 wells in the region used for irrigation.

Wells
used for
irrigation
purposes
fall under
three
categories:

- Wells that provide supplemental water to EBID lands during years when a full surface supply is not provided
- Wells that are in current use to provide additional irrigation water beyond that available from the EBID, even in years of full supply.
- Wells that are used for crops where groundwater is the only source of supply.

Livestock demands in the planning region depend on groundwater. Demands for the livestock is approximately 4,500-acre feet per year. OSE lists one hundred and forty wells in the planning region as sources of water for livestock. Only one percent of water for livestock is obtained from surface water.

Mining in the planning region includes sand and gravel operations, rock quarries and the mining of volcanic materials. Groundwater demand for mining activities is approximately 66 acre-feet per year. According to OSE 60 wells serve the mining demands.

There is one power generation facility in Dona Ana County and it is owned and operated by El Paso Electric. The power generation facility is located near Sunland Park, in the southern part of the County. The water requirement for the power generation is approximately 3,500 acre-feet per year. Water demand for cooling water is approximately 2,400 acre-feet per year.

Per capita water withdrawal rates vary from just over 70 gallons per capita per day (gpcd) to 255 gpcd. Over inflated water use figures for the White Sands Missile Range water system is due to the influx of non-resident populations during the working hours. The average person in the planning region consumes 182 gallons per day.

# **REFERENCE 28**

#### Flooding Frequency Class—Dona Ana County Area, New Mexico (1800-1900 North Main Street, Las Cruces, New Mexico)



USDA

Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soll Survey 2.0 National Cooperative Soll Survey 4/10/2008 Page 1 of 4

#### Flooding Frequency Class-Dona Ana County Area, New Mexico (1800-1900 North Main Street, Las Cruces, New Mexico)

MAP	LEGEND	MAP INFORMATION
Soils	vea of Interest (AOI)	Original sell survey map sheets were prepared at publication scale. Viewing scale and printing scale, however, may vary from the original. Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for proper map measurements.
Soll Railing	ikoli Mžap-Limižs ps. , kome	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: http://websollsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: UTM Zone 13N
	resy Rare Rare	This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.
	Occasional Frequent	Soil Survey Area: Dona Ana County Area, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 6, Jan 28, 2007 Daže(s) aerial images were photographed: 10/6/1996
Political Feat	Very Frægsent Søres	The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background
	CE:s	imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some ininor shighing of map unit boundaries may be evident.
₩aler Featur	Jithan Areas ras	
<b></b>	Domana Streams and Canals	
Transportati		
•	Rans	
	rientale Highways J8 Routes	
- <del></del>	Sale Highways	
	ocal Reads	
<b>2</b>	Ditter Roads	

#### **Flooding Frequency Class**

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Ad	Adelino sandy clay loam	None	1.1	0.5%
Ax	Armijo clay	None	5.9	2.5%
Bf	Belen clay loam	None	17.9	7.4%
Bg	Belen clay	None	7.4	3.1%
Bm	Bluepoint loamy sand, 1 to 5 percent slopes	None	66.8	27.7%
Gf	Glendale clay loam	None	101.4	42.1%
Pa	Pajarito fine sandy loam	None	40.4	16.8%

#### **Description**

Flooding is the temporary inundation of an area caused by overflowing streams, by runoff from adjacent slopes, or by tides. Water standing for short periods after rainfall or snowmelt is not considered flooding, and water standing in swamps and marshes is considered ponding rather than flooding.

Frequency is expressed as none, very rare, rare, occasional, frequent, and very frequent.

"None" means that flooding is not probable. The chance of flooding is nearly 0 percent in any year. Flooding occurs less than once in 500 years.

"Very rare" means that flooding is very unlikely but possible under extremely unusual weather conditions. The chance of flooding is less than 1 percent in any

"Rare" means that flooding is unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions. The chance of flooding is 1 to 5 percent in any year.

"Occasional" means that flooding occurs infrequently under normal weather conditions. The chance of flooding is 5 to 50 percent in any year.

"Frequent" means that flooding is likely to occur often under normal weather conditions. The chance of flooding is more than 50 percent in any year but is less than 50 percent in all months in any year.

"Very frequent" means that flooding is likely to occur very often under normal weather conditions. The chance of flooding is more than 50 percent in all months of any year.

#### **Rating Options**

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: More Frequent

Beginning Month: January Ending Month: December

